THE SPANISH

ROGUE,

Or, The Life of

GUZMAN de ALFARACHE.

Giving an Exact Account of all his Witty and Unparalel'd

ROGUERIES.

In two Parts.

Jball live; he is become agen
A new-born Caveat to all living Men;
That some whose Candles leading them amiss
from his.
May mend their ways, by fetching light

Entered According to Order.

LONDON,
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The Spanish

ROGUE.

OR,

The first part of the Life of GUSMAN de ALFARANCHE

CHAPTER I.

Gusman declareth his descent, and who was

Y contradiction touching the recover to my Parent procure me a thousand

precept

But I endeavour not by laying open the weaknemy Ancestors, to hide my own; knowing it is Birth of vile and base thoughts, to seek to grathemselves, by disgracing others. My Fathelife was so well known, and all that he did so maisest to the World, that to deny it were meer for ly; there being besides a sort of Men, that who matter is offered suitable to their purpose, will less some a Pyramis of Egypt, and make a Gnat an Elephant. Therefore I am perswaded I shall do then a more remarkable courtesse in expressing the pure and naked Truth.

First then, take notice that my Father, and kindred, were a kind of upstart Gentlemen, the

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came out of the Levent, who having no certain refidence, came at length to fettle in Genoa; his Traffick and gain by which he maintained himself, was according to the common Cultom of that Country, namely Ufury, Money-banks, and profitable Exchange of Gold and Silver. But bad Fortune found him out wherefoever he went. A partner of his in Sevill, being broken and turned Bank-rupt, ran away, and carryed with him great fums of money that were his; he purfued him, as well to recover fo great a loss, as to fettle some other business did much concern him. The ship he went in, was fet upon and taken, by some Alger Men of War; and he, together with the rest were made Captives; where fearing he should never purchase his liberty, and desparing of procureing his monies, for quietness sake, he fairly renounced his Religion and turned Turk. There he Married a Moor, a Woman of a perfect Beauty, and principal rank. In the interim. my Fathers partner willing to fecure himfelf trom Atter-claps, and to live out of danger, laboured to take order with his Creditors, and compound for his Debts; this news came to my Father's Far. and he purposed to come away with all the fecrecy and diligence he could possible: And the better to receive the Moor his Wife he told her he would employ himself in matters of Merchandize, which would turn much to his profit; he made money of most that he had, and putting it into Chekines (a certain Coyn made of fine Barbary Gold) taking with him all the Jewels he could Finger, leaving her alone, and very poor, he posted away privately, reduceing himself to the Faith of Jesus Christ, repenting for his Apostacy with Tears. After he had performed some favourable penance inflicted on him, he endeayou'red the recovery of his Debts. And this was the chief cause why he was never afterwards trusted.

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nor would his Neighbours have any charitable opinion of him, were his works never so good, saying as they have often since to me, Once a Knave and ever a Knave. Nam qui semel est, semper prasumitur esse mulus; for he that hath once been Naught, is presumed to be so still; and that he will never get out of the Path of Wickedness, that hath

once made it his common Walk.

That I might not make a further discovery of my Father's qualities, I could willingly filence my thoughts: But I will in this follow the Philosopher's Counsel, Amicus Plato. Sed magis amica veritas: Hato is my Friend, but the Truth more: My Father for his Apostacy, was Experehended and Imprifoned, altho' there were sufficient proofs and Evidences brought against him; and such Suspicions to induce belief, as might have procured him an infangui Reward; yet because he was Rich, and (as some h), for that he had an Alcade to his Father, and a Notary to his Goffip, he by that means came off, and was Acquitted. (Having performed his Penance) he came to Sevil to recover his Debt; but in vain had been all his endeavours, had he not fairly cleared himfelf of being a Renegado: Means were used on both fides, composition offered, but not accepted; the one is as unwilling to pay, as the other to loofe: Of the fpilt water, he gathered up as much as he could, and was once more Master of a plentiful Fortune: He built him a handsome House, and sought to plant and fettle himself in those parts, by his purchase of free Land; he had a Garden in San Juan Alfarache, of much Recreation and Pleasure, especially in the Summer-time, and Cituate about half a League from Sevil. It happened that the Merchants made a Burfe at the Stairs of the great Church, for their more convenient meeting (like that of Saint Telipe at Madrid) with a Place to walk in, girt in with Maible

Marble Pillars and ftrong Chains of Iron, to feparate it from the open Street; my Father walking there with other Merchants, there chanced a Christening to pass by, and as report went, this Child. was faid to be the fecret Son, or (to fpeak plain English) Bastard-Son to a Person that shall be nameless; my Father followed in the reer of the Troop, and passed to the very Font to view my Mother, who with a certain old Knight (that lived by the Rents of the Church, to maintain the honour of his Order) were Partners in this Ceremony. She was a lively Wench, her carriage gracefull, and full of courtefie, herfelt young, beautiful, discreet, and of good behaviour. He earnestly beheld her all the time the exercise of that Sacrament permitted him; the fair Creature could not but take notice of my Father's greedy Eyeing of her, and did rejoice therein, there ing no Women of what rank foever, but delights to be courted, their Eyes being their Interpreters, though their Tongues were filent, spake plain (yet Amorous language) to each other: For Souls on fuch occasions will not admit of Masks. At this time there passed no more betwixt them, only my Father

came to know that she was that Knight's Lady of Pleasure; of her he was very zealous, and so tenderly affected, that he hardly fuffered her out of his fight. The Gentlewoman went directly to her House. and left my Father very disconsolate: And unless The went forth to Mass upon solemn Feast days, notwithstanding his Extraordinary diligence, he could-

never have the Honour of her Sight.

Continuance crowneth our Actions, and fledfaft perseverance seldome fails of Victory. My Father used for his purpose the affistance of a good old Beldame, an honest Baud, one of my charitable Aunts: This old Sinner was by him Courted with words, and Rewarded with money, to pass and repass with

Papers; this mother of Mischief acted so well her part, that her diligence meeting in a happy conun cture with the forwardness of my Mother's will, the adding more Fuel to the fire, of a little light Stubble in a short time raised a great slame. My Mother (as I faid) was a discreet Woman; but not al waies in one mind, the was fometimes on, fometimes off. Whom will not Silver win? Whom will not Gold corrupt? This Knight was by fifteen years Older then my Father, much subject to Spitting, Spawling, and Coughing; he was troubled with the Stone, Sharpness of his Urine, and other the like infirmities; besides, in her bed she had often seen him, and he appeared not to be the Man my Father promised to be; he had not that Vigor, Liveliness, nor that beauty of Shape and Proportion; and indeed this is a certain Truth, that long Acquaintance and much Conversation (where the fear of God is not) breeds contempt and loathfomeness at the last. Novelties please all, especially Women; she was resolved to have forsaken the Old Knight, and que-Prioniefs had done fo, if her Pension had not restrained her; the lofs of it did fomewhat perplex her who otherwise had been very willing: For that Lesson my Father Read but once unto her, the Devil Repeated ten times over; fo that it was now no great matter to win Troy, there was likelihood to take it in less then ten years. She consulted of divers ways to answer the greedy Expectations of my Father; at laft he had recourse to her Baudy Embaffadress concerning the manner how, and the time when: But finding it impossible to effect her defire in her own House, among many other shifts, witty devices, and strange Plots which they used for the better fuccess in her Business; they made choice of this which followeth.

The Spring had fo far advanced itself, that May

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was in its ending, and the Summer was now taking its entrance. The City of Gelves, and that of San Juan de Alfarache are now the sweetest and most pleasant of all that Bordring Territory, besides the goodness of the Soil, which that River of Guadalquiber makes the more Famous, fo Excellently fet forth with curious Shaddow-cafting-trees, beautified with Bowers, accompanied with Silver Streams, clear Springs, and fuch delightful Shades, that the beams of the Sun are oft-times denied entrance at one of these retiring Rooms of Recreation. My Mother agreed with her Sine gua non, and some of the People at her House to make Merry. The race whither they were to go, was not that, of which my Father was owner, but was beyond it, nearer unto Gelves: Yet perforce they must pass by our door. The agreement concluded betwirt them. Just about the time she came near unto our Garden-Gate, my Mother began presently to complain of a suddain and grievous pain in her Stomach, Imputing the cause to the coldness of the Morning and the freshness of the Weather. She seigned such extreamities of Torture, made fuch pitiful Faces, and woful Gestures, holding her hands as hard as possible she could upon her Belly; then would she let them loose again and clasp them together, wringing each finger through anguish of pain, so that she was taken down from her Sardivian, or little Afs: She fell to unlacing herfelf, fainting as if the were ready to fwoon, that all which were about her (except those which were privie to the Plot) had a compassionate feeling of her Affliction; nay fome did melt into tears, and believed her mightily tormented. Divers Paffengers in the interim paffed by, and every one proposed his Remedy; so-many Men, so-many Medicines. To go back into the City it was impossible; to go forward, dangerous; and to abide thus in the High-

High-way, not commodious. Her Fits encreafed, and amazed all the Spectators. At last, one (who was laid there for the purpose) breaks in amongst them, and in the press cries, Room, for the Passion of God, make way there, stand further off; you stifle her for want of Air; it were cruelty not to feek her eafe, and a thousand pities so sweet a Creature should be cast away for want of ease. Come, let us take her into our Arms, and put her into this Garden-house which is hard by, in this case we must be content to take that which comes next to hand. All approved what he faid, his motion was applau. ded, and it was concluded that until her Fits were overpast, they should demand leave of those that kept the House to give her entrance, not doubting but she would be much the better if they could be To happy as to get her in the doors; they knockt hard and thick (as Men used to do when they are in haft) the good woman feeming to suppose it was her Mafter, faid talking to herfelf as she came, O good God! Is it you Mafter? I pray Sir be not angry that I came no fooner. This and the like Excuses, her unprofitable Chaps mumbled to herself. This old Hagg knew very well what part she was to act, and seemed to cry No chero no Sabo: Yet was The a diffembling crafty old Baud, one that had her Lesson before hand, and received her instructions from my Father. My good Old woman had by this time opened the Gate, and full of dissimulation, she thus fets upon them: What a stir, what a knocking is here! The Devil take you all, let me know your mind, for I may not stand Idle here. Then the old Knight Answered good woman, I pray afford some place in your House where this Gentlewoman may rest herself; for a grievous pain in her Stomach hath befallen her upon the Way. The old Beldame feemed to relent at this Relation, and in her ruftick manner

manner forrowfully replied, now a Mischief on all fuchill luck, Come in I pray in God's Name, for all the House is at your Service: She entreated them to conduct the Gentlewoman into the House; she brought them into a Low Room, in which were certain Mattresses; this she presently unfolded, opens a Cheft, and takes out a pair of Sheets, a fair Quilt, and a couple of Pillows, wherewith she dressed up a Bed. My Mother in this her pitiful pain, put off her Cloaths; went to bed, and still called for warm Cloaths which being brought unto her, faining she laid them to her Belly, the thrust them lower beneath her Knees, and some-what a part from her, fearing they might cause some alterations in her Body: With the help of these warm Napkins she found her felf much eased, and diffembled a defire to Sleep.

The poor old Knight, whose chiefest joy consisted in giving her content, was (honest Cuckold) won-derful glad, leaving her alone in her naked bed; and having made fast the Door that none might disturb her repose, he went to recreate himself in those Gardens belonging to the House, charging the People to make no noise, injoyning all to silence, and not to open the Door without his order. Father in the mean time was not affeep, but peeping thro' the Key-hole of a close Closet, whither he had retired himfelf, till he could take advantage to fally forth and furprize that defired Fort, which he had fo long fince fubtilly undermined: when all was quiet, and that her own Nurse that came with her. and the other old Baud of the House stood like two Sentinels upon their watch, ready upon all occasions to give quick advice by a fecret fign, when the Knight should make head that way; then did my Father iffue out at the postern or little back-door of his, that he might fee and confer with his Miffres; and at that very infiant did her feigned Pangs ceafe,

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and those truer ones of love began to manifest themselves. In this swelling kind of sport, they contsnued two long hours, two years being not sufficient to express those passages that were betwixt these two

new lovers in this their merry fit.

Now the day grew very hot, which forced the Knight to make his retreat towards the house; which he did the more willingly, out of the defire he had to visit his fick Saint: upon his approach the Sentinels shot off a warning peace; and my Father with great forrow of heart forfook the fort where he had fet up his Standard; and retired back to his Court of Guard, shutting himself up close where he was before. Upon the entering in of her old Gallant, she leemed to be fast asleep. and was awakned by the noise hetmade; and with a bended brow and angry look, with coyness of Language she turned away from him, pitying as it were, and bemoaning her Jelf: Ah me! God help me, Why (alass) have they opened the door fo quickly? I thought you of all others would not have put me out of fo fweet a flumber. But 'tis no matter, I shall one day; and with that she sighed and stoped, as if she would proceed; studying more to amaze him then declare her felf. The old Knight, this patient piece of lefh, gently made answer: By those eyes of thine, the stars I adore, I did not think to wake thee: It grieves me, I have done thee that wrong; yet haft thou flept full two hours. Two hours? (replyed my mother) no nor half an hour, methinks it is but even now that I began to shut my eyes, and in all my life Inever had so quiet and contented a slumber for that little while it lasted (nor did she lye in that, for she gulled him with truth.) She much commended the remedy was administred, telling them she held her life by their courtesie. Her Knight rejoyced to see her so well recovered; and by consent of both parties they

they agreed to celebrate their Feast there, for that Garden was no less pleasant then their own. And whilst dinner was preparing, my father found fit opportunity to get out at the other gate, and to return back to Sevil, where every hour was a thoufand years, a moment an age, and his absence from his new love a prefent Hell. When the Sun was in declining, he mounted upon his Gennet, as if it had been but his ordinary walk, he came to visit this his House, wherein he found these gallants; he bad them welcome, telling them he was glad to fee them there, only he was forry for the mithap which caused their stay: for so soon as he came, they told him all that had past. My Father made them many discreet and fair offers, and there was a great league of Friendship professed and confirmed betwixt them in publick, but a stricter tye in secret between my Father and his Mistress: The conversation went forward, Cards are called for, the Game Primera, at three hands; my Mother got the money, my Father being willing to lofe to her. Towards night they left play, and go into the Garden after supper, a Barge is made ready, decked with flags and green boughs, and being launched into the chanel, they might here from other revels which passed upon the River, several Conforts of curious Musick: being come into the City, they landed and took their leaves, every one going to his own home.

My Father's contemplative parts was so full of fancies, he could not rest; my Mother also sull of musing and thoughtfull Love: she was an Andaluz, born in the Town of Sevill, and bred in that school where she proved a good proficient, and with great Art performed her Exercise for the degree of a Whore. The good old Knight (as formerly you have heard) was an ancient man, and of a feeble body; My Mother young and fair, and full of wit, and

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knew fo well how to provoke his appetite upon all occasions, that his disorder opened the door to his death: for the old Lad by Over-doing himself, haftened his own end; first his Stomack began to fail him, then he was taken with a pain in the head, after that followed the burning Feaver, which in a little time put a period to his dayes: he left in the house many kinsmen when he dyed. Indeed the Gentleman had very little comfort in this life, and at the time of his death, they on the one fide, and my Mother on the other, whilst the breath was yet in his body, pulled the linnen from under him; leaving him a Soul in his body, but not a sheet in his bed. So that the facking of Antwerp (which for the cruelty thereof is grown into a proverb) was not fo rigorous nor half so inhumane as this, After this, my Mother found the way to put her hands there where her heart was long before, and falls to fingering his money. She had all his goods of worth in her keeping under lock and key; and being in danger The thought it better to steal then beg; and on both fides they were so nimble, that there was scarce enough left to bury him. Some few days after, great diligence was used to make these goods appear. Excommunications were fet up upon the Churches and mens doors, by that means intending to make purloyners bring in the goods; but all to no purpose, for he that steals, seldom teturns to make restitution. My good Mother made this excufe, faying, That the Knight (God be with him) would tell her when he brought money into the house, or perused his Coffers or Cabinets; This is thine (fweetheart) it is all for you: fo the Lawyers were of opinion, that with this she might very well Tatisfie her conscience. Besides, they affirmed it was due debt; for though it was not lawful for her to play the Whore, yet she might by Law have whatwhatfoever was promifed her for the use of her

body.

But I return from whence I have digreffed: for my Mother looks for me. She was dearly beloved by this her fecond owner; and in this change and alteration of things, I was between three and four years old: the was fo well learned in her art, that by the rules and reckonings of her Feminine knowledge, I had two Fathers, both of them did acknowledge me to be their fon: The one faid I was his, fo did the other. When the Knight was alone, my Mother would tell him that I was as like him, as if I had been spit out of his mouth; when again she talked with my Father, she would swear I was his alter ego, and that two Eggs were not more like then he and I, they both loved her with fo much blindness, and had each of them fo much confidence in her. that the mystery of her deceit was not perceiv'd, and To both their beliefs were good; and both made exceeding much of me; the difference only was, that when the Knight lived, he was my true Father in Publick, and the stranger in secret; and so my Mother certified me afterwards, making large Relations of these things unto me: And I had rather grant this Easterling, this Jew, or this Moor to be my Father, and fo I call my felf his Son, being made legitimate by the holy rite of Matrimony; and I hold it better, then that the World should fay, I am ill Born and the Son of no Man.

In this Intermedium, although his Garden-house which he had purchased, was a place of Pleasure and Delight, yet it was his undoing and her overthrow. by his feaftings and banquetings, which were very frequent; for these places of Recreation are only fit for those that have other large possessions, great and certain Rents, which may make the burthen of expence the lighter. What with fuits of Law, pre-

fents to my Mother, and other disburfments, one charge drawing on another, a great part of my Fathers Estate was confumed, he was upon the point of Breaking, and ready to turn Bankrupt, as he had often done before; so that it was no new or strange thing unto him. My mother was a thrifty wench, no wafter, but would befure to fecure her own she had in her more youthful days: In the Knights lifetime and at his death, she had scraped together almost ten thousand Ducats; this was her dowry, and fo much he had with her; this money did fomewhat refresh his drooping estate, it made him hold up his head again; like Oyl in a Lamp, it made him give fresh light. He spent bravely, got him a Caroche and a Salla de Manos, a little Chair to carry with hands, as well for ease as state, not so much for any defire my mother had thereunto, as for his own oftentation and vain-glory, that the World might not take notice of the decay of his Estate.

In this fashion did he live to uphold his credit; but his gains did not equal his expences; there was but one to get, and many to fpend: the times were hard, the years dear, little or no Trading, fo that at laft all was brought to nothing: the light was now quite out, and my Father being taken with a grievous fickness, was arrested by Death within five days after, and so shut up his shop-windows, and departed this world. Now I being but a Child, and of fmall understanding, I was not sensible of the loss of my Father, nor found I any great miss of him when he died, though I was at that time a dozen years old. The house was well furnished with Housholdstuff, which we fold by parcels to supply our wants. My mother grieved much for the death of her good Husband, and too foon found the decay of her wealth; and albeit her beauty was not disfigured, yet her years had somewhat defaced it, so that she was superannuated for any more fuitors.

In this alfo I was unhappy, fince that I weet profit my mother got (as Cats do by their tails) did then cease when I had most need of it: her name was Marcella, which was burnished with the title of Don set over the head of it, for as the was called Dona Marcella: fo had she her Don, or Cavellero for her fervant; Domna without Don, being less comely then a house without a bed, or a body without a shadow. As for her fir-names, my Grand-mother did underprop her with the best titular names she could devife, which to repeat were to reckon up a Bead-role of Genealogies, as long as any Letany fung at Divine Service. My mother told me in fecret, that by some likely incounters, and other circumstances concurring together, she knew her felf to be a By-blow of a Cavallero that was near related to the Dukes of Medina Sidonia; but I was an unfortunate man, and flood alone by my felf without any tree by me, either to shadow or shelter me. I had many troubles came upon me, my burthen heavy, my strength weak; the best help I had, was to try my fortune, by leaving my mother and my Country, to fee if I could mend my miferable effate. I did fo; and because I would not be known, I used not my Father's name, but passed by that of Guzman, which I took from my Mother, and of Alfarache, which was the place of my inheritance: and with this Refolution I went abroad to fee the world.

C.H A P. II

Guzman departeth from his Mother's house upon a Friday in the Evening, discovers the torments of hunger, and what happened to him with his Hostess.

Was forced to this Journey by necessity: and the desire I had to go into Italy to take acquaintance

Part I.

of my noble kindred and Alliance, did much quicken and put life into me; I had scarce gone out of the City Gate, when two great Rivers (like an over-flowing Nilus) did break out from my eyes, watering my face in great abundance. When I came to San Lazaro, I sat me down upon the stairs or steps by which we go up to that holy Hermitage, then I made a new master of my Life, and desparing, was about to return, for that I came forth ill provided, worse advised, and poorly surnisht with money for so great a voyage, not having sufficient for a far shorter

journey; and amongst my many missortunes (which came by clusters, one hanging at the tail of another) it was Friday night, and very dark, neither had I supped or eat any thing all day: had I gone out of the City upon a siesh-day, altho' I had been born blind, my nose would have helped me to smell out some Cooks-shop, where I might have had a penny Pasty, to entertain my Stomack dry up my tears and lessen my sorrow; then I began to consider that all troubles pass the better with bread: when good

feeding faileth, there no good followeth. I had a great mind to my supper, but the devil a bit could I get to put into my mouth, save a little fresh water

that came from a Fountain.

The night was now shut up, and with it my imaginations; but not the tears which Trickled from mine eyes: and in this melancholly humour I fell asleep upon a feat within the Church-porch. It was now morning, & the Sun two hours high, when I began to bethink my felf what I had been doing: nor should I have wak'd so soon, had not the Songs and dances of certain women which came thither to Feast and be merry, with bawling rouz'd me from sleep,

I began to fet forward on my Journey, but did not know whether I went; nor indeed, did I much care, for to me were all ways alike. At last, I resolved

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on that path which seemed fairest to my eye: which put me in mind of those ill-governed houses and Commonwealths, where the seet perform the office of the head.

This day having wearied my felf with going only two little Leagues, (which were the first that ever I went) it feemed that I had arrived at the Antipodes and, like another famous Columbus, had discovered a new world. I came about noon to an Inn, my feet furbated, and my felf fad; but above all, my Mill in very good state to grind, my teeth sharp, and my Homach faint. I asked then what I might have for dinner. They told me they had nothing but Eggs. But I think the Fox had killed the Hen: For some were addled, others ready to hatch; and the roguish Hostess, that she might not lose by them, had mingled them with others that were good, she saw that I look'd like an honest simple youth, and that any thing would ferve me. She asked me, my pretty Child, of whence art thou? I told her, of Sevil. With that she came nearer to me, and stroked me on the head, faying to me, now you little wanton fool, whither do you wander? Good God! How did her stinking breath infect me, with her very touching me! I thought I had drawn old-age upon me, and made me hope the worft of evils was now befallen me, in meeting with that dirty flut. My ftomach then rose up to my mouth, and my guts had almost kis'd my lips. I told her I was going to the Court and pray'd her to bring in my dinner. Then she caused me to sit down upon a lame bench; and on the top of a little block she spread a dish-clout before me. My Salt-feller was the foot of an old broken pitcher, or some piece of potsheard, such as she sets full of water for the poultrey to drink; and half a loaf of bread very black and hard. This preparation made she Poured forth upon a Plate a Froize of Fggs, which

which might more truly be termed a Plaister of Eggs. I was as sharp set, as a Hog upon his Achorns, and being eager of the business, all went down without chewing. But to speak the truth, I selt the tender bones of those untimely Chickens to crackle

between my teeth.

I thought this but a course kind of usage, and such as I had not heretofore been acquainted with. But knowing my self a young Traveller, I thought it not discretion to complain, but to take all patiently; So drowning the imagination thereof in my hunger and weariness. For it is proper to him that is hungry, not to stand upon sauces. Upon my bread I dwelt somewhat longer, for it was dry as Pastboard, and very bad; and I was forc'd to be more tedious, one morsel making way for another, that it might the more orderly desend into my stomach. I devoured all, and did not it courtese leave the least crum for the Ants to feed upon.

Thus having refresh'd my self, I went on my way my imagination turning from one thing to another, I met at last with the truth. My stomach began to stir, and I could not expect less then a loathing of my dinner, seeing how ill it was dressed, of what blackness the Oyl, like to that in the bottom of a Lamp; a soul Pan, and a soul Hostes. My fancy wrought so with me, that I could hold no longer; I fell a vomiting, till there was not any thing lest within me: and even to this day, methinks I hear those little Chickens, those pretty sools, still cry, Peep,

beep, in my bowels.

In this miferable condition, I fat down among certain vines, confidering of my mistortune, and repenting of my rash and unadvised departure.

CHAP. III.

Guzman relateth to a Carrier his had fortune with his Hostess, and the jest her two guests put upon her.

Roubled in mind, full of care and thoughts I lay upon the ground, leaning my head upon my hand, when by chance a Carrier passed by, driving some light Mules, which were to be laden with Wine at the Village called Cacella de la Sierra. He feeing me in this melancholly manner, handsom in my Person, and reasonably well clad, had compassion on me, and asked me the cause of my fadness. I told him all that had happened to me in my Inn; and had scarce ended my discourse, when he brake into fo violent a laughter, that he was ready to burit; making me amazed and full of choler at his mirth: supposing it proceeded from my Relation, I could not refrain demanding of him, if he faw me with a fools Coat or cap on my head, which moved him thus to laugh. He rather increasing then ceasing his laughter, laying both his hands upon his fides, for fear of Bursting, was hardly able to sit upon his beast. At last he said, My good youth, I do not laugh at your ill successes, but at that which happened to this Woman about two hours fince. Did you not meet with two young men, Comerades, that walked together, the one in green, the other in afticolour'd cloaths, with a white doublet cut to the skin? These (answered I) by your discription, when I left the Inn, remained there, being newly come, and called for there Dinner. These are they (faid the Carrier) that have revenged your quarrel; and the jest they put upon your Hostes, is the occafion of my laughter. But if you go my way, get up upon one of these beasts, and as we ride I will relate it to you. I thanked him for his kindness; and mounting one of his Gennets, which was a plain Ass with a pack-saddle, which seemed to me a Silla de manos, or easie hand Chair. Thus that which is but a trisse to him that gives, is a notable supply to him that wants.

We had rid about a furlong, when we met two Church-men that fate expecting some passengers that would carry them on horse-back towards Cacella. By their carriage and countenance, 'twas easie to discern their good life and poverty: they agreed with the Carrier: and doing as I had done, we proceeded on our journey. But all this while of great was the laughter of this honest man, that he could not go on with his tale. I was never in all my life so greedy to hear any thing, as the success of this business. I began to conceit, whether fire from Heaven had consumed the house, and all therein; or whether those young men had set fire on the house, and rosted my Hostess alive, or for a lesser revenge, hang'd her up naked by the heels upon an Olive-tree, and given her some thousand lashes.

At last, this mountain brought forth its mouse. He told us, that he having stay'd to drink, and expect a Companion of his whom he had lest behind, he perceived that the Hostess brought in on a plate, a Froize of six Eggs, three of them addled, and the other good; which she set before them: and going to divide their Froize, it made a kind of resistance, resusing as it were to be parted; and hanging together like torn rags, they dissected it more carefully, and presently discovered the truth. They sound three little knobs like chickens heads, and upon further search, the Bills also. They covered the plate, clapping another thereon, and whispered

in fecret to themselves; but what, I knew not, till afterwards it appeared: for one of them calls out, Hostes, have you any thing else for us? she had a little before in their fight bought a Sabelo (a fish like a Shad) faying to them, if you please, I shall spare you a slice or two of that fish, for other meat They would have a flice of it broyled have I none. presently; and defired her to set a price upon it all. and the remainder they would carry with them. At last, they agreed for two Royals. She cut it out into pieces, broyls two of them; they eat it, and wrap up the rest in a napkin of her own: and having filled their bellies, inftead of paying the reckoning, they reckoned without paying; for one of these Gallants took the Froize of Eggs in his right hand, and went directly where the old woman was unpaunching the belly of an old rotten Sheep, that had died in a Ditch, to make Tripes and Chitterlings, or (as the Spanish word hath it) Mondongos; and with all his force threw it full in her face, fealing up both her eyes therewith; which plaistered eyes of hers he made fo blind, and painful unto her that not daring to open them, fhe cryed out like mad: whilft his companion behaving himfelf as if he had rebuked him for it, faying he might be ashamed to use a poor old woman so uncivily, threw a handful of hot ashes in her face; and going out of doors, faid, You rotten old carrion, Qui en tal haze que tal pague: you are now paid in your own mony and what you have got by your cozening, you may put in your eyes. She used a gesture so graciously uggly, and was all over so handsomely ill-fayoured, that fo long as I live, when I think of her, I shall burst into laughter. Thus he ended his story, telling us he had matter enough to laugh at during his life. I answered, and I to weep. Why? (faid he.) Because I did not the like, and like a coward suffered

my revenge to come from anothers hand. But I vow to God, if I live, it shall cost her dear; I will make her pay for the old and new, and out of her bones make my self amends.

So we came to Cantillana, about fun-fitting, I with a good defire to my supper: The two Clergimen went to a Friends house in the Town, and we

to our Inn

CHAP. IV.

How Guzman and the Carrier did eat of a young Mule, Supposing it to be Veal, being cozened by the Host in Cantillana.

Seeing my fellow-travellers disperse themselves every man his own way, I asked my Comrade whether we should go. He told me, to an honest Host of his acquaintance, who was a good-fellow, where we should be well lodged, and kindly entertained: though indeed, he was the greatest thief, and the veryest knave in that part of the Country where he lived.

It is in Andaluzia an inviolable Law, that no conjunction or unnatural covering in horses be permitted; and to this end, heavy penalties are ordained, My Host for his use had a strong Galitian Mare, which being loose in the stable, grew great with foal, by living at large amongst so good company. In her due time, she had soaled a pretty young Mule. My Host was willing to make profit thereof, and to that end nourished and bred it up, keeping the business secret, and was very careful it might not come to light. But he saw it impossible to hide it long:

and

and being perswaded partly by his own avarice, and fear of his own hurt, he resolved to kill him. He cuts out the sless into pieces, which he powders up in pickle; and our had fortune was, to be his guests. When he had made ready all the entrails and offals of this beast, as seet, tripes, the crag end of the neck, tongue, brain, and the like, hither I came, so wearied, that when I was alighted I could not stand, but lay down upon the ground: For all my muscles and sinews were benumbed, my legs and feet swelled with long hanging down, and for want of stirrups; my----extremely galled, my body out of order; but, of all other part, my belly (being

empty) did most complain.

My companion having provided for his beafts of urthen, and easied them of their carriage, I asked im if it were time to go to supper. He faid it was a good motion. I asked my Hoft what he had in the house. He said he would feath us bravely. Oh they were comfortable words, and made my heart leap with joy, my Hoft I found an intermal talker, and above, all a most excellent Villian. Prefently the cloath was laid, our linen clean, our bread better then formally, our wine was pleafantly good. Atter he had fet down the Sallad, he brings in two little plates, in which lay a little of this Calves pluck: I fav. a little: For he feared by too much plenty we should more easily perceive the deceit. We spared not this our supposed tender Veal, and called, the fame hand again. For my Comerade there was no care to be taken, his palate being feafoned from his Cradle with a clove of Garlick: all meats were to him alike, being born among favage people, and brought up by brutish Parents: And most of these Clowns do want the perfection of their Senses. For if a double-foal'd shooe which had done service three winters in Madrid, treading thorough thick and thin. tod-

lod-o'y mierda, dirt and had been fet before this fellow, he would have made no bones of it, nor have found any difference in its going down. crafty Hoft gave it us by diffellation, Limbeck fashion now a little, and then a little; and therefore it is no wonder, if with far greater defects it had feemed to be a well ordered banquet. He told us, if we pleased, he would fry the brains with some butter and Eggs: and that we might not catch cold with Standing Still, Like Post-horses when they have run their stage, he gave us, to entertain the time, a piece of flesh rolled up, madeout of the tripes, together with some of the film and rind of the Belly. But I did not like the tafte of it: and I thought it fmelled like rotten ftraw upon a Dunghil. I left to my Companion, who devoured it as greenly as a man would Grapes in Vintage: and it pleafed me well, because I thought the more Brains woul fall to my share: But I was deceived; for he still eat with as good a ftomach, as if he had not in thre days before eat one morfel of bread. The Eggs an brains where fet upon the Table: and my hone Carrier feeing this fine Froize, fell into his former excess of laughter. This cunning Rogue mine Host although hardned in Roguery, and habituated in mischief, and had performed all kind of thrifts and cozenages, was now out of heart, weak spirited and ready to confess, fearing his knavery had been difcerned: But he was quickly fatisfied, by hearing the Carrier relate the ftory of my old Hoftess and the two Soldiers. After he had done bleffing and croffing himfelf, calling often upon the name of Jefus, and lifting up his eyes to Heaven, faid, Our bleffed Lady be my helper, and always preferve me; Mal haga Dios, a qui en haze su oficio: Eyil hanpen to him that is false to his function. And because in his Roguery he was fo good a proficient, he ne-

todoy mierda, dirt and had been fet before this fellow, he would have made no bones of it, nor have found any difference in its going down. This crafty Host gave it us by distillation, Limbeck fashion now a little, and then a little; and therefore it is no wonder, if with far greater defects it had feemed to be a well-ordered banquet. I have heard this proverb, Que a la hambre, no ay mall pan: all bread is favory to the hungry the worst to me, was Makeroons and Marmalet. He told us, if we pleased, he would fry the brains with some butter and Eggs: and that we might not catch cold with standing still, like Post-horses when they have run their stage, he gave us, to entertain the time, a ricce of fleth rolled up, made out of the tripes, togetner with some of the film and rind of the Belly. But I did not like the take of it: and I thought it frielled like rotten straw upon a Dunghil. I Jest it to my Companion, who devoured it as greedily as a man would Grapes in a Vintage: and it pleased me well, because I thought the more Brains would fall to my share: But I was deceived; for he still ear with as good a fromach, as if he had not in three days before eat one morfel of bread. The Eggs and brains where fet upon the Table: and my honest Carrier feeing this fine Froize, fell into his former excess of laughter. This cunning Rogue mine Host although hardned in Roguery, and habituated in mischief, and had performed all kind of thefts and cozenages, was now out of heart, weak spirited and ready to confess, fearing his knavery had been discerned: But he was quickly satisfied, by hearing the Carrier relate the story of my old Hostes and the two Soldiers. After he had done bleffing and croifing himfelf, calling often upon the name of Jefus, and lifting up his eyes to Heaven, said, Our bleffed Lady be my belper, and always prefereine:

The Life of Guzman Part I.

Mal haga Dios, a qui en haze su oficio: Evil happen to him that is faite in his function. And because in his Roguery he was so good a proficient, he never imagined himself within the compass of that malediction. He brought us for second course two or three Olives, like nuts in bigness.

We entreated him in the morning to provide us a breakfast of his Veal. He undertook that care, and we went to reft. The Pack-faddles we made our bolsters, and our covering the cloaths that covered the Packs; these we stretched out plain, and lay

down.

That night, the Muskeetoes and Fleas had fed fo on my carcafe, that in the morning when I rose, I looked like one that had been sick of the Samll Tox or the Meazles. But herein was fortune favourable to me, that with the weariness of my Journey, and a cup or two overnight, I slept foundly without distrubance, till my bed-fellow, who was minded to hear Mass, and could not rest for his seven leagues

he had fur her to go, did awaken me.

We rose before the Sun, and called for our break fast. It was brought in; but did not please me so well as my Companion; and the relish was utterly displeasing to me: nor could I rest contented, but thinking of its bad taste, my Host's unnecessary Oaths came into my mind, when he swore last night it was Veal. This I did not like: Nam Qui sape surat sape Perjurat This was only a strange apprehension in my head, on which I did not dwell, but called for a reckoning. My Comrade told me he would pay for us both. I went aside, leaving him to be pay-master: nor was I wanting to sing forth his praises, that had given me my diet and horse-hire grat s.

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Whilft I was thus busied, I laid my cloke upon a bench near me; which, like Quickfilver upon the Fire, was vanished away, that I never faw it since. I thought that my Hoft or my Confort had hid it in jest, to make themselves merry: But is was no jesting matter. When they both fwore they had it not, I thought it impossible to be lost; and sought round the House, out of the Hall into the Kitchin. It was my hap to come back into a Court, where I found a great plash of fresh blood, and by it a mules skin, from which the feet were not yet cut off: The Ears were there at large, and only the Brains and Tongue wanting. This confirmed my former fuspicion. called to my Companion, to whom I shewed the hide that had bound in our breakfast and supper; and faid to him, this is the Veal you extolled to the Skies: have we not been excellently used? This is that Man, so unspotted in his life and conscience. Nor could I get a word from him all the day, till our parting. My misfortune did the less grieve me, because he had so great share in it.

I began upon this advantage more boldly to charge my Host with stealing my cloke: who scornfully denied it, and jeer'd me, telling me he had a Rod in his pocket for me. I not able to endure this, threw half a Brick that lay by me, at his head; which missed him but a little. He run into his Chamber and returned to me with his Sword drawn in his hand. (You may see his cowardice, to draw agon a poor fingle boy, and unarmed.) I fearing the worst, stood upon my Guard, with two Stones I had pulled out of the pavement in my hand: Which when he faw, his Courage began to abate. Now with the noise and outcries that were made, all the House was in an uproar, together with the Neighbours thereabouts. To enquire of this encounter, there came in two Alcades, and some Notaries, who

defired for their private gain to prevent each other, every one faying, the business did belong to him. Amidst this contention, came in certain Regidores, with other Worshipful Burgomasters of the Town, who laboured to make peace between them, and laid hold on me; For the stranger destitute of shelter, is the man that Justice doth first take in hand. They were defirous to know the original of this diftention; and called me afide, and took my confeffion. I related all to them, and likewise that concerning his young Mule. They used diligence to apprehend my Host; who was careless, thinking all this enquiry was only about the cloak; laughing at it: but when he faw the Mulcs skin stand before him as his accuser, with t e rest of the appurtenances, he toon confessed the fact. For it is certain, that baseminded men, infamous in their life, are always perfeet cowards, and of no courage. For without any threatnings, either of the Rack or other Torment. he declared the thefts and rogueries he had done, as well in this Inn, as upon the high-way when he was a Shepherd, whereby he got a flock for himfelf to fet up with. I hoped he would likewife confess my cloak: But his malice to me was fuch, he quite left it out. After they had taken our declarations, I mean the Carriers and mine, there was a difpute among the Notaries, whether it were not best to carry me to prison. But one of the Alcades faid that I had reafon on my fide, being in no fault; and that it was punishment enough for me, to be left naked, in my doublet and hofe, and be cozened of my Cloak. Thus was I freed; but my Hoft was carried to prison.

And leaving him there, we prepared for our journey, pailing thorow the street, where the Clergy-men stood, expecting us. Each of them took his Ass, and away as we rodd, I told them the success we had in the Inn, they bless'd themselves

when

when they heard it; and feeing they could not help

me, submitted my cause to God,

The time we spent in this commotion, and the hast we made to be gone, deprived us of hearing Mass. As for me, it was the first time I had miss'd that daily exercise of devotion. And from time to time I began to conjecture, that from so bad beginning it was impossible to expect a good ending: and so it happened; nor can it be otherwise, when we serve our selves, and not God first,

CHAP. V.

Guzman is upon suspicion Apprehended for a Thief, and afterwards set at Liberty.

When I resolved on my Departure, I did frame to my self Castles of content, that all things should succeed prosperously with me, and that wheresoever I came, I should meet with my Mother to carry me, my Maid to undress me, and bring my Supper to my bed, make me ready in the Morning, and fetch my Breakfast; not dreaming of those miseries and crosses to which my Journey exposed me.

Our honest Clergy-men rode mumbling their Mattins to themselves. I was very melancholly, thinking of my misfortunes: And in the midst of our contemplations, two Ministers of Justice with their Officers came in persuit of a Page that had stoln from his Master great store of Money and Jewels: And by the marks that were given them, it was easie to mistake me for him, he being such a stripling as my self. They no sooner espied me, but cried,

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aloud, Ah Thief, we have caught thee; thou art fafe enough, and canst not escape our hands. They ftruck me off the Afs (my Brother) with their fifts; and when I was down, fearched me strictly for the Goods: They broke off the Pack-saddles, searched the Pannels; and finding nothing, began to cry out upon me, thou Thief, confess the truth, and delay us no longer, or we will hang thee here presently. They would not hear me, nor admit of any excuse I would frame for my felf. They gave me many blows, boxes on the ear, and other outrages, wherewith they tormented me, not fuffering me to pronounce one word in my own defence. It grieved me to be fo feverely dealt with; yet could I not forbear Laughing, to fee my honest Carrier in worse case then my felf. They diffributed harder blows upon him, as the receiver and concealer of this Theft. I did the better bear my own misfortunes, because by his means I had lost my Cloak, and supp'd upon a Mule. They beat him without mercy, urging him to discover whither he had carried these Goods: The poor man, that was as innocent as my felf, believed them at first to be in jest; but finding they exceeded the bounds of sport, he wished he had never feen me. They used us cruelly, and being weary with punishing, and we with suffering, they first bind our hands, and pinion our arms, to return back with them to Sevill.

These Sergeants, and Catch-poles, are in general a kind of lewd and most wicked People, without Souls, and unworthy to be named; in a word, they are Collar-catchers, and by confequence Thieves. By these were we driven like coupled dogs: and as we paffed, one of them looking earneftly upon me, faid, I fear we are mistaken, and by too much haft run our felves into an Error; for the Youth after whom we were fent, wants his left

Thumb,

Thumb, and this is found in that part. They confulted with their Warrant, which did specifie the marks by which they should know the Page, and found themselves deceived almost in every one of them. Presently they unpinioned us, and loosed our hands, craving pardon for their mistake; taking some money of the Carrier to drink at the next Inn, they went away, leaving us soundly banged.

In every thing I had very bad Fortune; my money fpent, my Cloak ftoln, my Belly hungry, my Cheeks buffetted, my Neck out of joynt, and my Teeth bathed in Blood with the bobs of my Nose, and the blows I received upon my Mouth. My Companion, if he were not worfe, was as well bafted as my felf; and to make us amends, they cry us mercy, and fay we are not the men. This was a pretty kind of pardon, and came in good time; first, they beat us before Examination, and having almost killed us, beg forgiveness. The Clergy-men near at hand, and feeing us fo dreffed, they bleft themfelves: I made the Relation to them of our misfortunes; for the Carrier was so banged about the chaps, that he durst not speak, for fear he should spit out his Grinders.

Every one mounted upon his Ass; and theyoungelt of the two Clergy-men having ended his devotions, and put his Prayer-book in his Pocket, related a story to us of Ozmin and Daraxa, two Moors, nobly descended, who upon the surrender of Baca a City of the Moors, to their Catholick Majesties, Don Ferdinand and Donna Isabella, became Christians: His story seemed to be measured out for the Journey; for at the end of it we arrived at Cacalla. Our houest Carrier, who had hitherto been mute, was now the first that found his tongue, saying, Alight (my Masters) for here I must leave you: He calls to me, Come hither (my young Gallant) and

and let us make a reckoning before we part; When I heard this, I was almost ready to hang my felf; for I supposed, what had past between us, had been in friendship. I dismounted, and asked him how much I was to pay for Riding nine Leagues: he told me, as the Clergy-men gave, to must I; besides, for your Diet and Lodging you are my Debtor three Royals more. I now found the humbles of the Mule to be dear meat; and I was most grieved because I had not Money to pay it: Therefore I faid, my Friend, here is your demand for my part of your Expence; but for Ass-hire, I am indebted nothing, your felf, without my entreaty, inviting me to ride. He replied, what a Devil do you mean? You are a fine Gentleman indeed, expect you to ride on freecost? We ended our contest of words, and tell to blows; the holy men interposed themselves between us; and upon further dispute condemned me to pay for my Asses meat that night: Which I did, making an even reckoning with my purfe; twenty Maravedis was all I had in the world to defray my Charges. That night, the Muliter went about his business; the Clergy-men and my felf entred Cacalla, every man going his own way.

CHAP. VI.

Guzman going out of Cacalla towards Madrid, proves the quality and condition of a miserable Man.

Thou seest me here in Cacalla, twelve Leagues from Sevill, upon Monday morning, without money and patience, accused (as you have heard) for

for a thief; a true Prophesie of my future Trade. I fuffered enough the first day I fet forth; the fecond, more: for my care encreased: it rained very hard upon me; one mischief overtaking another. The third day was to me as the day of Death; I had then my full load of miseries; I found my selflike a lean Dog, barked at by others, grinning with my teeth, and turning head against all, not daring to bite any, and (as the Proverb is,) All griefs are the better overpast with bread. This was the first time I lookt that Heretick Necessity in the face: And which was worst of all (knowing by manifest figns, that my ruine was neer at hand) being willing to ask counsel, I knew not from whom to receive it: Seeing my felf so like a fingle fold Gentleman, a naked cottage, a wall without hangings, I was unwilling to return home, to be laughed at; which made me resolve upon a Journey to Madrid, for there was the Court, where all the bravery and gallantry of the World was; nothing to be feen but Roses and Lillies, great plenty and abundance af all things; with, many Knights of the Order of the Golden Fleece, many Dukes and Grandees of Spain, men of Title, Prelates, Knights of the Habit, Gentlemen of extraordinary Rank and Quality, and above all, a young King newly married. I knew my felf a Lad well shap'd, of reasonable good carriage, and supposed they would strive to entertain me into service. It's easier to think than to do; businesses may be soon conceived, but are not so easily effected. I framed many things in my thoughts: none of my projects did hit right, but fell out cross, if not quite contrary to what I proposed: all was vain lyes, falshood and deception.

Now I proceed onward of my Journey. And as I was trudging along, two Travellers which rode very gently upon their Mules overtook me: I thought,

if I could keep them Company, in courtefie, they could not avoid paying my charges; they did not ride very hard, though their hearts were hard enough towards me. I kept close to them, and having gone about three Leagues, it was near Noon, and my heart ready to break with trotting and galloping after them, that I might not be left behind. I believe they were miserably covetous; for they exchanged not one word with me, because they would not help me (if need were) with any entertainment on the way.

Indeed, good Company chears the hearts of Travellers, recreateth their minds, refresheth their bodies, makes them forget their weariness, and by a particular priviledge that it hath, makes horse-

men of foot-men.

We came together to the Inn where we were to Bait; but I in that case, that there was but little difference between me, and one that is dead; I was forced to lay aside Ceremonies, and humbled my self more than stood with my Nature, applying my self to wait on them, put their Mules in the Stable, and carry their luggage into their Lodging: this done, one of them says to me, Stand aside (my young Gallant) get you gone, we have no need of your service. At Dinner I stood at a distance opposite to them; but in that also I fell short of my hopes.

At the same time there arrived a Franciscan Friar on foot, and very weary; hither he came to rest himself, pulls out of his Wallet, which hung at his lest shoulder, a Loaf of Bread and a piece of Bacon. I was so hangry and saint, that my Legs would scarce carry my body, yet had I not the courage to speak to him, to relieve my wants; but lookt pitifully upon him, and befought him with the dumb eloquence of my Eyes, to commisserate me. The good

Friar,

Friar, who read my Petition in my face, faid, i? the name of God, rather than see my poor Brother want, I will fast my felf; take this, my pretty boy, and much good may it do thee. They that were able, gave me nothing, although I courted them with all ferviceable endeavours; but I found relief from this Mendicant, this poor beggarly Friar; he that never was acquainted with want, hath little feeling of another mans mifery. My honest Friar did freely share his Victuals with me, wherewith I filled my belly, and was very well fatisfied. The good man (for I shall ever call him by that name) at his departure, gave me the half Loaf which remained, telling me, if he had more I should have it: I put it in the lining of my jacket, and began to fet. forward on my way: When I had gone three Leagues, it was night, I supped on my Bread: Coming : to an Inn where some Carriers were newly arrived, mine Hoft bid me go in and fleep upon the ftraw: I did fo: The next morning being ready to depart, my Hoft demands money of me for my lodging: I had it not, and therefore cauld not pay him: The Subtil Rogue had a great defire to strip me out of my jacket, which was of very good cloth. When I faw my felt reduced to this Streight, and that he was fo inhumane, I could not forbear crying: one of the Carriers took pity on me, (for they are not all without Souls, and void of Grace) and faid, My Hoft, let the poor boy alone, I will pay it for him. Some asked me whence I was, and to what place I was going; my merciful Carrier answered for me. faving, it was cafie to imagine me either run away from my Father or my Mafter.

My Host asked me if I would take wages, and dwell with him; my condition considered, I thought it no bad bargain, although it did not please me that I should now learn to serve, who from my Cra-

die,

dle, had been taught to Command. My imployment was in the Stable, and to deliver out Straw and Barley. Here my Victuals was without allowance, and my Work rather a sport then a burthen to me; for till those nights that the Carriers came in, I had nothing to do: with other Paffengers I was not much troubled. Here I learned to fleep Barley in warm water, to make it encrease a third part; to give false measure by hollowing it with my Arm: And if any man had entreated me to give his Reaft Provender, I was fure to cozen him of one third part of his measure: Some of my Youngsters would come into the Stable very gallant, carrying the show of Gentlemen, but without a Page or Lacky to attend In time, I found it was good to hold the Bason to these; for they are the only Dons to endure a fine shaving. With these we had brave Trading, taking charge of their Horses, and feeding them with the remains that the other had left, which went for half their allowance; and when they came to pay, I gave them a reckoning for the whole into the bargain: We had our Hens, Piggs, and sometimes the fole of an Ass, that did share with them; for bountiful natures, and minds that are magnificent, fland not for trifles nor fmall matters; magnanimus non curat de minimus: Our mouths were the measures, without minding the set prices of things, or the Proclamation for the rates and fizes of all commodities, which was hung up in our Inn, only that the Alcadeand the Scrivano might not lick their fingers, Amercing those Inn-keepers a great fum of money, that have not the Ceduta fixed up in their houses. The Kitchin was our onely sport, and best mirth; for we were ever ready to bring in a reckoning fo many Ryals, and fo many Mararedis, Gentlemen you are heartily welcome, being fure to reckon, rather aRyal over than a Blank under. Many would never examine

examine the reckoning; but laying down their money, fay, Friend come and receive your due. Some from-water-fellows, and young Travellers, would ask us, how the fum was fo fuddenly enflamed: but this was but to cut their own Throats, and make us inhance the Reckoning the higher: besides raising the price in general, we did always find a trick to add fomething to it, though it were but for boyling their Olla, making their Beds, or fuch like Toys. Swaggerings, roarings, or bravings, ferve you to little benefit: For your Hofts, for the most part, are a company of old Catch-poles and dogged Curs. who out of their evil Natures will hunt dry-foot after you to the next Town, and there fet upon you. accusing you to the Justice, that you would have set fire on his Inn, or that you would have forced his Wife or his Daughter; and only that he might be revenged on thee. Many are the Villanies, Impudencies, and Tyrannies, that daily pass in your Inns, and Victualling houses. I have been an eye witness of many infolencies committed in one Inn, which would fwell this Volume too much to relate.

CHAP. VII.

Guzman leaving his Host, goes a begging to Madrid, where he learns to all the Rognes part, and to bear the basket.

Here did pass by the door daily many Young wandring Lads about my Years and Growth, some with Money, others begging for Gods sake, which made me wonder what scurvy base Metal I was composed of, in that I was more cowardly and

of a poorer Spirit than other Men, to content my

felf with a dung-hill life.

Hereupon, I bid my Hoft farewell, and refleved to proceed forward on my Journey: my Riches was fome Copper-money, gotten by fome lawful purchases that I made; but my store being small, I was quickly reduced to my Trade of begging; fome would give an Ochavo: With this, and other his fellows, I did fometimes eat with a gaudeamus, according to my gettings: But this, I have not for you, did me no good in the World. Charity was very cold: There being a general fcarcity throughout the Kingdom, I found begging but a pooroccupation, refolved to follow it no longer. I purposed to make the best I could of those Cloaths on my back. beginning to unbind the Book, and to divide it into Leaves, that is, to separate one thing from another. that all might not go away at once. I continued felling, chopping, and pawning, till I had not a rag left; fo that when I came to Madrid, I refembled a gentile Rower newly come from the Gallies, having nothing on but a Canvas pair of Breeches, and a course foul Shirt. Seeing my felf in this desperate State, I began to follow the Trade of Do la florida Pecardia, exercifing all the knavish Tricks, slights of Hand, and other Rogueries within the compais of that prowling Office. I fell in with other taffelgentiles, much about my fize and pitch, that were high-fivers, and cunning in the catching of their Game. I refused no Pains, followed their Steps, and walked their Stations; whereby I came to pick up my Crumbs, and to gather a few Blanks together. I could now hunt for my Supper, and knew certainly where to have it.

While I lived this Roguish Life, I learned to play at Cock-all, Nine-holes, &c. From this I went a form higher: I knew how to play at Noddy, Quinnolas.

nolas, one and thirty, and Primera. In a short time I profited so well in these my Studies, that I became Master of the Science: I could Cogg a Die hand-somely; if I had good fortune all was my own, (especially when I met with weak Gamesters.)

Nor would I change this Life of a Picaro, this roguish Life, for the best that any of my Ancestors ever led. I being so perfect in my Rogueries, that I could go blind-fold to work, and not have stept a soot out of the way. What an easie and delicate life doth a Pcaro possess, without Thimble, Thread or Needle, without Pinsers, Hammer, or Wimble, or any other Mecanical Instrument, more than one bare Basket?

I had a merry kind of Occupation, free from all Trouble and Vexation: But that Night my fickness encreased upon me: My Bed was none of the best, nor much softer, than a piece of an old Mat, sull of holes, and thrown upon the dung-hill, as good for nothing. The Cattle went grazing on the humane pasture of my miserable Corps. I awaked with their nibling, sell a scrubbing, it being no small trouble to me, that my Repose was so unhandsomely disturbed.

The next I walked into the Market, where I was foon employed by a Gentleman-Taylor, to carry in my Basket a quarter of Mutton, from the Shambles to his house. I had in my pockets at that time, certain old Coplas or Ballads, which in a broken Tune I sung, as I passed along the street; my good Master listened to me, and turned back, and smiling, said, How now (my tattered Rascal) a pox take you for a ragga-Mussin, can you read, you Rogue? I told him, I could read reasonable well, write somewhat better. He forthwith entreated me to teach him to write his Name, or to make a mark that might serve for a Subscription. I asked him what benefit

benefit would accrue to him by learning only a bare mark and no more: he told me, reckoning up a long bed-roll of Lords and Grandees for whom he wrought; that sometimes being called to subficibe, he was forced to say, I beg your pardon, Sir, I cannot write.

CHAP. VIII.

Guzman is entertained into a Cooks service, be declareth a pretty theft by him performed, he relateth the vices of Dispensero's Cooks, Butlers, &c,

T Constantly resorted to the Market, and there I played the Porter, carrying burthens; and I being now as well trufted as known, 'twas my fludy to acquaint my felt with a Distensero, or Caterer, (God's curse and minego with him) that had sometimes imployed and trusted me very far, sending me home with those things he had bought in the Market. My diligence towards him, progured me his favour; infomuch that he purposed to remove me from my Office, and make me the Scullion of the Kitchin; which was as much as my ambition then reached unto. He brought me to the Cook my Master, who spake to me in a commanding manner; Now (Sennor few-cloathes) what wind drave you hither? What make you here? (Goodman shagrag:) Have you any business here? Or, come you to abide with me? Seeing him in so high a key, I was defigned to fhew him my back: at laft I replyed, Yes, Sir: he told me, By my diligence I should not lose my labour: I answered, That in serving his worfhip

worship I might gain, but lose nothing; because I

had nothing to lofe.

At my first coming I ferved him punctually, and he likewife used me kindly; I had also the favour of my Mistress, by performing the meanest services, as sweeping, rubbing, scowring, dressing of meat, making beds, laying the Estrado in order; and my heels were as nimble to run for him that rub'd the Horse-heels, as the Mayer Domos. One would have me brush and make clean his cloaths, another will have some provision carried home to his Wise, a third, to his Wench: And all this I did without

grumbling, or any shew of unwillingness.

When I was rebuked, I never replied: nor would I wilfully have any mans displeasure: Kind usage will make a man work his heart out; but high language and poor payment, makes a fervant foon weary of his mafters fervice. But of all others, I disclaim that Master, as much unworthy of attendance, that will neither give his fervants good wages, nor good words. I did nothing without confideration; all were open handed to me; one would give mea Taria, which is apenny halfpenny; another a Ryal, a third, a Doublet; a fourth, a Jacket: nor did I go fo like a tattered Rogue, as formerly: my Meals were good and certain; but my gaming which I had learned in my loofer days, did me much harm; for indeed it confumed all I got, I grew in a few days a refined Gamester; I could play with my hands, filch and fleal finely, which was the worst Occupation of the two; and as all Rivers have recourse into the Sea, so are all Vices to be found in a Gamester. When my Vails were not fufficient (t' at I might not want a flock to Game with) I would cast my Eyes like burning Torches about the House, and of something that belonged to the Kitchin, I made free purchase in the turning of a hand;

hand; and in case the suspicion of my thest sell upon another, I presently made use of that advantage, putting it from my self, and transferring the shame

upon him: as I did in this encounter.

My Master had brought certain Friends of his home with him, that were good Fellows, and sworn Brothers to Bacchus: And in kindness, he presented them with a Collation; all of them played well upon the Keyes of this Organ, my Master was a curious Musician upon a Jar of Wine, a brave Bottle-banger, a singular Toss-pot; They drunk Healths very hard, till they were full of fine tricks, each man having his several posture: They were so Drunk, that you without being seen might have stript them (like Rabbits) out of their cases, and left them naked. My Master and Mistress went to bed, leaving all the doors open, the Table standing, and the Silver Goblet wherein they drank, upon the ground: All which made for the benefit of the inventory.

I was at that time in the Kitchin scowring of the Pans and Spits, piling up the wood; and my work being done, as I passed to my lodging, I found every thing out of its proper place, the doors open, and the Cup fallen down, on which I fortunately stumbled; it filently entreated me to take it up, I flooped to do it that friendly Office. When I faw the coast clear, so that no man could detect me, I softly departed: but I had scarce gone four steps, when my heart began to beat a false Alarm: Wherefore I called twice or thrice upon this and that man, but not a word of answer came from them: I went to my Mafters Chamber, where I found him and his Wife in appearance dead; and fure I am they were little better; for they were deeply buried in Wine. I secured the piece of Plate, and returned to the Kitchin, where I found work enough till night; about which time, my Master came, terribly pained

in his Belly and Temples: There was upon the hearth but one fire-brand, with which he would needs cudgel my Coat; fwearing, That with great fires. I not only waited too much wood, but would fet fire on his House. I found my Mittress very fad, her countenance cast down to the ground, and full of tears: I adventured to demand the reason of her grief. O my Guzmanico, said she, (Son of my Soul) a great misfortune hath happed to me: but all her pitiful complaints and demonstrations of her forrow, moved me to no more compassion, than to fee a Goose go barefoot. I seigned my self very fensible of her affliction, entreating her to make me a sharer in her misery: She said, Thy Master in an evil hour brought hither some of his Companions to be merry; and amongst other things, my Silver Goblet is wanting; and when he knows it, he will kill me. I put on a fad Countenance, told her, I difliked this Rogu fh dealing, and that it vexed me very much for her fake: I advised her to go early the next morning to the Gold-Smiths, and buy another like unto it, and then tell her Husband, that because the Silver Cup was old, and stained with many spots, she had caused it to be new burnished. She did with great thankfulness entertain and commend both my good Counfel and speedy remedy: But she thought it very unfitting to go alone fo early in the next morning, fearing-her Husband (who was jealous of her) should know it, and suppose her to be abroad upon a worse design. She entreated me for God's fake, to go and match the Plate: had I refused this proffer, I had ruined my felf; for if I had exposed it to sale, they would easily believe I had stolen it. I went amongst the Gold-Smiths, and agreed with one to make it clean, heat out the dents (for it had received some knocks in the fall) and take out the stains, for two Ryals; for which price he

he finished his work, and made it look as fresh, as when it was new made. I carried my Cup home to my Mistress, telling her, I had met with this piece at the Puerta de Guadaxara, and that it amounted in weight to sitty seven Royals, and for the fashion, he would abate nothing of eight Royals. She told me out the Money, and was well contented with her bargain; and I well satisfied with my success: But lightly come lightly go, two encounters carri-

ed it clean away from me.

When there was nothing at home to be done, the Lackies and Pages, who are notable Knaves, would make me free of the Frying-Pan, fright me with Snakes, hang on my back, and cry, More facks to the Mill: if they found me afleep, they would clap a Fly made of Wax upon the inftep of my Shooe, letting it burn till Shooe and skin were both fcorched, and then to cry out, Fire, Fire: sometimes, they would roll up a Card or piece of Paper in the fashion of a Tunnel: and blowing out the flame, put it directly under my Nose, till the Pillars of smoak that ascended up my Nostrils, had not only awaked, but almost choaked me: Large se divider a macho, si no se quiere vivir poco: The man that would live long, must not be too short: For by slighting of injuries, he that doth them in the end grows both weary and ashamed. If I had complained of these mad Rascals, they would have made an Anatomy of me, and Metamorphofed me from a poor Scullion to a Skeleton.

I was very diligent in my place: when Birds were brought in, I was more ready than my Fellows to pluck their Feathers, sweep the House, make and blow the Fire, without saving to another, do it you. I had scarce made an end of pulling my Birds, when I ran to pound my Sawces for my boyled and roasted meats. All my IronUtensils about the

Kit-

Kitchin, as Spits, Andirons, Tongs, Fire-shovels, Pot-hooks, and the like, I kept so neat and clean, that they looked like Sword-blades, whereon the Cutler had set a fine gloss. My Pots, Pans, Ladles, and Flesh-hooks, were (like Barbers Looking-glasses) curiously kept in their Cases, and hung upon ther several nails, and all things had their peculiar

places in good order.

In the evening (for then I was most at leisure) the Officers of the House would deliver me their Vails, to sell in the Gate that belongs to the Shambles: All did arise from their Fees and Duties, namely, the Giblets of Geese and Hens, the Hocks of a Gammon of Bacon, the Flaps, Kidneys, and Fat of the Shoulders and Loins of Mutton, Pigs-petitoes, Calves-seet, Livers, Gizards, Sweethreads, &c. I fold likewise Neats-Tongues, Hogs-cheeks, powdered pessels of Pork, English Pasties of Venison, and pieces of Bacon: These they challenge, as a Tribute due to them; and indeed, that which the Cook, the Caterer, and Dispensero steal, and put in their own Pockets, would well reward half a dozen of the other Servants.

I lived amongst a company of Wolves; and seeing them devour Lambs, I did the like: I had now learned to fwim without Bladders, and was slush enough to forsake my Nest. I began, as I told you, to play a little, to steal a little: From small beginnings, great matters arise. And this was the first step to my ruine, as I shall declare to you.

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rothooks, and tXIIIc. P. P. HIPO at and clean,

Mitchen, as Spire, Andreans, Roller,

Guzman prosecutes his proceedings with his Master: and Relateth a merry story that befell him with his Mistress.

When I came first to my Master, I endea-voured to content and please all men; but afterwards, my evil company did fweetly undo me; idleness was the chief cause of all my misery: To him who is well employed, no Virtue is wanting; and Vice is the Companion of the idle Person. My Master was invited to the Court to prepare a Feaft for a strange Prince then at Madrid; he commanded me to attend him, that I might transplant the Onion, that is, carry home the Vails, profits, or fees (as the custom is) belonging to his Office. We had no sooner entred the Kitchin, but all our Provision was brought to us; my Master began with great dexterity to chop, divide or break his meat, as occasion required. About the shutting in of the Evening, I was posted home to fetch facks, and returning, began to fill up all that belonged to me very speedily: And thus full fraighted, he made me make four Journeys. I was almost dead with carrying fo great burthens.

I was to remain at home, to file upon strings the Trophies of that Victory: it was a goodly sight to see the several Plumage, and divers-coloured Feathers of Capons, Partridges,, Turtles, Peacocks, Thrushes, Pigeons, Quayls, Chickens, and Geese. I hung in another part of the Gallery, Gammons of Bacon, Joints of Veal, Red-Deer, Wild-Bore, Mutton, Neats-Tongues, Pigs, and Kids. Thus all the Gallery was hung round with this kind of

Tapeftry;

Tapeftry; nor was this conquest fully ended; there remained yet something to make it compleat. My Mistress lodged in a low Room, and being drunk, left all upon my shoulders. I was very weary, though little notice was taken of it, and my requital less. I wrapped my self in my blanket, and went to bed; for in that Countrey, they allow no sheets but a

Straw-bed, to fuch poor boys as my felf.

I was careful to rife betimes the next morning, as my Master had commanded me. About the breaking of the day, I heard a cruel battle amongst the Cats, who were banquetting upon a piece of Poor John, a dry kind of Fish, which they had drawn out through the tiles of our next Neighbours House: Whether the Fish was not good, or being Salt made them angry, or what a Devil the matter was, I know not. I posted down stairs, fearing, that if I delayed to prevent them, my bones should pay for the meat they had devoured. I was as naked as when I came first into the World; yet thinking all delays dangerous in a matter of importance, I staid not to Cloath my felf. My Mistress was got up before me. Her fashion was, to pull off her smock before she slept, and lie naked: and so was she now, not having so much to cover her nakedness, as the inheritance of her Grandam Eve. In this naked posture she came down with a light in her hand to fave her goods. We were both in one mind, the diligence equal in causa, propria: We made but little noise, being both bare foot. Now if you please, behold us both met in the Gallery; she struck with wonder to fee me there, and I almost out of my wits in beholding her. She suspected I was some Phantasma, or wandring Ghost; and letting the Clandle fall out of her hand, she scritched loudly. I, who was affrighted with the apparition, sceing one

advance towards me with a Candle, gave a greater fcritch than she, supposing it had been the Soul of our Steward, who died two days before. My Mifires fled to her Chamber: I hasted to mine; and the Cats began to flie. My bad fortune was, going up the first stairs, to tread upon our own Cat: she fcratch'd me by the Legs with her nails; besides, I fell and broke my Shin, and grated the skin almost to the bone; nor did my Nose escape free, for I thought it was beaten flat to my Face. My Mistress's retentive faculty failed her, the lock of her Belly being loofe, and the bolts of her Breech not fast, her Postern-door slew open, and before she could recover her Chamber, she flirted her Whitepot, which was full of Cherry-stones; she had eaten part in the open Court, and part in the Portal. I swept and washt it, and made all handsome; for the keeping clean of the house, did properly belong to my charge. I am fure, her laske cost me much labour to the detriment of my fmelling faculty. My Mistress was much ashamed of this foul accident, and constantly believed it was my roquery, and a plot of my own invention; nor would she credit my Oaths I made to her to justifie my innocency. From that day forward, I finally loft her favour, which I took tor an evil Omen. I went to my Master, but spake not one word to him of what had passed. He asked me, if all was fafe at home. I told him, All was well, and in good order.

Whatsoever we demanded, was given us without grudging; Sugar was given for our Tarts, and for our Tarts Sugar; so we had of every thing twice

or thrice over.

Amongst other things that came to my Masters share, was a Pannier of Eggs; some of them I clapt into my bosom, betwixt my Body and my shirt, the rest I thrust into my Pockets and the lineings of

my breeches. And now had I advanced one step nearer to my shame. This crafty Rogue, my Masser found me guilty: And that he might fanctify himself by my sin, and justifie his honesty by my These; the Mayor-domo, and other principal Servants being present, he began to play Rex with me, pulling me by the hair, and treading me under his seet. But, in injuries, the best remedy is to neglect them.

The Feast being over, my Master said to me, My Guzmanillo, the blows which thou didst receive this day, did very much concern me; but to morrow I will give thee a pair of new Shoes, which shall be better to thee than thy Eggs would have been. This was welcome news to me for the Shoes

upon my feet were old.

But when we came home, my Mistress (I was informed) had framed a complaint against me, that ever after my Master looked upon me, as if he had, been tasting of Wine-vinegar; so sharp was his countenance towards me. Now no more words of

my new Shoes; they are forgot.

Upon a Festival day we had made certain Pies and Pasties (as our fashion was) and some remains, though not much of the Paste was left. I sound, amongst other resuse things, the shank-bone of a Heiser, which I neatly wrapt in the Paste, that it seemed a very fair Coney-pie. With this I went to my Station, where I used to vent my other things, with a purpose to cozen some stranger with it. There passed by a grave Gentleman-Usher (his head and beard white as Milk:) to pleasure him, I was willing he should have it. We agreed upon a price, which was three Ryals and a half. He puts sinst under his arm, a little Register-book like an Almanack; then with great deliberation, he hangs his Gloves and Hand-kerchief at his Gardle; next, he

Part I. takes out of his pocket a Cafe, wherein were his Spectacles, which he takes out, wipes, and putson; wherein he spent two long hours: Then he diffils out of a little Leather purse, one Quarte after another holding them against the Sun. That scarce received my Money of him, but my Mafter was at my back; and having found me, took faft hold on my Arm, faying, my Youth, what Pawn have you redeemed? Here my Gentleman-Usher was prefent; for I think the Devil kept him there, to difclose this my fecret, My Master dives into my Pocket, and when he had fifht out my Money, he cries, Let go, (you Rogue.) Are you that faithful Servant whom I trufted with all my Goods? I will not be troubled with fuch a Rogue as thou art. I charge thee to come no more within my House, nor near my Doors: And so with a Cuff on the Ear, and a Kick on the Breech, in the presence of my Merchant, he dismist me. Being ashamed, I hung down my head, and held my peace: For it is a greater glory to avoid injuries by filence, than to overcome them by replying.

CHAP. X.

Guzman being turned away from the Cook bis Master, proves a notable cunning Picaro: Having a desire to see Italy, be effects his purpose by robbing a Grocer.

TE had in the place near unto Santa Cauza, our proper mansion bought and repaired at other mens coft. There were all our meetings.

ings. I was up with the Sun, diligently waiting on those shops, the Bakers and the Shambles. I made my Harvest in the Morning, to serve me all the day after. The Inhabitant that had no Servants' of their own, would hire me to carry home their Provision, which I did Faithfully; so that no Man of my Profession, had better credit or more employment. Then we were but few, but now the number is encreased: And I can assure you, that no Estate hath more enlarged it felf, than that of the Picaro's; for all your Rogues apply themselves to carry a Basket or bear Burthens, and grow proud of it. Thus doth misfortune bring a man to effeem Infamy, his Glory; and his Baseness, he counts his Honour.

There were feveral Captains appointed for the raising and conducting of Soldiers towards Italy; which News was prefently published through all the Town: And your Taverns and Victualling-Houses, are the only Houses for Intelligence: for they speak all out of Bacchus his own Mouth, having Ceres for their Ascendant. I thought it the best to take this occasion by the Fore-top to execute my former defires, that I might know whence I was descended, and of what Quality my Parents and Kindred were: but I was fo tattered, and utterly unprovided of all things for my Journey, that to me it feemed a thing impossible to be effected. My Affociate and I were at the Randevous; I very penfive resolving on this Voyage, though I went but a ftra-

gler to wait upon the Soldiers.

In the midst of my contemplations my Name rebounded to my Fars, Guzman, Guzmanillo: I perseived it was a Grocer that flood under the Walking place near the Butcher-row; I made haft to bim. He bid me open my Basket: Which done, he throws to it about two thousand five hundred Ryals

foot-

in Gold and Silver. I askt him to what Brafier I should carry this Copper. Copper, you Rogue? Come take it up, it is Money to pay a Merchant, of whom I have bought some Commodities. He faid one thing, I thought another, which was to fhew him a trick at the next turning. It was a brave word of my Grocer, open thy Basket: They were Letters of Gold engraven in my Heart. I laded my Shoulders with it, feigning it was very heavy: But my heaviness was, because there was no more of it. The Grocer goes before and I follow, praying that I might meet with some throng or press of people, that I might have opportunity to effect my purpole. And as we entred the principal Gate, there was a great stop with Coaches, which gave me leave to get three Streets from my Grocer, by a blind Postern-door. And running from one Corner to another, with a quick, but not discomposed pace, I escaped gallantly to Puertala Rega, where I cased my self of my Load, and made towards the River; and being affifted by the Night, I croffed over to Casade Campo, and in the midst of a poplar-grove, I cast Anchor, that I might with mature Counsel, think on things to come: For of little use are good beginnings, unless they are crowned with prosperous endings. What good would this Theft have done me, but to lofe with it my Ears, and perhaps my Life, if I had been taken? I made tryal where the Water was deepeft; and wrapping the Money in the lineing of my Breeches, I made a deep hole and put it in, covering it handfomely with Sand and Stones, I set up a mark, that I might not forget the place where I left it.

Here I continued fifteen days (going by Night to the next Village for my Victuals) till the Hue and Crv was paft and gone, which undoubtedly was made after me. Now I thought they had loft my

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footing, and the Coast being clear, I made up a little fardel of the old linings that were left of my Jerkin; wherein I had clotely lapt up this my Heart-Blood. I began to fet forward when it was dark, going out of the Road-way, taking by-places, and the most unfrequented Paths; passing through La Sagra de Teledo, atriving the next morning at a bottom called Acuqueica; there, under some Quince-Tree, I rested my self. I found close by meayoung Youth: he feemed to be some Citizens Son, who upon an unadvifed confideration, had left his Parents, to Travel and see the World: He carried his fardel at his Back, which, when we were to depart, he took up very heavily, letting it fall again, faying, Gods curse go with thee; I am almost resolved to leave thee behind me. We had exchanged as occasion offered, much discourse, taking account of each others Voyage. He did not deal truly with me, nor would I confess my felf to him: for my own lyes, I knew those that he told me. All that I could draw from him, was the knowledge of his wants. I conjectured that the burden of which he complained, was a Sute of Cloathes: And upon my enquiry, he told me it was Apparel. The induction I thought was good: wherefore I resolved to proceed farther. I advised him, that being Laden with an unnecessary burden, he should convert it into ready Money, which would be more beneficial to him. The Youth faid, your Counfel is good and profitable; but Confeio fin remedio, es cuerpo fin alma: Counfel without a Cure. is like a Body without a Soul. What doth it import me, if I want a Chapman to buy it? I askt him, what colour it was, and whether it was much worn. He replyed, The fute is of a mingled colour, and reasonable good. I told him, I am bound to Toledo, and would willingly go to my Friends in a handfomer fashion than I am in; and if your Sute of Cloaths

like me, I will give you present payment. The Young Man looked sadly upon me: wondering I should talk of Money, for all the cloaths on my Back would not make a Cust for a Bartholomew-Baby: with entreaty, he loosed his Fardel, and takes out a Cloke, a pair of Breeches, a Cassock, two Shirts, and a pair of Silk-Stockings: all which fitted me exactly. I agreed with him for one hundred Ryals. Nor were they worth more. I ripped open the side of my bundle, and numbred his Money to him in Quartes; which done, we parted: and though late, I came that night to Toledo.

CHAP. XI.

Guzman de Alfarache Cloath's himself Gallantly, makes love to certain Gentlewomen, and telleth how in Toledo, and in Malagon he was derided.

I was a common faying, An Ape though cloathed in Gold, will be an Ape still, I will turn Gallant, be a Gentleman to day, and a Porter to morrow: For he that knows not how to live by the Sweat of his Brows, must quickly fall into Poverty, as you may perceive in the sequel of my story.

My first work the next morning, was to alter my Doublet, my Shoes, and my Hat. I set on new Buttons on my Cassock, and put Silk Sleeves instead of Cloath. With little cost I had transformed my Sute: Fearing for my Sins Sake to be taken in a Trap, and so pay for this and the last years Reckoning.

As I past by Socodover the Market-place in Tole-

do (where I never went but in fear, which made me lie in one Lodging but three Nights, least any knowing me, I might be apprehended, and carried to Prison) I saw many Gallant Gentlemen richly Apparelled, which set me on fire to appear in my Bravery; for my Money (like a young Devil) went gin-

gle, gingle, and Laughed in my Face.

Hereupon I ordered my Tayler to finish my Sute; which he did in three days. My Doublet was of Cloath of Gold, my Breechesof Murrey-Sattin, trimmed with tensils of Gold; my Hat answerable to the rest, imbroidered about the brims, adorned with a curious Plume of Feathers. So that now I did scarce know my felf, I was grown so fine on a sudden. And now my imployment was to strut proudly about the Streets of Toledo, as if I had been the Son of some principal Man of the City. I likewise entertained a pretty Page, whom I clad handsomely to attend my Person. Carrying my felf in that vain and idle sashion, that all which observed my antick gestures, derided my folly; but I rather thought they did admire my Gallantry.

There was a Gentlewoman of extraordinary beauty, fixed her eyes upon my Person, or to speak more truly upon my purse; supposing by my good out-side, that I was Master of a great wealth. Going out of the Church, I followed her to her House; I adventured to discourse with her of Love: but to all my follies she was dumb; only sometimes she did me the honour to discover her Face to me. Being arrived at her house, which was near the Solana of Saint Cyprian; before she entred in, she made me a kind of reverence and courtesse. And I

returned to my lodging.

At the corner of the Street, a young Wench stood covered with a Man'le, who as I passed by beckoned me to her with her fair hand, telling me she was Servant

Servant to a married Gentlewoman of good Quality, to whom I was much obliged, for the great affection she bare me: She enquired where I lodged, having bufiness as she pretended, of much importance from her Mistress to dispatch with me. I was To much taken with this, that I thought my own Aims too fhort to embrace my good Fortune; flattering my felf that all the Ladies and Gentlewomen In the Town were in love with me, and would contest who should enjoy me first. To this her Message I returned a very grave Answer, with a grateful acknowledgment of this favour. And after I had informed her of my Lodging, she departed from me. I thought time's glass did not run fast enough: I thought every hour a thousand years, till I might fee my other Mistress. I walked into the Street where she dwelt; circling more rounds about her House, than a Mill-horse. When it began to grow late, she came forth (as by stealth) to talk with me from her Window; she told me, I must Sup with her that night. I commanded my Servant to provide me a fat Capon, a brace of Partridges, a baked Coney, a Bottle of Wine, the best Bread, and some Fruits, and other things for the latter Course. About Supper-time I came to the appointed place, where I was received with great courtefie and kindness; perceiving it to grow late, I entreated her to command the Table to be covered! But she had other Irons in the Fire; and delayed the time, telling the was a Virgin, her descent Noble, and that the had a Brother, a young Man, ill-governed, a roaring Boy that feldom came home unless at Meals, and spent the rest of the day in play, and other wouthful pleasures. Whilst we were in this discourse, one knocks at the Door: She cries out, ah me, I am undone, I am undone! She acted her part fo well, that the might have deceived a Man better expe-

ex perienced than my felf. She begged me with Tears, to hide my felf, a while in a Tinaja, a wide Vessel of Earth used to hold Water but empty, yet was it flimy about the fides. When I was got in the claps a lid over to it, and returns to her Estrado. Her Brother comes in, faying, fo much Smoak promifes good cheer, or is it a great Fire and little Roft? He enters the Kitchin and furveys our Provision, asking his Sifter if the were to be married that night, or whom she had invited to Supper. She excused her self, but how I know not; for the Tinaja being covered, I could not well understand more than the noise of her Words. After Supper he takes a Candle and fearches the House, makes fast the Street-door, and goes with her into their private Chamber. I was all this while at my devotions, and all the prayers I had learned in my life time, I repeated over and over, that God might blind his Eyes, that he might not find me. Perceiving the House to be quiet, and my felf out of danger, I leapt out of my Tinaja, like another Jonas out of the Whales Belly, I ranged about the House, and at last came to her Chamber, where like a Cat I feratched at the Door with my Fingers that she might heat me; but this deaf Adder had stopt her Fars. When I faw the day appear, inraged, desperate, and ready to freeze with cold, I opened the Street-door. and went forth (like a Fool as I came) curfing, and making Crosses upon the Wall, never to return thither more. Being at my Lodging the remembrance of the wrong done me, and my own bad Fortune. would not let me fleep.

In the morning I heard some noise at my Chamber-door: it was the Maid that had dogg'd me the day before, and her Mistress, who sitting close to my bed-side, asked me my business, who I was, and how long I stay'd in Town. All that I told her were lies

for I was made of nothing elfe. She was too crafty for me, and began to pitch the Hay, wherewith she meant to catch the Coney. She takes out certain Beads of Coval, playing with them in her hand; and feigning the had loft a Relick that was fastned to them. She seemed much afflicted for the loss of it, and rose up to return to her own bouse, that she might lose no time to recover it. Nor could I persuade her to stay, although I made her large. proffers: but the promifed to come and visit me again, and fend her Maid to acquaint me if she found her loft Jewel. It grieved me to let her depart for Toon from me; for the was beautiful, gallant and discreet. After dinner her Maid returns, to see if her Miftress, playing with her Rosario in her hand, had let fall that piece: we were all upon our Knees: to feek it: but it could not be found, because it was: never loft. Then did she describe unto me, the true fashion and proportion of it; obliging me with good words to buy her fuch another; promising her Mistress should return to me the next morning. I went to the Gold-Smiths, and bought her a little Golden Book, curiously wrought and inameled, with which the went clear away; for I never after law neither Maid nor Miftress.

I had a great defire to know the truth of the laft nights passage, whether it were accidental, or a trick put upon me. I returned to my former walk. where I found my Miffress in a sad and dejected po-Thure: The came to the door, and whifpered foftly unto me, to walk gently to the great Church, which I did. She takes her Mantle and follows me; We meet at one instant between the two Quires, passing quite through the Church, she entred into a Merant's Shop in the Alcana, there she gave me fatisfaction, vowing with a thouland Oaths fhe was innocent: She filled my heart with this wind, and I be-

lieved her well-composed lyes; she promised this night to content me, though she were sure to lose her life in the enterprize. Here the bought some Silk, which amounted to a hundred and fifty Ryals, The asked the Merchant what the should pay him weekly, till the debt were out: He answered, Mi-- Rrefs I do not use to part from my wares upon these . terms, nor will I fell upon truft. Then I told him, Sir, this Gentlewoman is disposed to jest with you, The hath Money sufficient to satisfie a greater demand then yours: I am her Purfe-bearer, and the Steward of her house, So taking some Crowns out of my pocket, I freed my felt from baseness, and her from the debt. Nor did I repent my felf of what I had done; for I supposed I had by my fair proceedings obliged her unto me. I asked her it she would keep touch, and at what hour I should come: She assured me not to fail at ten in the night. At the hour appointed, I put on my old disguise, and gave the fign agreed upon between us; which was to give certain ftrokes with aftone under her Window: but it was alike, as if I had bestowed them upon the Bridge of Alcantra. I thought the hour not yet come, and danced attendance till it was twelve of the clock, making the former figns; but all in vain. My labour was loft, for he whom the called her: Brother, was her Gallant; and they maintained themselves by these cheating tricks, and consorted together in all they did. You fee here how well I imployed my purse and pains.

The next morning I went to the place of Socidover, where I heard two Mules cried to go for Almagro, I was flower in the hearing, then in the agreeing for them: For every thing in Toledo I thought
I melt of Brooms and the Soles of old Shoes. That
night I reached to Orgaz: the next to Malagen,
whither I came very weary, in the Inn. there came

to take charge of my Cloaths, and other things I brought with me, a young Wench, feeming to be somewhat more than a Servant, and less than a Daughter: She had a good face, pleafant behaviour, and wit enough. I could not four her that Question, whereunto she did not kick me an Answer; we continued our conversation till I had procured her confent to come to me, after her Master and Mistress were in Bed. I intended to rife early, and therefore willed my Servant to bring our Mules allowance of Straw and Barley into my chamber, which he did; and leaving the Door open, went to Bed. About mid-night a little She-Afs had flipt her Halter in the Stable, and came directly to my Lodging, Imelling the Barley she thrust in her Head, which made the Door creek: I believed it was the Maid, being mindful of the promife the made me, I called ento her, the Ass hearing my voice was afraid, putting one of her Feet into the frail in which the Barley was. I thinking the Wench had flumbled by chance upon it, leapt out of my Bed, and faid to her, come hither Sweet-heart, come to Red, and tretching out my felf to give her my Hand, the As struck me such a blow with her Head against my Face, that she set me on my Breech and fled from me: For if she had stayed till I got up, I had doubtless thrust my Dagger in her Belly. I bled much both at Mouth and Nofe: And curfing Love, and the miferies that accompany it, I swore never to trust in a Womans promise.

CHAP. XII.

Guzman Lists bimself for a Soldier, and in a short time his Money is all gone; and he, to his grief, is forced to serve a Captain.

Y pain and weariness was the occasion I rose not so early as I intended; but I hasted away (though late) and arriving at Almagro, I saw a Banner hanging out of a window; and inquiring, I was informed a great Company of Soldiers lay in the Town. This hapned well for me, I resolved to bid adieu to my former troubles, and list my self a Soldier. The Host in whose house I lodged seeing me so well Accommodated, asked my Servant who I was; but they knowing nothing but what they heard from me, said that my Name was Don Juan de Guzman, Son to a principal Gentleman of the house of Toral.

In the morning I fet forth my felf in my greatest Gallantry, and after Mass I went to visit the Captain, telling him, I was come to prefent my fervice to him. He received me with abundance of courtefie, which was no more than my respect unto him might challenge; befides, the thousand Ryals in my purse might merit some Respect. The rest of the Birds were flown, like Noah's Dove, never to return again. My fifteen hundred Ryals spent in courting Wenches, brave Cloaths, and good Fellowship. Upon the way, he admitted me in his own fquadron, eaufing me to fit at his Table, and entreating me with much love and kindness. In requital whereot, I made him large prefents, as if I were fure to meet (where-ever I came) another Grocer, and grove of Trees, wherein I might hide my felf.

Thus

Part I.

Thus did I consume my self and my time, till we were to march away: We were put into a Church, and called out one by one. When the Pay-Master saw me, he said, I seemed too young to be enrolled: which made me exceeding angry, telling him, Sir, I consels my years are sew, but my Courage as great as any mans. He answered me very gravely, saying, Sir, I question not your valour; but seeing you are under age, I cannot admit you, without detriment to my self. My Captain was very sensible of his business, and imployed all his interest to keep me in: but his endeavours were in vain. He came to me at my Lodging, telling me in brave and gallant terms how grieved he was to part with me.

The next day, the Company marched to the Sea-Coast; (the Captain still spending liberally upon my purse) there we stayed three months, expecting the Gallies to transport us: in which time my purse had spit her venome; my frequent gaming did likewise promote my ruine the sooner, so that my Cash was

was all gone.

When I faw my felf reduced to my former estate. I was ready to run out of my little wits; for the Captain, and all those whom I feasted in my prosperity, had now forfaken me; and by degrees poor Don Juan de Guzman was degraded. I was like that Obfpillo de san Nicholas, that little Bishop, Saint Nicholas, respected only on his holy-day: and fo I, while I had money in my purfe, and no longer. Those that formerly did honour me, feast and banquet with me; the heart-firings of my purse being broken, forfook and flighted me; and all because I was poor; as if poverty had been an offence. My conversation was wholly with the Boys that carried Wallet and Knapfacks for the Soldiers. Que quien tal baze, que affi lo pague; As aman brews, fo let bim bake.

CHAP.

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CHAP. XIII.

Guzman declares his misfortunes, and how he followed a Captain till he came into Italy: Exercising himself in all kind of Thests and Rogueries.

Bring poor I did not count it my least riches, that I had left a stamp and impression in all Mens minds, that I was of a Noble and tree disposition; my former actions speaking for me though I were silent; my Captain acknowledged the courte-sty I used towards him, and was more willing then able to help me; for (poor Man) he was in want himself.

I was forced to lay aside my Gallantry, and to put on that rich (but disrespected) Robe of Humility, which I scorned when I was sush and sull of Mo-

ney.

Not being able to subsist of my self, I served my Captain, making him my Master who was before my Companion. He commanded me with respect, considering that my excesses and ill-governed youth had brought me to this low Ebb. He held me as Faithful and Secret as I was patient; believing I would not act any thing unworthy a Gentleman, or below my supposed Birth and Parentage, for any Interest in the World.

I did much grieve at my Captains poverty; for the necessity of him that is Noble, moves pity in

the most obdurate Hearts.

I never fuffer'd my Master to be without a Hen, Chicken, Capon or Pigeon, both at Dinner and Supper: And every Sunday a Gammon of Bacon boiled in Wine.

When

When the Muster-Master came to see if the Companies were full, I would thrust in five or six young tellows of the Town, and make them pass the Muster. And once I caused one Man to pass five times by changing his habit; and last of all clapt a Plaister upon his Nose that he might not be discovered. For these good services my Master loved me dearly; but he was a great spender: Therefore this,

and all I could do was too little.

When we were come to Parcelona, and ready to . embark, my Master was much troubled, and in great want of Money, having received no pay from the King; I knew well his difeafe, having formerly cured him of the fame diffemper. He had many Jew, els of worth, and amongst the rest an Agnus Det. very curioufly and richly enameled. This I received of him, promising to return it again with good Interest within two days. With it I went to a Gold-Smith, who was a rich Man and a great Ufurer: I told him by what means I came to this Company; and that having fpent all my Moneys, I referved some Jewels to supply my wants when all was gone; but before he proceeded on the bargain, I advised him to inform himself of my Person and Quality, whilft I flaved for him by the Sea-side alone. The Captains and Officers affured him I was Son to a principal Cavallero, rich and Nobly defcended; that I came to their Company with a couple of Servants well clad attending on me, and good store of Crowns; that having spent it all, I was in that poor condition himself faw me. All this made well for me; my honest Gold-Smith returns, faving, he was fatisfied that he might fafely deal with me for any thing I should fell him; he defired to fee my Jewel, protesting to give as much for it as it was worth; and going afide into a fecret place I exposed it to view. I perceived he liked it well, only

he found a thousand faults with it, to bring down my price; I was refolved he should not have it under a hundred and fifty Crowns; for besides the Gold there were in it many Stones of good value. He offered me a thousand Ryals at the first word: At left my fubtle Merchant proffers me one hundred and twenty Crowns. I thought I should never get more of him; and that it was enough, if not too much for what I pretended. He defired me to go home with him and receive my Money: But I excused my felf, telling him that it would be a hazard to me, if I should be seen by any of the Soldiers in his Company, who without doubt would fleal it from me. He approved my reasons, and departed. I had appointed my Companion, a confident Servant of my Masters, to lie close in ambush till I gave him a fign to appear. The Gold-Smith returned to me, telling out the Crowns in the palm of my Hand. The Jewels was in a Purfe, and made fast to my Doublet: I fought to untye it, but could not. My Usurer had hanging at his Girdle, a pair of Knives in a greafie sheath; one of which I prayed him to lend me: which he did. I cut the string, but left the knot fast tied as it was before, and gave him the Agnus Dei inthe Purse, which he put in his Bosom in the same manner I had given it him; we took our leave, and he went his way. My Companion upon the fign appears, to whom I delivered the Crowns to give my Mafter: That done, I made after my Gold-Smith, and ran after him till he came even with a Company of Soldiers that were standing together. I laid fast hold on him with both my Hands, crying out, A Theif, a Thief! help honest Soldiers for Gods fake, come in and help me; for the Rogue hath robbed me of a Jewel, which if I cannot return to my Master, he will kill me. The Soldiers believed me: and because he that

that complains first, the Justice commonly goes on his fide, I kept fuch a noise and clamour, that when he spoke he could not be heard. To those that asked the cause of my exclamation, I said that my Captain this Morning had left his Agnus Dei at his Bedshead upon his Pillow, which I put in my Bosom, thinking I had it fafe enough; but meeting with this good Man by the Sea-side, and knowing him to be a Gold-Smith, I asked him what it might be worth: He told me the Body of the Jewel was but Copper double guilt, and that the Stones were Adulterate, and no better than Glass; yet when he asked me if I would fell it, I told him it was my Mafters. After this he proceeded further in discourse with me, till we were both alone and out of fight; drawing his Knife, faid to me, if thou makest any words or dott but ftir a Foot, I will presently cut thy Throat. I flood quaking whilft he robbed me, and because he could not untye the knots, he cut the ftring, and went away with it, and I believe he hath it still about him : Search him I befeech you good Soldiers; fearch bim for Gods fake. The Soldiers feeing my Purse cut indeed, forthwith fearched the Gold-Smith, and found the Agnus Dei in his Bosom. Then he curfed and fwore with no. small Oaths, that I had fold it to him for one hundred and twenty Crowns, and with my own Hands had cut the Purse, and delivered it to him. He complains to the Justice, before whom I was brought, and did not fail of one fyllable of my former Relation. The Witnesses were sworn, and justified what they had heard and feen. The Gold-Smith was feverely punished, and I had my Jewel given me in open Court, with which I went to my Mafter, and before all the People I gave it to him.

With these kind of Cordials I kept my Master in heart, till we arrived at Genoa. There be many

that love the Treason, but few that like the Traytor. My captain called me aside, saying, Come
Youth, you are now in Italy, your service will be
of little use to me, and your rogueries will do me
much harm: here is something to help you on your
journey; dispatch quickly and be gone, for you have
free liberty to go where you please. Thus Virtue
never leaves any Man unrewarded; whereas Vice
never suffers any man to escape without punishment
and shame.

CHAP. XIV.

Guzman discourseth of poverty; and not finding his kindred in Genoa, he goes to Rome; he relateth a jest that was put upon him in the City.

Fter I left the Captain my Master, I made enquiry for my Fathers ancient Family, and great Alliance in the City. Every man to whom I revealed my felf, relieved me with a box on the ear, and a kick on the breech. He that used me most courteously, spit in my face, called me Rogue, Villain, er Moor. I think my Father was Terra Filius, cr dead two hundred years fince; for I could not find so much as a foot-step of any Friend or Kinsman of his. At last I met with one, that faluting me with a Serpents tail, said, I heard much (my Boy) of your Father, and can bring you acquainted with those that shall give you a perfect relation of your Family, which are the best and noblest of all the City: I suppose you have supt already: this night lodge with me, and in the morning I shall conduct you to those that long conversed with him. The gravity

gravity with which he spake, his decent attire, baldhead, and white beard, represented unto me another Saint Paul. I trusted my self with him, followed him to his house, with more desire to sup than to sleep, for that I made but a bad dinner,

When we came to his house, a Servant came to take off his Cloak: he talked with him in Italian a while, and sent him forth. He addresses himself to me, asking me divers Questions concerning Spain, and more particularly of my Mother, especially what estate she had lest, how many Brothers she had, and in what street she lived: to all his demands

I answered very advisedly.

The Servant returned: and the old Fox faid, Young man, it were best for you that you go to bed, and in the morning we shall have more time to enlarge our discourse. Then he calls, Ola Antonia Maria, come away, and conduct this Gentleman to hed. I passed through many spacious Rooms, wrought with goodly Pillars, and the Pavement of Alabaster hewn four fquare; my Chamber was well furnished, a fair Bed, and handsome hangings. The Servant that attended me, offered his fervice to pull off my cloaths; but they were fo regged, I knew not well how to put them off or on my felf, without great care had to dispose of one piece after another; besides, when they were laid abroad, it was impossible to difcern which was the doublet or breeches: and thus foul and louzy I crept in between the Sheets: my Bed was foft and good, my Sheets clean; I began to think this good old man was my Kiniman, but would not discover himself till morning.

The Servant went forth leaving the Candle burning. I defired him to put it out, but he told me it was defensitive against the Bats and Rear-mice, which were numerous in that Countrey: and also, that this place was full of Hobgoblins and Robin-

good-

good-fellows, which in the dark did play mad tricks.

All this I believed with great simplicity.

He was no fooner gone, but I got up and made tast the door; not that I was afraid of Robbing, but out of a suspicion and jealousie that some bad fortune might betall me, being young, unknown,

and in a ftrange place.

About midnight I was awakned by a confused noise of four parts: by their shape, black habit, and ugly vizards. I believed they were Devils that for my fins came to plague me. Having walked their stations about the Chamber, they came to my Bed, putting me in fuch a fright, that for a time I loft my Senses, Without a word speaking, they pulled off the Quilt and Sheets, leaving me in the Blanket. I made hafte to blefs and crofsmy felf, calling a thoufand times upon the name of Jesus; but they were Demonii baptizati, and therefore drew nearer unto me. Every one took hold of his corner, and drew me into the middle of the Room, which was high Roofed, and fitting for their purpose: They began to blanket me, and tofs me up in the Air, as they use to serve Dogs at Shrovetide; till growing weary, they laid me down on the bed, covering me with Cloaths, leaving me almost dead, and so dis-joynted and broken (as it were) in pieces, that I knew not whether I were in Heaven or here upon Earth.

It was now about eight in the morning, and I was willing to rife; but I thought I did not smell so sweet as I should. My Body did Stick to the Sheets like a Plaister. This put me in mind of my old Mistress, the Cooks Wife. I rubbed my self with the cleanest part of the Sheets; although my bones did rattle in my skin, like Chess-men in a bag, yet I dissembled it the best I could, in regard of the slovenly part I had done against my will; searing, if they should smell out the seebleness of my retentive faculty, the

fame Devils would come in again and torment me.

The Servant that brought me hither, came to me, letting me to know his Master expected me at Church: And that he might not stay behind in the Chamber; I desired him to conduct me to the door, being unacquainted with the house. When I saw my self at liberty, I posted out of the City, vexing at the disgrace I had put upon me, and began my Journey toward Rome.

parsons about the Chamber, they came to my Bed, parsons are in in vx in P. Arth 3 time I loft my

Guzman after his departure from Genoa, falls to his old trade of Begging, and was by fome of the fraternity instructed in the Statutes and Laws of Beggars and Picaro's.

IF Lot's Wife had fied so fast as I (did out of Genoa) she had never been turned into a Pillar of Salt. I never offered to look black: my anger spurred me to the height of my speed. I was one of those with whom necessity fell in love, and never lest my company, making me live in deadly sins to maintain her. I was bic & ubiq; to day in one place, to morrow in another; begging an Alms of all I met.

Italy is a very charitable Countrey, and I found much sweetness in my begging Trade. In a short

time I grew flush and full of money.

In my Journey from Genoa to Rome, I spent not one farthing: that money that was given me, I kept entire; and for victuals, I had more then sufficed me; for (like a young fool) I threw that many times to the Dogs, which afforded me no small gains when

I had more judgment. I visited the Cardinals, Embassiadors, Princes, Bishops, and other great Mens Houses.

My first Tutor was a crafty young Beggar (an Italian) that red Lectures unto me, instructing me in the different species and forms of begging. Men do not delight in curious works; an honest plain kind of begging without exclamations, is most acceptable to them. Senn r por amor de Dios: Good Sir, for Gods sake, &c. But Women are much devoted to the Virgin Mary, to our Lady Del Rosario; with these you may use more reedom of speech, and importunity makes their purses she open presently.

There was not a Man with whom I was not acquainted, from the Pope to him that had no Cloak; that is, from the highest to the lowest: And that I might not be too troublesome by begging in one place, or of one Person, I came over all the Streets of Rome, dividing the whole City into certain quarters: Every Working-day I walked my several station; but on Sundays and Holy days, I constantly begged at the Churches, for there was my best purchase. Light gain, makes a heavy purse. I got much money by selling those pieces of Meat and Bread I could not eat, to certain poor men that went not a begging, but were next door to it.

Going one morning to receive Alms at the French Ambassadors house, I over-heard the beggars discoursing of me. One said, this Spanish Boy is but lately some to Rome; and I have observed, that when he hath filled his Belly, if any give him Viduals, he refuseth it; telling them, (God be thanked) he hath dined already: and unless we speedily

prevent him, he will ruine our trade.

There was amongst them an excellent proficient in that Art, who calling me aside, (like a Prince of Beggars) began to demand of me my Name, and Country, Countrey, and the reason of my coming thither Then he delivered me the great Obligation which Beggars were to observe in all their actions, to correspond, and consederate together like sworn Brothers.

Indeed, all that I learned of my former Tutor, and other Rogues of less Talent, were trivial Things, and of no esteem, in comparison of these Precepts which I have received from this grand-Mafter of his faculty. He taught me how many bits I was to eat how to kiss the Alms was given me; the behaviou I was to use, and how to carry my felf upon all occalions; differing the form of Begging, according tothe diversity of mens dispositions. I knew into what houses I might enter even to the Bed-side; and where I might not press further than the door. I knew whom I might be bold to importune, and who I was not to follicite or fpeak unto but once. He gave me all the Statute-Laws and Orders, to be obferved amongst Beggars, for the avoiding of scandal.

The Laws and Ordinances which are inviolably to be observed and kept in the Common-wealth of Beggars.

Total of Begging, and are diffinguished and known by their found, and by a differing Form from all others; as the Almaines by their singing and going in Troops; the French by their singing and going in Troops; the French by their praying, the Flemines by their congies and humility; the Typsies by their importunity; the Portugals by their weeping; the Italians by their long circumlocutions; and the Spaniar ds by their high language and proudcarriage.

carriage, whereby they make themselves odious, and are imputed insusterable proud Rogues: These therefore we will and command, to reform this disorder, that they do not swear, curse, or blaspheme; (as too commonly they use to do) but behave themselves according to our Statutes and Ordinances in that Case provided.

Item, That no Beggar may or do ware any new Garment, or but half worn, but such as is torn, thread-bare, and sull of patches. Always provided, that if any such Coat or Cloak shall be given by way of Alms, it shall be lawful for him wear it, that only wherein it was given him, without any further limitation or licence: upon pain of our ge-

neral displeasure, and his own particular hinderance.

Item, That no Beggar carry from the Knife-up-wards, any Weapon, desensive or offensive: that he wear no Gloves, nor Garters on his Hose, upon pain of forfeiting his temporalities. And it shall be lawful to bear about them an Awle, Needle, Thread, Thimble, a wooden Dish, a pair of Sizars, a Scrip or Wallet. Provided always, that they carry no Burthens, Alforias, or Knapsacks: but it shall be only lawful for them to walk with two Crutches, and a pretended fore Leg, or the like counterseit.

Item, We will and command, That no man discover the secrets and mysteries of our Trade, nor publish them to any, but those that are Professors of the said Art. And that all Beggars shall manifest and make known to each other, as those houses where Alms is given; and especially such places where the Gastants meet and court their Mistresses; for that is a constant Rent, and seldom faileth.

Item, That no Reggars prefume to come to the Butchers Shambles, or the Fish-Market, to buy either Flesh or Fish, unless it be in case of great necessity; nor, that he sing, play upon any Instru-

ment,

ment, leap or dance, by reafon of the scandal that

may arife by fo doing.

Item, That no Beggar give consent or suffer his Children to be bound Apprentice to any Trade, or serve any Man whom he shall acknowledge for his Master; for their gains will be little and their labour much: And therein they shall greatly offend, by not following the steps of their fore-fathers, and running a course quite contrary to that good way.

wherein they have been born and bred.

Item, We license and permit those Beggars that are disposed, to rent certain Children to the Number of four, (but not above,) their ages being first examined. And if it be a Woman that goes about with these Children, she shall bear one of them sucking at her Breast: And if a Man, he shall carry one of them in his Arms, and lead the other, and not otherwise. And it shall be Lawful for those Children to beg an Alms for their poor Father or Mother that are sick and weak in their Beds, and have five small Children ready to starve. Provided that these Children exceed not six years; for then they are ready to shift for themselves, and like Birds that are sluth, to forsake the Nest, and bring home their prey at the usual hours.

Item, We will and command that no Man commit any gross villany, as to steal Houshold-stuff, untyle Houses, nor to strip Children out of their Cloaths; upon pain of being excluded from our fraternity, and to be remitted over to the secular

power.

Item, Our will and pleasure is, that every Beggar when he shall be of sull age, that is, (three years after twelve sully compleat and ended) having legally and worthily laboured in that course of life, and attained to the true Art of this our free and noble Prosession; we surther will and command, that

he have, hold, and enjoy all the Liberties, Priviledges and Exemptions granted by us under our great Seal. Provided, that he shew his obedience unto us, by observing our Laws and Statutes, and submitting himself to our Censure, in case he shall offend against them.

CHAP. XVI.

Guzman is check'd by a learned Rogue, of whom he learns divers new Orders and Capitulations; besides many Precepts and good Lessons of a Cordovese, who was Doctor in his Faculty.

DEfides these Ordinances they had many other, which they duely observed, and were much illustrated by a begging Rogue, whose name was Alberto Mizer Morcon, who in Rome we had chosen for our General, and for his Stature, Shape, proportion of Body, and commendable carriage, deferved to have the Imperial Crown fet upon his Head. He might be truly stiled the Prince of Roguery, and Arch-beggar of Christendom. And although he got more in one day, than any fix ordinary Beggars; yet he confumed all in Wine; and being our Superiour, forced us (as Vasfals to his good or bad fortune) to pay tribute towards his relief. I never faw him Buttoned, nor covered from the Girdle upwards, nor fo much as half a Hofe or Shoe upon his Foot or Leg. His Head was always bare, and his Body did shine and glister, as if it were dayly anointed and bafted with Bacon.

This upright Man did ordain, that every Beggar
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thould carry with him a Wooden Dish in the crown

of his Hat or some other convenient place.

That he who did not Drink a found draught after his Sallet, should be made incapable to Drink afterwards.

That no begging Rogue should buy any Comfits, Conserves, or the like sweet things.

That every one should Eat either Pepper or Salt

with his Meat, unless it were feafoned before.

That the poor Rogues should sleep upon the ground in their Cloaths, without Pillow or Bolster, lying upon their Backs with their Faces up to Heaven.

That having got enough to spend, he should trouble himself no surther, nor beg any more that day: But give others leave to begin where he lest off.

These Laws and Orders I committed to my memory, being as religious and observant of them, as

if my falvation had depended thereon.

Upon a Feast-day about the end of August, towards one of the Clockin the afternoon, I went into the City, in that great heat, and fuch a fcorching Sun, that I am not able to express it, persuading my self I should be relieved; for every one that heard me, would suppose me ready to starve, begging at such an unfeafonable time. I walked my station, and vifited many houses, but could get nothing but evil Words and Curles, asking me in the Devils name what I did there. I came to one, where I knockt at the Door with my Staff, and had no answer. I knockt the fecond time, but it was all one. Then I strained my Voice to the highest Key. Whilst I was bawling at the Door, a roguish Kitchin-boy who was fcowring Difhes, came to the fame Window under which I stood, and poured down upon me a Bucket of scalding water: I began to cry out, That

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I was Killed by some in that House; and that it was impossible I should live. True it is, I was scalded, but not in that cruel manner I pretended. My lamentable exclamation caused many People to flock about me. One faid, It was ill done; another, that it was my own fault: And of those that were tender hearted I received Money, with which I dryed

my felf, and returned home.

By the way I met with one of our Corporation: He was of Cordove; which I tell you, that you may know, he was dy'd in his wooll, a Rogue in grain. His Mother brought him to Rome Sucking at her Breaft, in the last year of Jubilee. When he faw me fo like a Dish-clout (for my Garments were imbroidered with Greafe, and the empty husks of Peafe) he:asked what defign I had been upon. When I acquainted him with the futcess of the business, he was ready to burst with Laughter, making himself merry at the Relation of my misfortunes.

At last he composed his Countenance, and with a fetled gravity told me, being you are my Countrey-Man and a young Lad, I will inflined you, that in the Summer-time presently after Dinner, you must not go a Begring, for then most men are disposed to fleep in some cool Room; and importunities at

that time are most unpleasing unto them.

Never prefume to draw a Latch, or open a Door that is shut, least a Dog come forth and carry away

half a Buttock at a bite.

Again, When you Beg, do not Laugh or change' your Countenance; but diffemble thy felf Sick, though thou be perfectly in Htalth.

On thy Cloaths clap many patches of divers Co-

lours, though they be whole.

Where thou art well-used, repair daily: for as devotion aboundeth, fo shall thy stock increase.

Befides all this, he taught me how to feign my felf felf a Leper, to wound my Flesh, to rear a Blister in my Leg, to set a counterfeit Colour on my Face,

and other curious fecrets of his Art.

When we faw a great Troop of People together, we repaired our felves to Halt and use Crutches, change our Looks, take one another upon our Backs, seign our felves Dumb Cripled or Blind, some of us had always certain Swathes hanging at our Necks, in which on a sudden we put our Feet, and pretended Lameness. With these tricks, and the help of good Language, desiring God to send them to their Journeys end, we were sure to get Money.

We had no House or Dwelling place; vet every House was ours: For either a Cardinals, Embassa-dors, or Noble-Mans Porch did never fail us; and if we should be driven from any of these, the Church-Porches were free for the Common wealth

of Beggars.

CHAP. XVII.

Guzman relateth his success with a Gentleman; and of the freedom and happy life that Beggars enjoy.

I Stood one day in the outward Court of the Cardinals House near the Porch, with a rust t Cloak, just as it came from the Sheeps Back, and full of patches which I had put on on purpose. Whilst I was writing, these comes a Cavallero to visit the Cardinal, who by his Person and Attendance, seemed to be a Gentleman of great worth. He supposed I was sick of an Ague, and had then my cold sit upon me: But the reason was, I had lodged all night in the

Wind blew cold. He lookt earnestly upon me, and kindly said, put on thy Hat my Boy, cover thy Head; and drawing out sourteen Ryals, he put them in my Hand. I was ravished, and almost beside my self, as well to possess his liberal Alms, as to see him go from me with his Eyes listed up to Heaven. Such good Men as these did (in the exercising of their charity) gain Heaven by our Hands; and we (wicked Rogues) have soft it by theirs. We went allways gorged: greater Gluttons and Drunkards the world did not afford. The Senators of Rome did not live more Merrily: for we were all good Trencher-men, and as perfect Epicures as the best of them.

I will give you one example of a Picaro in my time; his name was Pantalon Casteleto, a poor Beggar, who for his rare invention and fubtilty was in great efteem. He had a Son by his first Wife, for whom it was his continual care and fludy, that he might live well without being Apprentice to any Trade. This cruel Father acts one of the greatest and most unnatural cruelties, that the wit of Man could devise. He maims this poor innocent Infant, his Head feemed to be fet backwards, his Face hanging upon his Shoulders, his Fore-head and Eye-brows fcorcht and burnt with a thousand wrinkles; he was Crook-backt, his whole body like abottom of Yarn. all one lump, without any shape or fashion that might make him a Man, his Feet turned backwards. and perching over his Shoulders: his only found parts were his Tongue and Arms; the one to Beg, the other to receive his Alms.

Pantalon lived about twenty two years in this manner; at the end whereof he fell fick of a violent Fever. which he knew would certainly kill him. He defired that a known Confessor of his might be

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fent for; and having communicated what he thought fit unto him, his next work was to make his Will; but in the briefest and most compendious words he could invent.

Imprimis, I bequeath my Soulto God that created it; and m: Body to the Earth, to be buri-

ed in my own Parish.

Item, My will is, that my Afs be fold, and the Money bestowed on my Burial; but the Pack-saddle I bequeath unto the great Duke of Florence my Lord and Master, to whom it properly belongs. Him I nominate to be my sile Heir and Executor. After he had sealed this his last

Will and Testament, he died.

When the great Duke had notice of this Will, having formerly heard of the Testator; and that he was a wise and discreet man; he gave order for his Legacy to be brought unto the Palace, and tipt as a funder in his presence. When they had forted the several kinds of Money (which were all in good Gold) the Treasure in the Pack-Saddle amounted unto three thousand and six hundred Spanish Erowns. Every Crown being in full Value four hundred Maravedis. The great Duke caused his Will to be entred, and to remain upon record to after-Ages,

In the City of Gaeta, I fate begging in the Church-Porch; and because I was newly come, I was forced to clap a kind of Scurf upon my Head; in the counterfeiting of which, I was excellently cunning. The Governour of the Town as he past by, gave me an Alms. But, la codizia rompe el Saco: To much covetousness breaks the Bag.

Upon the next Festival-day, I intended to appear with some new invention: I drest me (as to outward view) a most grievous sore Leg, and to the

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Church I went; fometimes lifting up the Cloath to fnew the People my festered Leg. The Governour going from Mass, bid me follow and he would give me a new Shirt: But had I known his Intentions, the best Culverine he had should not have reacht me. When I was within his House, he said, thy Colour and Complexion being good, thy Limbs strong, and no fign of Sickness or Malady appearing, by what means came thy Leg fo fore? I answered him with a troubled delivery, Sir, it hath pleafed God to afflict me with a Gangrene in my Leg, which I believe will suddenly kill me if not prevented. He fent for a Chyrurgeon, who having by force fearched my Leg, he told the Governour, Sir, this Youth hath no more hurt in his Leg, then I have in my Eye, as I shall demonstrate unto you: And taking of Rag after Rag, and the liquid fluff with which I had daubed it, he made my Leg appear whole and found, as indeed it was. The Governour ftood amazed and bleft himfelf; and certainly had he not pitied my Youth, none but God could have freed me from exemplary punishment. He commanded the Beadle of the Parish, to give me in his presence one hundred stripes; enjoyning me to depart the City immediately.

CHAP. XVIII.

Guzman returns to Rome, feigns bimself to have a fore Leg, a Cardinal pities him, and provides bim a Chyrurgeon in his own Houfe, and afterwards receives him for his Page.

Was stirring one-morning betimes, and fate down to beg at one of the Cardinals Gates: and he COMIAS

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coming forth to go to the Palace, stayed to hear in how loud a voice I belought his pity, not using the plainer Notes of eight; but saying, My most reverend Father, I befeech your Illustrious Lordship to take pity of this poor afflicted Sinner; look upon these wretched Limbs, consider my unfortunate years, and take compassion of this miserable Creature; I Beg it at your Noble and Charitable Hand, in the glorious Name of the blessed Passion of our dear Master and Redeemer Jesus Christ.

My Lord Cardinal (after he had heard me with great attention) was extreamly moved, and conceived an extraordinary pity towards me, and commanded his Servants to take me up in their Arms, and carry me into the House, and that stripping me out of my old and rotten Rags, they should lay me in his own Bed, and in the adjoyning Chamber to prepare his: All which was done in a moment. This Holy Man produced me two Chyrurgeons, promifing to see them well rewarded; and committing my

Cure to their Charge, he went to the Palace.

Although we used many Counterfeitings of Sores, yet that I had then made me, was rubbed over with a certain Herb, and whofoever had feen my Leg, would have judged it incurable: and if the use of this roguish Herb be left off but three days, Nature it felf, without any help, will reduce the Flesh to that perfection and foundness in which it was at first. This seemed a great cure to these Chyrurgeons: they threw off their Clokes, called for a panof Coals, and unbound the Cloaths about my Leg; which they performed with much dexterity. They asked me how long I had this Store: if I used to drink Wine: what Meats I did most usually feed upon; and fuch other Questions, which those that are skilfill in that Art demand upon the like occafor All these I answered with silence, lying as if

I were half dead; nor was I far from it, seeing to great preparation to cut and cauterize me. That which I suffered in Gaeta, seemed but a Flea-bite unto me: but now I lived in sear that the Cardinal would instict some remarkable punishment upon me, for abusing his pity.

I knew not what to do in this extremity; neither in all the Litany, nor in Flos Sanctorum could I find any Saint that was protector of Villanies, or,

that would excuse them.

Whilst I was thus doubtful what would be the issue of this business; the Covetoniness of the Chyrurgeons opened the door to my remedy.

One of them (who was much the apter Artist) found my Sore to be Counterfeit, and taking the other by the hand, led him into a withdrawing

Room that joyned to my Chamber.

When I faw them go together, I suspected some secret consultation, and stole out of my Bed to listen to their discourse. I heard one of them say, this Beggar is a dissembling Rogue; for these Sores that you see are Counterfeit; and my advice is, not to let the Bird slie from us; for so shall we loose both the Credit and Prosit of the Cure: it we pretend to Heal him, we have no Cure to work upon, and then this Raskal will Laugh at our Ignorance. The other replied, We will take no notice that the Cure is Artisicial, but apply some Emplassers, that shall entertain and delay the time, and our best way will be to begin sirst with sire, cauterizing that part which appears insected.

When they had thus concluded, there was a great contest between them concerning the Gains that would arise from this Cure; and he that first found out the nature of the Sore, would have the best share, or acquaint my Lord Cardinal with the whole

business.

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Part I.

When I perceived my utter Ruine so near, I rushs in, and falling at their Feet, I faid, Gentlemen, on your Tongues depend my life or death; and from my difgrace and punishment no benefit can acrue to you; but from my good, you receive both profit and credit : I know you are not ignorant of the necessity and want which the poor fuffer, and of the hardness. of Rich Mens hearts; that to move them to the more Compassion, we are enforced to wound our Flesh with these kind of Sores, enduring much pain: and it were a great misfortune for others to endure that out of necessity, which we willingly fuffer. I protest by all that is Holy, to be faithful unto you. Therefore I beseech you let us agree together to cozen the Cardinal, for he is Rich; and by this bargain we shall be sufficient gainers. They were to well pleased with my Proposal, that for joy they took me upon their Shoulders, and carried me to bed. Thus were we all refolved every man to act. his part. I was fcarcelaid, and the Cloaths caft upon me, when my Lord Cardinal entred my Chamber: and one of the Chyrurgeons faid, may it please your Lordship, the Ulcer upon this young mans Leg is one of the most desperate that ever I faw, and it is impossible for the Emplaster-we shall apply, to work any good effect without some confiderable time.

Then faid the other, if this Youth had not fallen, into your Lordships charitable Hands, within these . few days the Ulcer had gangrenated; and then all, the World could not have faved his life: But (with w God's affiftance) we shall use such good-means forhis recovery, that within fix Months it not fooner.

his Flesh shall be as perfectly whole as mine.

The good Cardinal, whom Charity had moved to this action, told them, be it in fix or in ten, let it be throughly cured, and I will fee you recomrenfed: in the interim, want nothing that is in my

House:

House: with this he lest them, and withdrew into another Room.

But the Custom of Swearing, Gaming and Beging, are sins hardly left off. It grieved me to be mewed up, and debarred the liberty of enjoying those good and plentiful Alms which I got by Begging: That loss did seem the less, in regard of my curious Entertainment, choice Dyet, and good Lodging that I had; I was attended like a Prince, and cured with that care, as if I had been the Cardinal himself; for such was his command to the Servants of the House.

At length being perfectly cuted of my pretended Uleer, (when the Chyrurgeons thought fit) they were dismissed; receiving great profit for little pains. And by the Cardinals order, I was new Cloathed, and listed in the Roll of the Pages, that as one of them from the time forward I might attend

and wait upon his Lordship.

CHAP. XIX.

Guzman declareth the vices of Serving-men and Pages; relateth a pleasant Story of his stealing the Cardinal's Conferves; and how he was punished.

It is a Froverh in Spain, Que las bonras, quanto mas crecen mas hambre Ponen: The more longur a Man hath, the more be defireth. It is not fit to put an Ox to Fly, and an Eagle to Plow; to feed a Horse with Sand, a Falcon with Straw. Let Man betake himself to what he hath been educated: I was bred upamongst the Flesh-pots of Egypt; my Cen-

Center, was a good Victualling-house; my Circle, a Tavern; and my end, Vice; in that I took pleafure; and what was contrary to that, gave me no content.

Whilst I was Page to my Lord, I tell into a sin which of all others I should have sworn my self most innocent of: It was a liquorish sin, even the sin of

gluttony.

My Lord Cardinal had a great Cheft of white Pine, which stood in a withdrawing Chamber, fo regular, full of divers forts of Conserves: There were in it dry Suckets delicately candied, Fergam ta Pears, Genoa Cherries, Melons of Granada, Sevillian Citrons, Oranges and pome-Citrons of Placenca, Lemons of Murcia, Cucumbers of Valencia, Orejones of Aragon, Potata's of Malaga, and a thoufand different kind of Sweet-meats, which did difquiet my Spirit, and fuffered not my Soul to take rest. As often as he made any Collation, or did Eat any of these things, he gave me the Key, himself standing by while I took them out, never trusting me alone: his diffrust begot anger, and anger a defire of revenge. The Cheft was two yards and a half in length, one in breadth, and another in depth, firengthened with strong Plates at the Corners: The Lock flood in the midff, there being but one Key to open this fweet Paradife.

When it was my turn to wait, or any visits, or business at home, which might promise me security, I had certain Iron tools, which I had prepared on purpose, with which I did by degrees heave up the lid of the Chest, till I could thrust in a little wedge of wood; then did I put in a slick, forcing it towards the Lock: by which means (having a slender Hand, and a small Arm) I filled my Pockets of that which pleased me best: those that were rebellious and at too great distance for my reach, I brought

into

fharp point, the other crooked like a Hook, into the end of a Cane or Stick. And thus I became Lord and Master of this pleasant treasure, without the help of any Key.

This theft I carried so cunningly, that though I had stoln much, nothing was ever mist, till I took a Malacotone of Castile, the sairce that ever I saw

in all my Life.

My Lord having discovered this curiosity wanting, imagined it was done with a salse Key, or the like invention; yet it troubled him much that any in his House should presume to salsifie a Lock in that private Room which he reserved for his own use.

The Cardinal consults with his principal Servants how he might find the true Author of this Thest. The Steward advised my Lord to have all his Servants called together, and put into one Chamber, where we should be strictly examined, and our Lodging searched; for, said he, this proceeds not from any discreet Man, but from the liquorish Mouth of some of your Lordships Pages.

we were all lock'd up close like Birds in a Cage, and examined; but to no purpose: for we were found true Blades. And this storm was quickly

over-paft; but not my Lord's care.

I did refrain for a few days, till the business was almost forgotten. Nor durst I lay my Hand or cast an Eye towards it in three weeks. But those knavish tricks I had learned in my Youth, were so imprinted in me, that I could no longer forbear visiting my sweet Friends.

My Master was playing at Chess after Dinner with some other Cardinals, where I thought him secure enough, having but began the Game. I was unwilling to lose this fair opportunity; and coming

to the Cheft, I had no fooner ttust up my Doublet, tuckt up the Sleeve of my Shirt, and thrust in my Arm up to my Shoulder to fish for the Sweet-meats, but my Lord came into the Chamber to make Water; and finding none of his Pages there, takes the Urinal himself.

This unexpected accident did so amaze me, that striving to get my Arm out quickly, my Roller that kept the Lid open, sell down, the Chest presently shuts upon me, and my Arm like a Mouse in a Trap, is taken Prisoner between the Lock and the Lid,

where I was too fast to get out suddenly.

The noise of my Roller made my Lord ask who is there? And being I could not go to him, I could not avoid answering. He comes in finding me upon my Knees, stealing the Honey combs out of his Hive. He demanded what I did there. Being reduced to this necessity, I gave his Lordship a faithful account of the whole business. But when he saw how prettily I was taken, he laughed extreamly; and to compleat his Mirth, he called in the Company that were left in the next Room, to fee how the Bird hung by the Wing, and could not get loofe. When they had made themselves sufficiently merry with my misfortune, they all intreat my Lord to pardon this my first offence: But he was Deaf to all their entreaties, and fentenc'd me to be whipt. When they faw I could not be abfolved; there was a new confultation, touching the number of the stripes: On this they were as ferious, as if it had been some pontifical Act: At last, the number concluded on by this conclave of Cardinals, was a full dozen; and the care of this payment was committed to Sir Nicolas my Lords Secretary, my mortal Enemy; who prefently carried me to his Chamber, and laid them on with so good a will, that for ten days af ter fould not fit on my Breech: But in a short time

I returned his kindness to me with interest. The Gentleman was much troubled with Mosquito's. which did fo perfecute him that he could not fleep. At that time all Rome was full of them, that one House was not free. I promised him a certain remedy, which we used in Spain to destroy this Vermine, which was a good bundle of Petrofelinum steept in Wine-Vinegar, the smell of which would kill them. He believed me, and presently puts it in practice. But when he was gone to Bed, fuch a fwarm of thefe Mosquito's came about his Ears, and tormented him as bad, as if they had pulled out his Eyes with Pinfers, or held him by the Nose as Saint Dun fton did the Devil. The next Morning he was so disfigured, that looking in the Glass, he swore he would kill me. But my Lord feeing him to like a Leper, and that I for fear absented my felf, he was ready to burst with laughing, when he confessed I had put this left upon him.

My Lord commanded me to be called in, and demanded of me a reason of my presumption. I answered, your Lordship may be pleased to remember that you appointed him to give me a dozen lashes: his commission reacht no surther, but that he might not be taxed for a bad pay-master, gave me twenty blows, the last being more cruel than the first. He stung me, and I procured others to sting him: only (my Lord) the difference is, he prosecuted his Sute against me in Person, and I against him by my At-

torney.

This was past over as a Jest, and I heard no more of it; only for my former bold attempt, I was banished from his Lordships Chamber, and during his displeasure, I waited on the Chamberlain.

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Guzman is again received into the Cardinals
Service, and how neatly he stole from him
a Barrel of Conserves.

Two Months was I banished from my Lords Service; and that expired, I returned to my office; but with the same disposition, and little fear

of evil, as formerly.

The Cardinal was a great lover of most Suckets, and such liquid Conserves as are brought from the Ca aries in little Barges, or the Islands of the Tercera's; which Barrels being empty, were of no esteem. I had got one of these, containing half an Arreba, wherein I kept my Cards, Dice, Russ, Handkerchiefs, and other things besitting a poor Page.

My Lord (fitting at Dinner) commanded his Steward to buy of the Merchants three Barrels, of

those that were last transported.

I consulted which way I should make my self Master of one of them, I went to my Chamber, and
stuffed in as many old rags, dust, and gravel, as filled my Barrel top-sull, then clapt on the head and
hoops. When I had trimmed it up, I stood Sentinal, to watch an opportunity to effect my project.

About the Evening, two Mules came Laden with Conferves: they were prefently eased of their burthens; the Steward commanding the Pages to carry them into the Cardinals Lodgings. I took up one of the Barrels, and laid it on my Shoulder, as my Fellows did; but giving them leave to go up before me. When I was opposite to my own Chamber, I suddenly stept in, and there left the real, carrying

the

the counterfeit stuft with trash io my Lord's Lodging. When the last was come up, I stood very soberly in the Hall, where my Lord Cardinal was, who said to me, what think you of this fruit, Guzmanillo? You cannot put in your hand, here your wedges will do you no good. I replied, My Lord, where the wedges will do nothing, we must use our Nails: though my Arm cannot get in, my Hand may, which is enough for me. But said my Lord, as they are now, neither your Hand or Arm will prevail. I answered, my Lord, there is no pleasure in an easie purchase; the best tryal of good wits, is in matters of difficulty, and things of great importance.

I will once, said the Cardinal, try yours: if within eight days you can stead one of these from me,
you shall enjoy it freely, and one more which I will
give thee: but if you sail, you shall receive such
punishment as shall be agreed upon. I accept the
favour (said I) offered me by your Lordship; and
if by to morrow-noon I do not sinish this business, I
will resign my self into the Secretaries hands, to be
punished at his discretion; because I assure my self
he should gladly be revenged on me, for the Jest I
put upon him.

The next day at Dinner, my Lord faid, Guzmanillo, what will you give me to be freed of your bargain? Signior Nicolao hath Rods in Pifs for you.

When he had almost Dined, I took from the Cupboard a Silver Plate, and filled it with the Conserves I had stoln, and set them down before his Lordship. He blest himself, not knowing how this could be done; for he had the Barrels in his own custody, and kept the Key himself: he commanded the Chamberjain to go and count the Barrels, and see if any of them were opened. He returns and reports to my Lord that all was well conditioned, and not a Barrel missing. missing. Said my Lord, this is a poor shift; thou wouldst persuade me, this came out of the Barrels which thou hast bought with thy Money. And turning to his Secretary, he said, Domini Nicolao, I'assign Guzman over unto you, to punish him as

you think fit, because he hath loft his wager.

The Secretary made answer, may it please your Lordship to take the correction of him into your own hands; I will not come near him nor his shadow; I esteem him of that dangerous, both wit and nature, that he would the next time, convey a nest of Hornets in my Breeches, that should poyson or sting me to death. And therefore if your Lordship leave his punishment to my discretion, I treely absolve him, and am willing to embrace his friend-

thip.

I have not (faid I) offended in that degreee, to Rand in need of absolution; I'ask no favour at your hands. De que servem las palabras Donde ay obras? Wnat need g od words, where there are works? I have at this time in my Chamber a whole Barrel untoucht, except this little I have brought his Lordship. The Cardinal desirous to know the truth, look't upon all the barrels, on which he fet private marks, and found them faithful and true, the number full and just. Hereupon, he believed I had bought a barrel of the fame Conferves: but to clear that doubt, let that be brought hither which is in my Chamber, and this opened that stands there, and you shall find that I have changed them: And when the head of my barrel was taken out, the duft, gravel, and old rags, with which I had filled it, did manifest the truth.

They remained as men amazed, asking me, by what means I did this: but I refused to acquaint any with it; beleeching his Lordship to perform his promise with me; weih he did, adding another to that.

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that I had formerly stoln: And because they should know I had a Noble mind, I divided amongst my Fellow-Pages both my Barrels of Conserves.

My Lord was somewhat offended at the fineness of my Thest; yet did he wonder at my liberality, and conceived the better opinion of me for my free

disposition.

He was much afraid of my subtil tricks, and doubtless would then have put me away, but that he was so good and Holy a Man, considering with himself, if I should now cast off this young Lad, he would run speedily into great missortunes: It is better that he burt me in little, than through want offend others in much.

And when any Princes or great Lords came to vifit him, he would as occasion was offered report

this to them.

CHAP. XXL

Guzman relateth his other Theft of Conferves; and that for excessive Gaming, he was cashiered from the Cardinals Service.

Y Lord did very much defire my amendment, and used all means to reduce me to a virtuous course of life, seeding me at his own Table with his best Sweet-meats; telling me Guzmanillo, I give thee these to be at truce with thee, in token of peace and Amity; for I as well as my Secretary will hold no contention with thee: I acknowledge my self to be thy Vassal; bestowing this upon thee by way of Tribute.

There

There were brought from Genoa to my Lord, certain large Boxes of curious conferves, richly Gilded; but they were much damaged with Rain.

My Lord called me to him, and faid, it is my pleasure Guzman that you be careful of these Conferves, drying them every day in the Sun. Here is no evasion for you; for I expect them to be returned in weight and number, as I deliver them to you. I told him I was not my own Mafter, nor had I power over my felf: I am one of Ever Sons, and being put into fuch a Paradife of Conferves, the Serpent of the Flesh might tempt me to Eat of this forbidden Fruit. Well (faid my Lord) I will once more try how discreetly you will behave your felf. I allow thee to fill thy Belly once: Provided, that thou deliver them to me without any defect; and in case the contrary fhall appear, to make me fatisfaction in fuch punishment as I shall appoint. I accepted of this condition of the obligation; and they were all delivered into my Hands. The next day I laid them out in the Sun, and taking out the tacks, with which one of the Boxes was fastned beneath, I cut almost half the Conserves out of the Box, and filled it up. with Waste-paper so neatly, that no Man could discern it.

That night my Lord made a Collation. I brought four of the Boxes, and fetting them on the Table, a ked him if his Lordship liked them. He told me, if the rest were like these he should be contented. I shewed my Lord the remainder of them, which pleased him well, for they were much drier than before; and upon a Plate brought in all that I had stoln; for I had not tasted of them, but did this only to make oftentation of my wit. I divide (said I) with your Lordship part of my Thest. He replyed, I gave you liberty to fill your Belly, but not to silch, therefore now you have lost. I answered, I have

not

not as yet tafted of it; all that was floln out of the Box being whole and intire, as you may easily perceive.

Now Guzmanillo (said my Lord) I confess I have done you wrong: but I pray tell me from which of these Boxes was this taken forth. This is it my Lord, said I, and shewed him the way I did it.

He gave me the Box to dispose of wholly as I thought fit, and was much pleased with my subtilty. But fearful that I would imploy my wit to my

future ruine.

I was wholly given to Gaming, and fpent so much time therein, that I committed many faults; nor is it possible that a Gamester should perform those duties that belong to him, much less a Servant that is bound to attendance.

My Lord was grieved to the Soul, that neither admonitions, perfuafions, nor promifes, could re-

move me from this evil custom.

I still persisted in my Vice of Gaming; and having spent a day and night in play, I lost all my Money; and that gone, I played away my Cloaths, leaving my self nothing to cover my nakedness, but a poor thin Doublet, and a pair of linen Drawers.

This my evil-inclination did much afflict his Lordship. When he saw how diffolutely, without fear
or shame I proceeded in my lewd courses, he gave
order to have Cloaths made me, and I should be
discharged from his House and Service for some
certain days, to try if by that means I would see
my Error, and amend my life. Yet would not this
worthy Prelate suffer my allowance to be taken
from me, lest through necessity I might be driven
to put forth my Hand to any unlawful action.

So his Steward cloathed me, and then turned me out of Doors. I let the House with a full resolu-

tion never to return thither more.

About

About two Months after, I was requested by many of the Cardinals Servants to come again to his Lordship; deliveding to me the end why all this was done, and that there was no other defign in it, but for my good: thinking by this means, when I had champt upon the bit, and had known the loss of so Noble a Master, I would be reclaimed from my lewd courses. They also fignified to me, how lovingly his Lordship had spoken of me in my absence, and what a happy life I might live under his illustrious tuition. But all would not persuade me to return: I was obstinate and self-willed, and followed my own humour, which was the rule by which I directed all my actions. To all that was faid to me. I put on Orejas de Mercader, Mercants Ears: being deaf to all honest admonition, appealing from good advice, to my own wicked fuggestions, which were always ready to favour my Vices; besides I confess with forrow, that I was as well acquainted with all manner of Vice, as I was a stranger to all kind of Virtue.

CHAP. XXII.

Guzman being put out of the Cardinals house, placeth himself with the French Embassador; he Relateth two pleasant Stories, and conclude th the first of his life.

Being thus discharged, I wandred about the Streets of Rome at my own pleasure: and he-eause in my prosperity I purchased some Friends of my own prosession, I was by them sometimes invited to a Gollation; but it cost me dear: for that Measure that

that is made in evil company, though it give nourishment to the body, yet it filleth the Soul with ill humours. Nor did these good Morsels so well satisfie Hunger, as their evil counsel and lewd conversation did destroy. These also in a short time grew weary of me, and were so far from giving me any thing, that they could shamefully deny me without blushing.

I was now in extream want, that like the Prodigal Son I would willingly have returned home, and have been contented to be one of the meanest Servants in my Lords house: but to add to my missortune, he was then dead.

Beaten with the rod of affliction, I began to be humbled, and was fully resolved to reform my wick-

ed life.

I addresses my self to the French Ambassador, who admitted me into his Service, and used me well, taking great pleasure in the witty Messages I sometimes brought him from the Ladies and Gentlemen to whom he pretended affection. I was his Servant at large; for he settled me in no constant Office about him; and either he paid me himself, or else I would take it in his presence with some handsome jest. I was his chief Favourite, though it pleased some to

call me his Buffoon and Jefter.

When we had any Gueffs, (which we feldom wanted) we were very complemental with them: but if they were impudent, foolish, troublesom, or came unbidden, upon these we would put a thousand Jests; some we would make to sit all Dinner-time without Drink; to others we would give very little, and that in pinching Glasses: some had their Wine once warm, without any Snow; or when they were ready to eat the Meat, we would take away the Plate, and set some Salt-meats before them, ill-seasoned with a little Oyl that was none of the best.

There

There was an English-man that claimed Kindred of the Ambaffador; and it being a common cuftom with him to come dayly to our house, my Master grew weary of him: for (besides that he was nothing Related to him) he was neither of Noble Descent, nor indued with good Qualities; and above all, in his coverse, full or rediculous impertinencies. He came in one night when my Lord was newly fet to Supper, and began to lay open his Vanities, telling a thousand lyes one upon the neck of the other. The Embaffador was much offended at the liberty he took, and faid to me in Spanish, Would to God this Fool were gone: the Head-ach for three days, is the least Harm I can take by his perpetual Tongue. I understood my Lords meaning, and fet before him nothing but Salt-meats, that left a kind of fire upon his Tongue; wherewith being bitten, he called for his coolers, which he took almost faster than I could fill to him: the Glass was great, and his draught answerable. This powder took so well, that at last he was quite blown up. When I faw he had yielded himself Prisoner to his pots, and that he was ahove one and thirty, with one of my Garters I made a fliding knot upon the Instep of his Foot, and fastned is to the stool whereon he fate. When the Table was taken away, and that he offered to rife, and take his leave of my Lord, he fell at his length upon the floor: his Mouth, Teeth, and Nose bled extreamly; fo that when he was recovered the next day, for very fhame he never came within our Doors.

But there are some Fishes that bite, and carry the bait away with them, leaving the Hook empty, and the Angle deluded: and thus it befel me with a Spanish Soldier. This subtil Rogue came to the Ambassador when he was ready to sit down to Dinner, telling his Lordship that he was a Soldier, born

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in Cordova, and a principal Gentleman of that place, though now in want, and therefore befought his Honour, that he might tafte of his bounty. My Lord took out a little purse, wherein were fome, Crowns, and without opening it, he gave him both the Purse and the Gold, because he seemed to be the same he exprest himself: But not contented with this, he continued on his Relation, who he was, and the fervice he had done. The Ambaffador fate down to Dinner, and he drawing a Stool to him, without invitation doth the like. I was much moved with. this new come Guest for his insolent carriage. He entreated me to give him fome Wine: but I pretended I did not understand him. He beckoned me with his Hand: I came to him. He made a third fign: I look'd another way: and perceiving me to play the Knave with him, he would neither speak, nor beckon to me any more; but turning towards the Ambassador, said, I befeech your Lordship not to think it too much prefumption, that I have (though unbidden) fate down at your Honours Table, in regard of those many excuses which may somewhat plead in my favour.

First, the Quality of my Person, and the Nobleness of my House, may deserve any common or or-

dinary courtesie.

of any Prince's Table whatfoever, because I have purchased that Honour by my Sword and Profession.

And laftly, I may add the necessity that I am now in; which is common to all, and may befall any as

well as my felf.

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And therefore I conceive your Lordship holds it not necessary, that such Soldiers as my self, having any worth or good parts in them, should expect invitations to your Table.

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My Lord, I intreat you to command one of your Servants to give me fome Drink: For being a Spaniard, they do not understand me, though I have called often for it.

I brought him Drink, but in fo penurious a Glass, and mixed fo much Water with his Wine, that I left him in a manner as dry as before. We that were Pages had confpired together, not to look him in the face whilst he was eating, left he should speak again to us by figns to give him more Drink. But he was an old beaten Soldier, and knew well how to wife the Weapon of his Wit; and being too hard for us, he beat us from this ward: for when he had filled his Belly, and the last Course served in; if your Lordship (faid he) will give me leave, I will now go Drink; and fo rifing up, he went to the Cup-board, and taking from thence one of the biggeft Glasses, he poured forth as much Wine and Water as he pleased; and having quenched his thirst; putting off his Hat with much formality to his Lordship, he went out of the Room without Tpeaking one word. My Lord was ready to burft with laughing, to fee how he had put me from my Jest; and wondring at the boldness of this Fellow, he said to me, Guzmanillo, this Soldier favours Tomething of thee and thy Country, where all is carried with Bravado's and an impudent behaviour.

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The Second Part of the Life of GUZMAN de ALFARACHE.

CHAP. I.

Guzman leaves the French Ambassador; departs from Rome towards Siena, and is Robbed of all bis Wealth.

Wasmy Lord Ambassadors principal Favourite, and kept the Golden Key of his Secrets: but at last the Devil's Cloven-Foot appears. I was not long in his good esteem; for a worthy Gentleman, my Masters faithful Friend, and consequently my Enemy, taking him alone, let him know how much it imported his Honour and Reputation to free himself from me, in regard of the publick and open Language which I used of those things his Lordship had committed to my trust; and, that I had abused his considence, in suffering any one to screw and draw from me such secrets as I ought not to reveal.

My Lord resolved (upon this complaint) to put me away: yet in consideration of my good Service, he told me, if I had a desire to see France, I should have his Letters of recommendation to his Friends, in my favour; or if I did make choice of any other Journey, he would imploy all his Interest for my good. I kis'd his hands, and thank'd his Lordship for

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this undeferved kindness; telling him (if his Honour would permit me) I intended to travel through all Italy, and especially Florence, and from thence to Siena, where Pompeyo did then reside, one that was my special Friend, and well known to his Lordship.

No wisdom can with stand deceit. I was encountred with a man in an honest and fashionable habit, who gave me good counsel, had hazarded his life for my sake, and visited me (as I thought) without any respect of his own particular prost. He told me, that he was my Countrey-man, an Andaluzian, born in the City of Sevil, and of the Noble and Ancient Family of the Sayavedras. Who from a Gentleman of such Quality would have suspected such deceit? But all he told me were lyes: for he was of Valencia, and his name Antonio; he spake the Language of Castile excellent well. Nor was it possible to discern him to be other.

This Cony-catching Raskal used me with all Ceremonies and seigned Frindship, that he might have the freer access to my Lord's House, and my Chamber, to steal from thence whatsoever he could hand-

fomely carry.

He came to visit me, and finding I had altered my Habit, he startled like one amazed: He asked the reason of this sudden alteration. I told him, I approved of his advice, and was resolved to go to Siena, where I should meet with Pompeyo my entire Friend. He was very diligent in observing what I packt into my Trunks: he marked were I had laid a set of Gold buttons, a Chain, some other Jewels, and three hundred Spanish Pistolets. When I had locked and nailed up my Trunks, I laid the Keys upon my Beds head. Sayavedra's only desire was, to have a sit occasion to salssife them. As I was talking to him of my Journey, and that I proposed to send away my Trunks before, and stay six or seven days in

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In Rome to take leave of my Friends; one of my Lord's Servants told me, that in the Hall there were fome Gentlemen defired to speak with me. Because my Chamber was out of order, not swept, and unsit to receive a visit, I went down to them. In the interim, Sayavedra took the print of my Keys in some pieces of Wax-candle that lay in my Chamber, it he had not brought them in his pocket.

Those that sought for me, were certain Muleters or Carriers that came for my luggage; which I de-

livered them.

He came one Evening to my Chamber, where he fate not long, but feigned himself extream sick, a great pain in his Shoulders, a sudden dimness of his fight, desiring me to license him to depart to his own Lodging. I was grieved that my Chamber was not sitting to entertain him, and would have conducted him home; but he excused my civility, telling me, he Lodged in a Gentlewomans House that lived very secret and retired; but he promised if his sickness increased, he would acquaint me with it, that I might visit him; and taking his leave of me, he took Post and rode towards Siena, where he found his Companions that went with the Muleters to discover to whom the Trunks were consigned.

When he was come to Siena, the People seeing a Gentleman come in so good equipage by Post, supposed him to be a Spaniard of great Wealth. Being in the City, he alighted at the chiefest Inn, where presently his Companions (who reported they were his Servants) diligently waited upon him.

The same day he sent one of them to Pompeyo, to let him know he was arrived. When my Friend received this Message, he rejoyced; and finding Sayavedra at his Inn, who had put on my Person, he complained much that I should not come first to his House, professing it was at my command. This Saya-

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vedra exculed, and talked of his Journey, and some accidents at Rome till it was night; at which time Pempeyo returned home, leaving him to his rest.

Sayavedra gave (in his presence) the Key of one of the Trunks to his Servant, saying, Sirrah, go with Sennor Pompeyo, and take out such a Suit which you shall find in such a part, for that I will wear to morrow.

They departed together, and his Servant exactly performed what his Master commanded, uncording in Pempeyo's fight the same Trunk to which he was directed; and taking out the Suit of Cloaths, he makes all fast, and returns to the Inn.

That night P. mpeyo fent him a good Supper, a curious Collation of Sweet-meats, and admirable

rich Wine.

And the next Morning coming early, his Servants went up and fignified unto him, that Sennor Pompeyo attended him below. Fompeyo was very earnest with him to change his Lodging, and take his House for his Inn. Sayavedra alledged that his Servants were very lewd, that he would put them away within a few days, and then promised to accept of his courteous proffer, intreating him in the mean time to fend his Trunks by one of his own Servants, having no great confidence in his own.

Pompeyo thought he did therein very wifely and discreetly; and was no sooner come home, but sent one of his Servants with them, who saw them sately delivered to Sayavedra who presently with his adherents took Post for Florence, where they divided

the spoil.

The chief Contriver and Plotter of this Theft, was a Bolonian, named, Alexandro Penti-oglio, a great Doctor in this Art; and although he was well educated, vet by frequenting evil Company, he became an excellent Vagabond, and a notorious Rogue.

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This being the principal Man, forced Sayavedra to content himself with my worst Cloaths; and thinking he could not be there in safety, he went into the Pope's Country, where his Father was Alcade, so that he posted to Bologna, carrying with him the Gold-Buttons, Jewels and Pistolets: and the rest fled to Trent, as they afterwards confessed to me.

when Pompeyo returned, not finding my Statute at the Inn, nor any of his Fellows, he questioned my Host, who told him, that they went away with their Trunks the last night, but whether he knew not. He took this for an evil sign, and used extraordinary diligence in the search of them: and being informed they rode by the way of Florence, he sent Hue and Cry after them, with a Warrant for their apprehension. But leaving them on their

Journey, let me return to my felf.

Those few days that I stayed in Rome, pleafant and merry, not dreaming of any fuch Roguery intended against me. I had a great defire to fee my fick Friend, and staid four days waiting for him; and feeing he neither came nor fent to me, 1 made enquiry for him amongst some of his Countrymen; but it was to as much purpose, as if I had fought for a Man in the Moon. When I faw all my endeavours frustrated, I came to kiss the Hands of my Lord Ambassador, who grieved much for my departure; and taking a Chain of Go'd from off his Neck, he did me the honour to put it upon mine; telling me, Guzman I bestow this upon thee, that thou mayest when thou lookest thereon have me in thy remembrance. He gave me also good store of Crowns, which with my own flock, would defray my charges plentifully for a confiderable time. Having thus furnisht me, he laid this command upon me, that from time to time I should give him.

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an account of my health, and how all things fucceeded with me; assuring me, that none should rejoyce more in my prosperity than himself; telling me further, that when my travels were ended, I should be most welcome to his House. I kneeled on the ground to receive his Lordship's blessing. My Lord multiplied his favours upon me unto the last, giving me a good Horse, which in my travels never failed me.

I was now on my Journey towards my Friend Pomteyo; and arriving at Siena, I was directed to his House: he received me I cannot say whether more chearfully, or more heavily; fometimes shewing a joyful, fometimes a troubled countenance. He was inwardly very penfive, confidering the value of what I loft, as the bad account he should make of those goods I had configned to him. He would gladly have this misfortune from my knowledge; but it was impossible; for the next day I requested him to help me to my Trunks, that I might change my Cloaths, and like a Peacock proudly shew my bravery in the Streets of Siena. Hereupon he was inforced to relate the whole business to me, putting me in hope, that he had taken so good a course, and used so much diligence, that I should without doubt lose none of my goods they had thus fubtilly stoln from me.

I was much grieved at his report, but endeavouring to draw firength out of weakness, at last I became more calm, considering I could neither repair my losses or benefit my felf, by my continual vexation.

Three days I continued expecting to hear news from those that had the Thieves in chase. After my Friend and I had dined, as we were discoursing of my misfortune, an Officer with the Servants of the House came in, crying out, we have taken the principal Thief, and he hath confest the Thest:

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the rest were all dispersed, but this had promised to discover all.

Pompeyo went presently to the Judge of the Court, to intreat him to use his utmost diligence: But all this did me no good; for he neither denied nor confessed the Theft; but said, the others had committed it, that he was but their Servant, and had only bestowed upon him, one poor sute of Cloaths, which he fold and spent at Florence, and in his return to Siena. Upon this confession, and because it was his first offence, he was only sentenced to publick shame, and to remain a banished Man from the City for two years. It was no comfort to me, have ing loft all I had gotten in my four years service with the Embassador, to see a Thief ride upon an Ass, his hands bound, and his back whipt; nor will the repenting of the Cause, or his punishment, procure me wherewith to live. My Thief was freed, having as I told you confest the offenders, rounded the City upon an Afs, and fuffered open shame: leaving me in the most wretched Prison of poverty.

CHAP. II.

Guzman not finding his lost Goods, leaves Siena, and goes to Florence; he meets with Sayavedra, whom he takes into his Service.

As there is no misfortune that toucheth us for near, as to call to mind the happy estate wherein formerly we lived; so there is not any sorrow that equals that of being for saken by those Friends, whose love and friendship we did always desire to conserve. That little wealth I had, was stoln from me,

I continued a few days in my Friends House, howbeit he thought them too many, falling off by degrees from me, and unloofing those knots by which 108 The Life of Guzman Part II.

we were tied in friendship together; and that little courtesse he shewed me, was not real, but for fear by the Law I should feek to recover my lost Goods of him.

Wherefore, not to be further troublefome to him, I resolved to be gone; and after I had imparted my purpose to him, he intreated me with more kindness than formerly, that he might oblige me to hasten my Journey: he told me his forrow was much augmented by my departure; but he neither used intreaty,

nor the least civility to procure my ftay.

Rode towards Florence; by the way I met with Sayavedra, who had left Siena to comply with his banishment. I saluted him kindly, esteeming more his courtesses in Rome, than the great injury he had done me; he received me with tears, bowing himfelf to kifs my stirrup, humbly intreating my pardon for his error, and giving me thanks, that whilst he was in Prison, I did not accuse him; saying, that to make me satisfaction, he would be my Slave, and do me faithful Service during his life.

The next Morning we entred Florence, which indeed is worthily reputed one of the fairest Cities in the World I admired its beautiful Fabricks, stately Walls, and excellent Situation; the Streets were very spacious, and paved with goodly Marble; the Houses built with curious Stones, and neatly Polished. I could not imagine any City in the World equalled Rome in Architecture: but having viewed this, for its bigness it far surpasseth it; for the best buildings in Rome are ruined by the iron teeth of time, and are but the fragments and shadows of those that were so famous in sormer time.

Savavedra conducted me to the chief Church, Dei Zimborio, there called Capula; which for its workmanship, strength and curiosity, is justly

by

World.

From thence I went to the Annunciata, a Church To called, to fee the Images painted upon the Wall: which might more properly be termed Heaven, fo admirable is that Picture of the incarnation of the Son of God.

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Saravedra brought me to the outward Court belonging to the Palace, in the midst whereof, I saw a brave Prince, mounted on a beautiful Horse of brass, so curiously cut, and so well proportioned in every part, that they both feemed to have life and motion. I asked my Servant whose Statua this was. He told me it was the great Dukes, Cosmo de Medici, erect by his (the great Ferdinando his tleceased Son) to perpetuate his Memory."

Afterwards we vifited his Temple of Saint John Baptist; which glorious Fabrick was built in the Reign of Octavianus Augustus the Emperour and

confecrated to Mars.

In Florence there are forty one Parish-Churches, twenty two Monasteries of Fryars, forty seven Nunneries, four Colledges or Houses for those that are willing to retire from the World, twenty eight Hofpitals, and two called by the Name of Jefis; yet there is no Baptism used in any of these, but only in that of Saint John.

The great Duke hath a Palace in the City, called Il Palaggio de Piti, whose excellencies and curiofities, in Gardens, Fountains, Groves, Parks for Hunting, &c. Many justly compare with any other whatfoever in Europe. I would not omit to know the Circuit of this City, which contained in it so great wealth; and I found it to be about five Miles in compass: it hath ten great Gates, and fifty one Towers; the City is feated within the Walls, and hath no adjoyning Suburbs. Through the midst of it passeth the

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the Famous River Arnus, upon which stand four most stately Bridges paved with Stone, and very

strongly built.

Suitable to their splendid Fabricks, is their Government, Behaviour, and General Fashion: but most worthy of commendation is their Love and Kindness towards Strangers: so that justly is this City called Florencia, as being Flos Florum, and the most considerable Ornament of Italy.

CHAP. III.

Guzman goes to Bologna in pursuit of Alexandro, who hath stoln his Trunks; and going to Imprison the Thief, himself was secured.

IN Florence I did eat out the Horse which my Lord Ambassador bestowed on me at my departure: and that I might sell him the better, Sayavedra caused him to be new shod, and made money of the old ones, whereof we made one Breakfast.

of Town, I should never have gone from thence; but I had a wandring humour, and was a great lover of novelties. Notwithstanding it grieved me very much to leave Florence, yet did I not know wherefore I should stay, unless it were to spend that little Money I had remaining, and the Chain which my Lord gave me as a token of his love. I confess he was never out of my mind, whensoever I thought upon that hour, wherein ere long I must be forced to turn it into Money.

I believe I should have been an honest Man, if answerable to that glorious shew I made, I had a competent Revenue to enlarge my generous Dispostion: but I was in a manner blown up; the River

began

began to grow dry, and my store to fail me. For, Add nothing to the Heap, and that is quickly consumed. It would have disreputed me much, to go out of Town on foot, that came in well mounted.

Wherefore I refolved, before I discovered my wants, to advise with Sayavedra, which way I should steer my course. He counselled me to go to Bologna: for besides that we should see that famous University, I might be so fortunate to meet with Alexandro Bentivoglio, who stole most part of my Goods.

This was prefently put in execution; and having flying thoughts in my head, I put wings to my

Horse, and arrived at Bologna that night.

Sayavedra thought it not fit for him to appear, being greatly afraid to be seen of Alexandro; he advised me to enquire for him in the Town, and take particular notice of his Person. This I did with fmall trouble: for I was no fooner out of my Lodging, but I knew him by my Doublet of Cloath of Silver, a Jerkin dreft with Amber, and other rich perfumes, fet forth with Lace after the Sevillian fashion with eight Buttons of Gold, wrought upon Amber, to make it fit close to the Collar: all which a Gentleman of Naples presented to me, for a dispatch I procured for him, by folliciting his bufmefs with my Lord Ambaffador. My blood rose against him, and was tempted to ftab him; fo much did it yex me to fee those pledges of my Friends in another Man's possiession: but I held my hand, considering it, better to be Plantiff, then Defendant.

I returned home to my Lodging, acquainting Saya-redra with what I had feen; who faid, it was my best way to draw him to some reasonable composition; using a third person to treat with Alexandro's Father (who was a Doctor in that University) making him prive to the whole business: and that he would not ensorce me (considering my fair proceed-

law, being there was Evidentia facti, besides many other pregnant proofs, that those goods were mine. Accordingly I made choice of a discreet perfon, who promised secretly, and in sit language, to deliver this Message to him. But because Power is accompanied with Pride, and Pride continually attended with Tyranny; he was so far from an equitable composition, that he made no esteem of it, and took it to be only a definition of his honour. He seigned himself to be greatly wronged, though his Conscience told him, I was the injured party; and with advice to my Messenger not to mention it more to him upon pain of his displeasure.

Afterwards I took counsel of a famous Lawyer in that University, who exhibited a Bill against him.

All Bologna had taken notice of this Theft; for as foon as he came thither, he caused my Cloaths to be made fit for his Body.

My Attorney assured me, that Alexandro's wicked courses and known Villanies, would be a great Argument against him.

I presented my Bill to the Auditore del Terrone,

who is there the Judge in all Causes Criminal.

This Proceeding was presently noised over all the Town, and particular notice given to Alexandro's Father; who coming before the Judge, formed a Complaint against me, accusing me for my bold and inconsiderate rashness; desiring his just favour, that I might be severely punished for my presumption.

He was a potent Man in the City, and the Judge (I perceived) was willing to pleasure him. The Auditore prefixed me two days to bring in my Witnesses to prove my Accusation; but it was impossible to do it in so short a time.

My Counsel alledged, that he never till then knew the Plantist restrained of sufficient time to produce

produce his Evidences: and the Theft being committed in Siena, Pompeyo and myHost could not be here so soon; and therefore intreated his Honour to

allow me four days.

But the Judge, who leaned to my Adversary, would not grant it, although I had Justice on my fide. Such was my bad fortune, that my Witnesses not appearing, my Bill of complaint was thrown out of the Court, and that of the adverse party took place against me, declaring that I had framed an infamous Libel against his Son, by which his House and Honour was much defamed: alledging further, that being a quiet, honest, religious Gentleman, I did deserve exemplary punishment.

When I had heard this read, I faid to my felf, these Men may have good Purses, but (to my cost)

I am fure they have bad Consciences.

Afterwards going about my bufnefs, (as one confident in a good Caufe,) that my Suit might not fall for want of following, I was Arrested in the open Street, and carried away to Prison without any In-

fermation against me. on him ter

Because I was Poor, and wanted favour and Friends, therefore I was neither to be heard or believed: I would have answered their Objections, and given them satisfaction by writing; but my Proctor and Sollicitor came not to me, and my Advocate refused to plead for me; so that now I remained in the power of the publick Notary: my best comfort was, that, Mightymen shall be mightily punished, being odious to God for perverting of Justice.

I came out of Prison, which was the lively picture of Hell: and rejoyced in my liberty, as much as I was grieved, that so just and lawful a Request as mine, should have no better success; my Adversary overthrowing me, when I thought my self sure of the Victory.

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But in my poor Opinion, he is a Fool that may, and will not avoid Law-fuits; and in good Philosophy, Minus eft danmum unum sufferre, quam multos.

First, You must have your Alquazil, who is a common Catch-pole or Apprehender of Mens perfons, a Fellow that hath neither Soul nor Shame; and pretending that he is the King's Officer, crying. aloud wheresoever he comes, I am an Alquazil, and carry the King's Staff; both against God, the King, and all Law, he will put a thousand indignities upon you, on purpose to force you to make resistance to

Justice, and make the Offence Criminal.

I knew a certain Judge in Sevil, that condemned a Gentleman of good worth in Pana pecuniarum, to pay five hundred Ducats by way of Mulct for his Offence he had committed; out of which he awarded two hundred Ducats to be paid in the Royal Chamber of Sevil. And in case he were not able to pay the sum, he should serve in the Gallies ten years, and to Row at the Oar like a Slave without wages: his ten years expired, he was to be returned to the Prison of Sevil, and from thence to the Market-place to be hanged upon the common Gallows.

CHAP. IV.

Guzman being freed from Imprisonment, falls to Gaming, gets Money, and purposeth a Fourney to Milayne.

Found Sayavedra at my Lodging; who told me Sir, I fee how things are carried; I have been an eye-Witness of all that hath past: but what Remedy is to be had against the private interests of Judges, and the force and power of the potent? But that which grieves me most, is, that you will be offended

ed with me for being the instrument of your misery, and in particular, at this present, by my advice and counsel concerning the recovery of your goods: Sed bomo proponit, & Deus disponit: who would have thought that a business so tull of truth, should have succeeded no better?

Whilft we were thus talking, there enters two strangers into the Inn, that were challenged by a Gentleman of the City to play at Cards. To divert my melancholy thoughts, I fate down by them, and viewed one of their hands, for the space of two hours; in all which time, fortune was to equal, that they were in a manner all favers; and being called to Supper, they broke company, and promifed to meet an hourafter. I called Sayavedra aside, and told him, Occasion is offered me, either to get out of my troubles, or end my days in an Hospital; and feeing I have but small store of Money remaining to fustain us long, let us sup well, or go to bed with a Jar of Water; tell me thy Opinion, if I shall not do well after supper, (when the Company are met, and want a fourth Man to maintain the Combate) to come forth then as a Challenger into the Lifts, adventuring to break a Lance with the reft.

Sayavedra answered, I should ever find him ready to serve me upon all occasions; and that I might not come off with dishonour, he would range over all the Field, giving me advice of my Adversaries Forces, where his strength lay, and when I was to charge them home, as likewise where to retreat: so that he keeping a true account of their Cards, and my own ability at play considered, it was impossible I should lose. By this means I was in hope to convert some of their Money to my own use, saying secretly to my self, There is no evil which doth

not turn to our good.

We were disputing a good while, which signs would

would be best, whereby we might come to know all the others hands. At last we concluded to do it by the Buttons of his Jerkin, or the Joynts of his Fingers; and having made tryal three or four times,

we understood each other perfectly.

When they were entred, I walked with my Rosario in my hand, like a Hermit; hearing them enquire for a fourth-Man, to continue their game: one proposed a Friend of his, but the other being jealous he was a cheater, would not suffer him to be feit for. I came to them, saying, Gentlemen, if you do not play for great sums, but only to pass away the tedious night, I will adventure a game with you: they gladly accepted of my Motion.

When we were fet down, I called to Sayavedra, faying, go fetch me some Money; if you have any filver left, bring it quickly. He presently drew out a hundred Ryals, which I had given him before to have in readiness. He staid a while in my Chamber, till our play began to grow warm; and then calling him to snuff the Candle, I seemed angry, asking him if he had so much business in the Chamber, that he could not attend me. He said not one word, but hanging his head in his bosome, he gave me true knowledge how their game went. And although I understood him well enough, I would sometimes neglect his advice. And having won two or three games, I took pleasure to lose a little.

I did suffer them sometimes to draw my Money, but neither much nor often, lest they should leave off; and afterwards I would charge them home, till I saw them safe in the net, and their Money under

my fubjection.

And in a short space I gained one hundred Crowns; wherefore they were so ashamed, that the next day they challenged me at the same game. We met, and I was willing to let them win thirty Crowns

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of me, which they carried with them; for this loss was but a bait I laid for them, knowing, that this would flush them, and add new courage to them, to encounter with me once more.

The next Morning they came with their Purfes well armed with double Piffolets, which they threw down by Handfuls upon the Table, seeming to e-steem them no more than so many pieces of Copper, saying, you see what here is to be spent in your service.

I was about to tell them, that I did not doubt ere long, to see this fair Company of glittering Men at Arms march under my Colours.

We began to play, and I to weary them by degrees, till I saw an opportunity to strike all deads at once: then I let say a whole Volley of shot at them; and in a sew hours I saw my self Master of above sive hundred Crowns, which yielded themselves to my mercy. These out of my compassion nate nature I took into my protection.

The main battle being overthrown, the Captains were forced to forfake the Field, to rally new forces to encounter the day following, promising me to fend me a challenge, if I pleased to accept of it.

I was too lately acquainted with the good Justice in Sevil. Wherefore lest the Citizens should put a trick upon me, or the strangers being in want attempt to injure me for their Money, I told Sayavedra, that unknown to any Man, we would the next Morning take Horse and post away for Milain; and so we did, leaving them full of sorrow, but not one cross of Silver to bless themselves.

CHAP. V.

Sayavedra meets in Milain with a Friend of his that served a Merchant. Guzman lays a witty Plot to rob him.

Being come to Milain, we kept Vacation for three or four days, not daring as yet to adventure to play. I was loath to engage with Men of War, for Soldiers are fubtil Cametters, and above all, bear a most malicious mind against a Mans Money; neither will they ever play, without some great advantage. They would not permit me to use my tricks, yet must I give way to theirs. Besides of them I was sure to get but little, and in election to lose much.

Standing one day in the Market place, there came to Sayavedra a handsome young Youth, honestly well clad, well behaved, and as to outward appearance, a very fine Spaniard. They went from me a good distance, discoursing. I stood still, observing their proceedings; and that if they had gone towards my Lodging, I might have been there before them. I had a strong suspicion that they had plotted together to put a trick upon me; for suspicion is a worm which lies gnawing at the Heart; nor is it to be called a Vice, when it is settled upon a vicious Man. About Dinner-time the young Man took his leave, and went home.

Savavedra's filence increasing my jealousie; for he said nothing to me, till I asked him who that young Man was, that he discoursed so long with in the Morning: I suppose I have seen him in Rome; is not his name M ndoca? No Sir, said Sayavedra; he is called Aquilena, and is a Eagle that will slye at

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any thing, and is likewise a Member of the samous Fraternity of Thieves in this City; and that within two days after his arrival, that he might not be taken for a Vagabond, he had placed himself with a Merchant, whom he had served faithfully above a year, but now waited for an opportunity to play the Jade, and give him a good kick with his heels, as your Mules do when they are seven years old, at those that keep them.

This is that Sayavedra had told me, did neither fecure my suspicion, nor work an absolute unbelief in me. I knew him to be a subtile Fox, and durst not conside too much in him; For he that is twice tozened by one party, deserves to have the Assaddle clapt upon his Back: And he that is naturally given to Knav sh tricks, will but unwil-

lingly leave them. IT

By Sayavedra's persuasion I began to savour the business, and advised him to go and seek out his Companion with that secresse, that he should not be seen by any in the House. He did so: and being met, I asked divers Questions touching his Masters condition; what store of wealth he had, and in what Commodities it did most consist; what Moneys he had in present Cash, and under what Keys.

Sir, (answered he) about four Months since, my Master made me the Keeper of his Cash: all his Books are in my Hand; but his Moneys in his own. Touching his wealth, I can assure you, that the Commodities he hath now in his Ware-houses, which to Gentlemen and others that want Money, he selleth at excessive rates: (He hath great considence in my honesty, and therefore trusteth me with his Keys:) those Goods amount to above twenty thousand Ducats. He hath besides in his Cabinet which stands in his Shop, in Gold three thousand Crowns, which a Merchant in Town is to receive

for fix Months use. In two great Iron Chefts, he hath of several sorts of Coyn to my knowledge fifteen thousand Ducats. There is no Man that wisheth him good, nor any whom he doth not hurt: nor hath he one Friend in all the World. He is counted one of the Catter-pillars of the Commonwealth, and negotiates with none whom he doth not at one time or other deceive. I am confident, that whatsoever misery should happen to him, it would be with the consent of all Men.

He made so perfect relation of every particular, that had I been blind, I could have laid my Hand

upon his Moneys.

I asked him if there were any difficulty to take the print of his Keys. He told me that was eafily done; for he had them all tied to one little Chain, both those that opened the Magazine of his Mer-

chandize, and the Iron Cheffs.

I told him, if he gave me the impression in Wax, I would employ a Smith to make the Keys suitable to the pattern. This was presently done; and Aquiler a instructed us, which was for the Shop, the Cabinet, and the Iron Chests, that we might readily know how to use them, when we should put our enterprize into execution.

I told him, that the next Morning I would come, and Ipeak with his Master; and that every night we would meet, and consult upon our design.

I went to the Merchant's Shop, and in the prefence of his Servant Aquilera, faid, Sir, I am a Gentleman come to this Town, on purpose to buy some Rarities, which this City affordeth, as well for my own use, as to gratiste my Friends, because I am shortly to be married in my own Country. I have brought with me three thousand Ducats, and somewhat more, which are now at my Lodging. Money, you know, is a dangerous Commodity; and an Inn I esteem no secure place for so great a sum. And although they have given me a Key to my Chamber, yet am I asraid lest some inconvenience might happen unto me. I have been informed of your good disposition and honest dealing with all Men, and therefore intreat you to do me the savour to keep them for me some sew days, till I have brought such things as shall be necessary for my

Nuptials.

The Merchant was much pleased with my Proposal, and made large profiers of courtesse to me, desiring me to command either himself or his House, as I had occasion; and that he would carefully secure what Moneys I brought to him, and deliver it as often, and in what manner I should demand it of him. Upon these terms we parted. Coming to my Lodging, I sent Sayavedra to acquaint our Partner, that about eight days hence he should not fail to come to us, and bring with him his Masters Borrador, or Book of Remembrance, wherein he sets down what he is to receive and pay.

Sayavedra at his return found me very pensive: for I was indeed afraid lest Aquilera should be too Nimble for me, and make himself Master of

the prize.

My fervant to free me from all suspicion, told me I might be satisfied with that laudable custom which is amongst all Picar is, never to be salse one to another: and, that in a thousand years I should not be deceived of one Mite.

CHAP. VI.

Guzman departs from Barcelona to Sara-

Lying from the mischief that might follow me, I went out of *Barcelona*; forsaking the beaten Rode, I betook my self to unknown Paths. I talkt of vows that I had made, and invented a thousand other lyes, that I might deseat the spies of their purpose, nor find the pricking of the Hare that was now far from the Hounds.

The Mules were mine own, my Servant but newly come to me, and unacquainted with my tricks.

I staid not long in one place; and always changing my Cloaths, because I would not appear twice in one dress. In this manner I travelled till I came to Saragosa; rejoycing that I was arrived to that

Noble and famous City.

I walked the next day through that spacious Street which they call the Coffo, which was much graced by a fair young Widdow I viewed at a Window. I made more turns about her House, than a Horse dothina Mill; and although she did not seem offended with me, yet I thought fhe was weary of my foolish filence; and said to her self, what painted Ass is this? What piece without Powder? That hath made me wait so long, making proffers as though he would Shoot, and hath not as yet discharged his Musket. She went from the Window, leaving me to expect her return. At last finding my hopes deceived, I went to my Lodging, and in a careless manner I questioned with my Host concerning this Lady; who told me, she was very beautiful, well descended and very rich. I was not satisfied with this

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this; but called my Servant, to fetch me a Gallant Suit of Cloaths, that I had in my Trunk; and taking my Sword under my Arm, I walk'd into the City with a Heart fo well contented, that I would not have changed my present estate with any Prince in Christendom; thinking my self such a tall Fellow,

that no Man was able to withftand me.

At the corner of a Street I met with two Women: the one reasonably handsome, the other seemed to be her Servant. I stopt them in their way; and they stood still. I discoursed with one of them; and going to put my hands under her Mantle, the crafty Whore, without any fudden retreat, feigned to defend from that friendly violence. Whilft I was busying my Hands about her Face and Neck, she with hers was not idle; but putting them into my Pockets, took out all the Money, and what elfe was there: and in this heat of mine, I had no feeling of this ache. She had no fooner taken from me about one hundred Rials, but fhe faid, (Good Sir) let me intreat you to have patience, and expect me at the corner of this Street, from which you faw us come; and at my return I will conduct you to my House, where lodges only my felf and my Maid; where I affure you I will be at your service. Go (dear Sir) whither I have directed you, that you may not be feen in my Company; for though I am a married Woman, and of honourable Parents, yet you feem a Gentleman of that Nobleness, that I would willingly hazard both my person and reputation to content you.

I believed what she faid, and thought my felf as certain of her, as if I had her already in my Aams.

I stood up close in the corner, where I continued from eight at night, till the clock ftruck eleven. When I perceived it was fo late, I imagined she had some Gallant to her Servant, who would not let her

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depart this Night: nor could I so much blame her; for my self would have done the like, if once she

had been within my Doors.

The next night I went to the same place, where I found all quiet, no noise or sign to be heard at any Door in all the Street. I fetcht many turns, cough d, spit, made a noise with my feet; but all was in vain,

and to no purpose.

I went towards my Inn: by the way I espied at a Window a Bulk, that by the voice I knew to be a Woman; her Face I could not see, it was so dark. I began to talk youthfully, (or rather soolishly) to her. She told me I was mistaken; but she had a Kitchin-Maid, a Drudge, that scoured her Pots and Pans, to whom I might address my self (perhaps) with success.

In the midst of our discourse comes out one of Belzebub's Curs, that barked fo loud, that it was impossible for us to hear or understand each other. Seeking to remedy this, I faw by the Wall a little black thing, which I supposed to be a Stone: prefently I catch'd it up in my Hands; but it was not a Stone, nor any thing so hard; I quickly found that I had beforeared my Fingers; and striking it off, I flung my Hand fo strongly against the Wall, that I was much pained: and to eafe the tingling of my Nails, I put my Fingers to my Mouth; but I foon repented of what I had done; my often spitting would not mend the mistake: and feeling in my Pocket for my Handkerchief to help my felf, there was no fuch thing to be found. This made me mad to fee how my Mouth and Hands were enameled; and to encrease my vexation, the Sourvy Dog did fo perfecute me with his bawling, that the Gentlewoman was forced to withdraw her felf from the Window, and I to feek, out something to free me from this odious stink, I rubb'd my Teeth against the Wall,

Wall, and in a rage returned to my Inn, with an intention to return the next Night to that Street, to meet with the same Wench, that had thus abufed me.

CHAP. VII.

Guzman leaves Saragosa, and comes to Madrid, where he turns Merchant, Marries and becomes Bankrupt.

The Eing at my Lodging, I went to the Well, and pretending there to refresh my self (because my Servant should not be privy to this diffraceful accident) I caused him to draw me up two Buckets of Water; with the one I wash'd my Hands, and with the other my Mouth; having rubb'd off the Skin from both, and yet I was not fitisfied: I had fuch a conceit of this filthy odour, or rather ordure. Nor could I afterward fleep for thinking on that truth which my Doxy had told me, that in all my · life I should not meet with a more quick and nimble hand. At last I considered with my felt, that a lufty firong Mule could hardly bear the Silver. Gold, Pearls, precious Stones and Jewels, which I had stoln out of Genoa; and therefore why should I vex, for being cheated of fo small a trifle?

In the Morning I rose, and went to Mass, and visited the Image of our Lady Pilar, which is one of the most remarkable places for devotion in the

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Afterwards in the same Street, I saw the Widow washing her Hands in the Window. I placed my self at the corner of a Wall, looking on her with a wanton eye, and a smiling countenance.

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And whilst I was performing this my love-exercise, she did me the honour to stand still in the same place. Many Gentlemen past by, yet I thought none of them equal to me, either in the bravery of my Apparel or Person. All in me was in true Mood and Figure, in a sull and perfect Symmetry in respect of the whole Frame. This I thought was the reason why I was more respected by her than all the rest of her Servants.

Night approached, and she withdrew from the Window, courteously glancing her eyes towards me: and when I saw the Casement shut, I went home to my Lodging, considering with my self what course

were best for me to steer.

The next Morning when I was ready to go forth, my Host acquainted me, that there was in the City a great Uproar and Commotion, about the Murther of a Person of Honour in the Market place: and because I durst not adventure my self amongst that great confluence of people, for fear of being known, I refolved to depart the City; which I did that day. and came to Alcala de Henares, where I flaved eight days, it feemed to me one of the most pleasant places I had feen fince I left Italy: and, if the love of the Court had not clapt Wings to my Feet, I had continued there much longer: but because Madrid was the common Mother to us all; and a large field, where every man might range at pleafure; and those that lodge in one and the same house, scarce know each other; the thought of my fecurity drew me thither.

The face of the Court and Town was quite changed fince my departure. There was no Grocer to be heard of; nor any remembrance of such a Man. In those Fields where I left Trees, I found Houses; Children became Men; Young grown Old; and

the Old dead.

My Lodging pleased me so well, that in a whole Week I never went abroad, being chained at home, by the sweet conversation of my Hostes; who besides her Beauty, had a very acceptable and discreet

carriage.

Here I began to meditate upon my course of life; and resolved first upon Pride, being every day more gallant than other; and getting me a good Horse, and two Servants to attend me, I thought in this brave equipage with more ease to sell those Jewels I brought from Genoa.

My Hostels took notice of my ranting and prodigal expence; and having found out my disease.

the knew what remedy to apply.

Amongst those many she-friends of hers that came to visit me, one of them brought with her a young Wench of exquisite beauty and wit. To this did I address my felf: she answering me with disdain. But Gifts molifie Rocks; and with often presents I made her very flexible. I continued this friendship with her some few days: in all which time she was like an Alcamyst, to melt my Money, and extract quintessence from me.

She was always craving something of me, yet with that subtilty, as if she had been a Woman of much riper years: nor a Courtezan in the City that could surpass her in her Art. Nor do I wonder how, being so young, she could be so good a Proficient, considering how able a Tutoress she had of her Mother.

One day she entreated me, that I would buy her a Gown of Crimson Damask, which a Sale-man at the Puerta del Sol had to sell, trimmed with Gold-Lace, and richly imbroidered; the price one thousand Ryals. I was troubled at her demand, and the excessive liberty she assumed to her self, to dispose of my Money at her pleasure; and though I loved

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her dearly, yet would I not permit her to tap my Vessel, lest she should suck me dry, and not leave one drop in all my Hogshead I seemed angry at her Request, and she at my Denial. The Mother and Daughter were both displeased with me, and consulted with my Hostes. And thus the Wolf

and the Fox agreed against me.

When I was at Dinner, I perceived an Alquazil de Corte coming towards me; who, when he was within hearing, cried out aloud, Here shall Sampfon die, and all that are with him. My end (said I to my self) is now at Hand. I thrust the Table from me, and rose up in a great Passion. Then said the Alquazil to me, Pacifie your self, Sir, for we come not to apprehend you for a Thief. The Catch-pole had made good the Door; nor could I escape from the Window, it being so far from the Street, without apparent hazard of my Neck.

I recollected my felf, and boldly asked him his bufiness with me. He drew out a Warrant, by virtue whereof, the Alcades had commanded him to apprehend me upon the breach of a Law of theirs; For cracking of Maiden-heads, and destroying of Vir-

gins.

The Devil take thee for a wicked Woman, and me for a perfect Villain (said I) if this be not a

most false Acculation.

The Alquazil smiling upon me, said, I believe you, yet I cannot release you: therefore put on

your Cloke, and go with me to Prison.

I did fear this was but the Prologue to the Tragedy that would succeed; and but a pretence to cheat me of my Wealth: for my Trunks I thought would be as safe in the Streets as there; and whither to remove them I knew not. I took the Alquazil aside, and entreated him, that he would devise some means that they might not do me this injury; for that I was certain they intended to rob me, and nothing else.

He was an honest Man, which was to me no small fortune, (considering his calling) and knew my innocency, as one that was acquainted with the contrary Party's course of life.

I promised to be thankful to him, & that he should not repent the savour he shewed me in this Case.

He left his Servant to fecure me, whilft he went to find out my Adversaries, who were in my Hostefses Chamber. He prosered to end the disterence: and seeing them obstinate, he protested to swear the Truth, and discover their Rogueries if they would not accept of some reasonable satisfaction.

This made them refer the business wholly to him; who prefently compounded with them for two thousand Royals. The Mother affirming upon Oath, that I promised to pay for the Gown, and double the value of it in Money. The sum I paid, and went to the Registers Office, and cancelled the Bill.

And now although it was almost dark, I would not be persuaded to lodge one night in the House of this perjured Woman: for having paid the punishment of that sin, wherein I had not offended; and the price of that Meat whereof I had not tasted, I had provided me a House, put all things in

order, and with-drew thither.

And because that the Collar and Girdle which my Uncle sent me, were of that great value, that by report they might be discovered, I defaced and altered the fashion of them, that they might not be known; taking out the precious Stones and Pearls that were in them, with the point of my Knife: and I thought I did very wisely, lest by preserving them as they were, I should make work for the Hang-man. With these Stones I began to turn Jeweler, first informing my self of their true worth, and causing them to be set, some in Cucifixes, Rings, Pendants for the Ears; so that of the same

Gold and Stones, I made feveral pieces. Some I fold for ready Money; others I lent out at Weddings for good gains: some I raffled away at Dice. Stock increased; and I knew how to sell dear Rates upon trust, and to use my Money to the best profit.

There was to be fold near adjoyning to my House, a piece of Ground to build upon; part of this I bought; thinking it better to have a House of my own, than to be troubled with often removes of Houshold-stuff. I paid him his tull price in good Ryals, holding the same for ever: the Lord only receiving to himself, the yearly Rent of two Ryals,

Upon this I built a handsome House finely seated, both for pleasure and entertainment; which cost me three thousand Duckats. There did I live with that poor trading I had, like a Fucar; and might have ended my days like a Prince, if bad fortune, which found me out where-ever I was, had not pre-

vented me.

There dwelt near unto me such another Merchant as my self, a Jack of all Trades, who proposed his Daughter to me in Marriage. He was rich; she young, and a perfect Beauty: he promised me with her three thousand and five hundred Ducats; and because he seemed greatly to affect me, we quickly agreed; the things were sealed, and our Nuptials solemnized.

Some few days after being at my Father-in-Laws House at Dinner, he told me (Son) I am now grown old, and have in my life-time past through many troubles. Wherefore I will deliver thee my opinion, as one that is much interested in thy good.

First then consider, that if thou dost diminish one Farthing of thy Stock, it will soon be consumed: I shall be always ready to assist and hold you up by the chin that you may not sink, if it be in my power

to

to bear you up; but (as God forbid) your expectations should be deceived, take Physick in time, and by a provident fore-cast prevent all tuture sickness.

This was but the Introduction to his plot. Afterwards he brought in two Bills of Debt, and two Counter-Bills of Credit; and further faid, one of these Writings shall be to this effect, that you acknowledge your felf indebted to me the fum of four thousand Ducats; and for your security, I will make a counter-Bill, wherein I will confess a full fatisfaction and true payment of the faid Debt. The other writing shall be, that I will procure my Brother to fell unto you an Annual-rent that he hath of five hundred Ducats de Juro; and when this Bill of fale shall be made over unto you, you shall return the fame unto him again, giving him full power to difpose thereof as he pleaseth. And further by a writing under your Hand and Seal, you shall acknowledge, that this was but a pretence, and that really those five hundred Ducats, are, and were always his, and that you cannot lawfully pretend any interest in them.

Knowing my Father to be a most subtil and covetous Person, and one that had gotten all his wealth by these cheating tricks; I yielded my self to be disposed of as he pleased: For I thought this business could not possibly be any prejudice to me.

The foundation being thus laid, I continued very circumfpect; my word in all my dealings was like a

Clock, it struck true, and never went false.

I was not ignorant, that the credit of those that are great dealers in the World doth depend much upon oftentation, fair shews and flourishes. I made the World believe, that my House, my self and my Wise, dwelt in sulness and plenty, wanting nothing that was for Ornament or necessary use.

My Wife was extream prodigal, waiting my effate without

all

without reason, in accompanying of her Friends, Banquets, Feasts, and other Entertainments, besides her excessive Bravery in Apparel, Jewels, Dressing, and a thousand other Gallantries: this concurring with my small trading, in a short time I began to know my own weakness. My Father was only acquainted with my Books of Accompt, and knew what was due to me, and how much I was indebted to others.

And because all Men supposed, that those five hundred Ducats of yearly Revenue were my own, I could not want credit. With this prop, I hore the burthen of my debts, till my back was ready to break; and when I could no longer endure the weight, I suddenly sunk, like a building raised on a fandy soundation. I was now sensible of my Ruine; the very thoughts whereof did much perplex me.

I went to my Father-in-Law's House, to impart my grief to him. He advised me not to be discontented, for we had a remedy for this disease in our

own hands.

I followed him to the Escrivano de Provincia; The publick Notary of the Province; who was his very intimate Friend. We carried him to Santa Cruz, a Church adjoyning to the Market-place: there we made in fecret unto him, a private relation how the case stood with us. My Father promi-Ted him two hundred Crowns, to finish our Business. The Escrivano told us, it should be done, but first, Taid he, let this Bill of four thousand Ducats, which your Son owes you, be presented; and we will compound with the rest of his Creditors, for ten in the hundred, and perhaps for less. My Father presented his Bond. I was carried to Prison, and all my Goods seized upon. My Wife, to add Fuel to the Flame, brought forth the Indenture for her dowry. When my Creditors faw me clapt up, they came

all against me, presenting their Bills and Bonds before divers Notaries. But when our Bond was produced, they were forced to yield to that, being the most ancient Debt, and therefore ought to be first satisfied. And the Alcades seeing it was Res justificata, ordered my Father the first payment. My Creditors finding themselves lost this way, tried to imbark my five hundred Duckats of annual Rent, before specified: but the true owner my Wises Uncle appears, and detends his own right. At last, seeing the Debt desperate, they were willing to come to composition with me. I demanded ten years time; which some of them did willingly grant; provided I gave them good security for their payment according to my own proposition.

My Father stirred much in the business; and his being the greatest Debt, they were persuaded by his example: and so I came out of Prison, and enjoyed my Liberty; the Escrivano being well rewarded

by both parties.

After this storm, I had still a considerable sum of Money in my Hands, being deceived by that Credit which I had abroad in the World. This was suitable to all the rest of my Actions; for this was no better then Thest and plain Robbery: yet I still continued with the name of Merchant, and not of Thies (which indeed was most proper for me;) for never till now did I understand the mystery of this rogusth trick, which is doubtless no better, than to take a purse in the Kings High-way.

or Paic and Ronds to.

CHAP. VIII.

Guzman prosecutes the success of his Marriage till the decease of his Wife, at which time her dowry returned to her Father.

THere is more requisite in Marriage, than two

pair of Legs in one pair of Sheets.

My Wife was ill acquainted, and less exercised in misery. She had always lived with her Father, where want and necessity were strangers: she was now forced to work; to which being not accustomed, it was the more insusterable for her.

With that little which now remained, I began to buy at dear rates upon credit, and tell cheap for ready Money; Sicut erat in principio. My Fa-

ther bought the wares, and I flood engaged.

And notwithstanding the extremity to which we were reduced my Wifes Dowry was not diminished, but kept intire by the policy of her Father.

She that should have been my greatest comfort, proved my greatest affliction: I mean my Wise; persecuting me without cause, except for that she had made me poor by her ranting. Now was she come to that height, that contrary to all truth, she accused me for keeping a Wench, thinking by that means to find so much sayour as to sue out a Divorce, and procure a separation betwixt us; not wanting a Lawyer to advise thereunto; affirming that she might lawfully do it.

This grief, of all others, was the greatest unto me: for as Matrimony once contracted, cannot be dissolved; so when it is ill conjoyned, it is hard to be endured. I had now served six years in the Marriage-Galley; in which short time I endured (thanks to my good Wife for it) a great deal of misery. He is not to be reputed a bad Husband, who secureth his Wises Dowry, and hath rather encreased than diminished it.

The first four years we lived in great content and pleasure: But when the Cloath of Gold Kirtle, which was both richly Bordered and Imbroidered, was to be fold for Gold, and not a Thread so big as a Spider escaped the Melting-pot; when I saw the Water up as high as my Chin, and that I could not subsist, but must sink, my credit not exceeding to a Farthing-worth of Radishes; I found my self in a straight. And advising with my Father-in-Law, I was willing to take somewhat a more rigorous course with her: which grieved her so extreamly, that within a few days she died of a sharp and violent disease, without any signs of penitency, or desire of receiving the Sacrament.

I was very unfortunate, that having done penance fo long with her, and by her means wasted all my wealth, I had not any acquittance under her Hand, nor so much as a Child by her, whereby I might have recovered her Dowry; otherwise I had no great cause to complain: for the unhappiness of her Death, made my life happy; there being no burthen so heavy, as the unsupportable weight of a

troward Wife.

My Father-in-Law always loved me, as if I had been his natural Son, corresponding with me against his Daughter, my Wife. And when he saw his good admonitions would not reclaim her, he would by no means he perswaded to come within her Doors: but after her death he mourned for her. We buried this unhappy Woman, (for that must be her name) and did all what was requisite for her Soul.

About a Month after, he demanded the Money he had given me for my Wifes portion; which I returned 136 The Life of Guzman Part II. turned to him with Advantage. We levelled our Accompts, and remained in as good Friendship as formerly.

CHAP. IX.

Guzman being a Widower, goes to Alcala de Henares to study Divinity: He leaves all and Marries again.

Y Wifes prodigality was sufficient to turn me out of my Wealth and Credit; but to raise my self to that heighth wherein I was formerly, I had need of the like success I found at Milain, or such an Uncle and Kinsmen as those were in Genoa, or that another Sayavedra should come and live with me, by whom I might be restored to a better estate than formerly: I was that rolling Stone that never gathers Moss.

I considered with my self, what have I now in mo House to satisfie my Hunger? A Brick-bat is too hard to feed upon; nor can I rost one of my

Rafters.

I cannot devise any better or more secure remedy for me, than to enter into sacred Orders, and to become a Church-man, applying my self to study Divinity, and to hear the Lectures read in Alcala de Henares. Then will I take my Degree; and when I am qualified for the Pulpit, able to say Mass, and preach a Sermon, I shall be sure of somewhat to Eat: and in case this should fail, I will turn Friar, and so live a very safe and retired life: For a Dominus Vobiscum did never yet taste of hunger.

The time for the payment of my Debts was almost

expi-

expired; and I was certain if I did not provide for the Storm that was now coming, I might in a short time be utterly lost. I was not ignorant of my own evil inclination, and knew, that this came not cordially from me, The Money that I shall get for my House, will maintain me as a Scholar, though I spend yearly one hundred Ducats. I confess this was an ill consultation, and a worse resolution, that I should purpose to study Divinity more for the nourishment of my own Body, than for the feeding of others Souls: Wat need a lascivious wanton to be a Priest? Or, A continent Man to marry? The one is as unsit for the Church, as the other for a Wife.

I resolved to be a Clergy-man for no other Reafon, but to repair a broken fortune, to fill my Belly, and to be free from my Creditors. I sold my House for almost the price that it cost me. The Schools at Alcala where shortly to be opened; and the time approached for the reading of the Lectures. Wherefore I gave my Father-in-Law power to put out my money to use; and making me a Cloak and Sotana, and providing my self of Bedding and other necessaries sitting for a Students Chamber, I depart-

ed to Alcana de Henares.

When I came thither, I was doubtful whether it would me most profitable for me to take a Cham-

ber intirely to my felf, or be under pupillage.

I had learned already to keep and govern a House to please my own taste, and enjoy my own liberty. At last I resolved to take my Fortune amongst the rest of the Pupils, that dieted together in one House; although it did somewhat trouble me to submit to the tuition of a Master, who was to command in the Louse, to sit at the upper of the Table, to divide the Commons, and give to every Man his portion upon his Plate, with his silthy, and perhaps mangy Fingers, dirty Nails, long and crooked, as those

those of an Oftriche, distributing the Porridge, in

Lettice leaves, to make it reach the further.

I was constrained by the former reasons, to condescend to this manner of living. After I had studied the Arts and Metaphysicks, and observed those publick Lectures required of me, I took my Degree, and began to frequent the Divinity-Lectures; and when I was upon my last year, and ready to commence Batchelor of Divinity, my sins carried me one evening to Santa Maria del Val, where are certain Pilgrimages, and places of Devotion: whither we often go, not to give Alms to the poor, or any other pious intention; but quite contrary, we commit a thousand offences against God.

Hence rose the terrible Storm of my tempestuous life, the destruction of my wealth, and the over-

throw of my credit.

At my entrance into the Church, I saw a Company of Women, some of them extream beautiful. I went as my custome was, to the Font, where the Holy-water was. I dip'd in my right-hand; and that little Water I took out on the tops of my Fingers, I sprinkled on my Fore-head: But having my Eves and thoughts towards the fair Herd, not once offering to look on the Altar or the Sacrament; I put forth my Leg, and instead of blessing and croffing my self, I made a hundred love-signs.

When I faw them go out of the Church, I role

up and followed them.

They went through a Grove of Elder-Trees towards the River side; and in a pleasant Meadow they made the Grass their Cushions, and so sate down, taking out some junkets they had brought with them no Eat.

This good Company consisted of a Widow, a good honest Hostes, and her two Daughters fairer than Castor and Pollux, with some other of their Friends

and Acquaintance. These did but serve as soyls to set off the lustre and beauty of my Hostesses eldest Daughter, whose name was Grace.

I was generally well known in Alcala, having refided there above feven years; and was accounted one of the best Students in the University; and, which was a greater addition to my Credit, I was held to be very rich: Attributes that have power to persuade the hardest Hearts to love.

As they were beginning their Merender, I infinuated my felf into their Company; wherein I

could not be fo crafty, as they were fubtil.

When we had done eating, a Maid-fervant took out a Viol which she had brought under her Mantle; and Grace presenting the instrument to me, requested to hear me play, because they were disposed to dance; which they did excellently well: and my new Love so much exceeded them, that I was now more enslamed than before.

When they were weary, and fate down to rest themselves, I delivered the Viol into her hands from whom I received it, beseeching her to grace that instrument with a Song: which she did, without any nicety or covness; performing both so sweetly, that see seemed to have arrested Time; so rarely

did her Voice accord with the Viol.

To my Grief, the Sun had almost declined; and now we prepare to walk home, and I was so happy as to lead my Mistress by the Hand, seigning to walk more at ease. We let the rest of the Company pass before us.

This opportunity I had to impart my affection to

her.

I conducted her to her House; from whence her Mother would not suffer me to depart, till I had been in her private Chamber: There she feasted me with a Collation of Sweet-Meats.

After-

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Afterwards I took leave; and defiring that I might again enjoy the like favours from them, went to the

Colledge.

That night, my fleep was fhort, my thoughts confused, and my mind discontented; and my Tutor and Fellow-students soon took notice of this sudden alteration in me.

My Tutor told me, that he thought this the induction to some great ensuing sickness: nor was he therein deceived; for this was the disease that brought me to my death.

I had now left off hearing of Lectures, not defiring to hear any other, but what she read to me.

I was now in Love's strongest Prison, it being left to my Choice, whether I would Marry her or not.

Her Mother offered me her House, and the use of all that was in it. She was extream kind, and ready upon all occasions to serve me. Wharefore I lest all other means of advancing my self, esteeming this the best.

In my Youth I carried a basket; and now at riper years, my mansion was an Inn or common Victualling-house; and I wish to God that my troubles might here end.

CHAP. X.

He leaves the University, and carries his Wife with him to Madrid, from whence they were both banished.

I Leap'd from Batchelor of Divinity, into the degree of a Master of prophane Love and became a Licenciate.

In

In this my fecond Marriage, I took fo much content and pleasure, that I persuaded my self, that I should never fall from this felicity, but always con-

tinue the most happy man in the World.

But I would not confult with Understanding: I. put reason away from me, nor would believe Truth, that told me, it was her Beauty, and not Devotion, that I intended in this action; and that Marrying with a fair Woman, many cares must of necessity be offered to me, for fear she should prove common. For the present I lived very pleasantly; and, He that is not bless'd with mother-in-Law,

is ignorant what a bleffing he wants.

She used me as if I had been her own natural Son: and, as my Wife brought me but a fmall portion, fo did she take the less liberty of speech, and had the less cause to put me to unnecessary superfluous expenses, and to demand a thousand idle toys of me; but being Young and Flexible, I rul'd as I thought fit.

My Kindred esteemed themselves much honoured by my person, because they knew I was every way superiour unto them: for he that shall be linked in alliance with those that are of greater Rank and Quality than himself; shall never want Lords to ferve, Judges to fear, and Princes to whom he must pay perpetual tribute.

But my Mother-in-Law was tributary unto me, my Sifter-in-Law was my Slave, my Spoule did adore me, and all the House was subject to my commands.

In all my life I never was fo free and exempt from the cares and troubles of the World. I minded nothing but eating, drinking, and fleeping; not liable to any payment to the value of one Maravede, either for House-Rent, or to the King.

That which grieves us most in our temporal losses. is the remembrance that we did possess them: so that the more (in injoying them) is our happiness, the

more

more fensible in losing them is our misery.

My Father-in-Law being dead, his Creditors came upon my Mother with an Execution, by Virtue, whereof, they feized and carried away with them all that they found in the House. I was afraid, that accounting my self and my Wise as part of the Houshold-Goods, they would have taken us away likewise. They did little better: for by violence they thrust us out of doors, that we might not hinder them from disposing of the Goods.

The Creditors for their benefit, exposed the Inn to those that would give most yearly Rent for it. There is no man so great an enemy to thee, as be that is of thy own trade and profession.

In these men there is no envy wanting; they do repine at another man's prosperity; and seek to cut

each others Throat.

This Inn was formerly in very good credit; fo that they went out-vying one another, (every one striving to have it,) still out-bidding my Mother, who defired to Rent it of them, because she and her Daughters had been there bred up; which consideration made her ofter more than it was worth. In conclusion, we had possession again of the House; but so inhaunced in the Rent, (thanks to others malice) that we were scarce able to buy our selves Bread and Pilchards; for the Rent, like a Spunge, did suck up all our gains, whilst we were ready to perish for want of food.

I purposed to try what profit would acrue to me by my Learning, I applyed my self to the study of Physick; my encouragements arising from those good Grounds which I had from the Metaphysicks it being an usual saying with us, that, Ubi desinct Philosophus, ibi incipit Medicus; & ubi Medicus, ibi Theologus: Where the Philosoper ends, there the Physician begins; and where the Phy-

Jician,

fician, there the Divine. But being deceived in this also, I resolved not to sell my honour to Scholars, of whom nothing is to be gotten but half-pen-

ny-loaves and hat-bands.

The Crow could not be blacker than his Wings: Nor could my condition be much worfe than now it is; wherefore I made up all that little that I had into one Fardle, all which a man might have in a manner put into a Snail's Shell, for one little old wormeaten Cheft contained all the Houshold-stuff and wealth that I had: which being put into a Cart, my Wife and I fitting thereupon, we marched to Madrid; where, as foon as we arrived, her beauty mustred together a great number of Voluntiers, that offered their Service unto her, and were willing to hazard their lives and fortune for her fake. But he. who was most forward to accommodate us at that time was a Broker in the High-street, who brought us to a Friends House of his, where we were kindly entertained: and because we could not on a sudden make provision of such things as were needful for us, he fent us in good store of meat ready drest, by one that kept a Cook's shop: and in the evening came himself to visit us. After some Complements, I asked him, how much he had disburfed for us? But he told me, it was a trifle not worth naming; affuring me, that he was ready to ferve me in things of more value. At last with my imper unity he told me it came to eight Ryals which I prefently paid him; and throwing my Cloke on my Shoulders, I went into the City, leaving him to converse with my Wife.

At my return, I found a stately Supper provided for us; I was not inquisitive to know from whence it came, because my Hostest told me, that we were that night to be her Guests; as also the honest Broker: and from that Suppers acquaintance, we became very intimate Friends.

He would come to my Lodging, and often invited us to sup in his Garden of Pleasure; and sometimes he would carry us to see a Comedy, and there

bestow upon us a Collation.

Notwithstanding all this honest Broker's endeavours. I was not satisfied; for it was not necessary Food and Rayment that would content me. I coveted to live like a King, to be courted with extraordinary observance; and that they should buy with Gold the sweet Conversation they were to enjoy, and the liberty I gave them by going forth my self, that they might have the freer access.

I had now found out one that did far surpass him both in wealth and merit. I was much troubled, because I knew not how to let this Gentleman know my readiness to embrace his Friendship; although I was informed, that he desired nothing more, than

to be acquainted with my Wife.

I was unwilling to leave the Broker, for this uncertain Gentleman: For, Stale Bread is better than none. I was careful to avoid all difasters, especially that might happen in my own House: and to prevent all disorder, I resolved that these two should not tread in one path: Knowing by experience, that one Kingdom would not admit of two Heads: Not, two different Birds build in one Nest. Till at last, being certain that my Gallant was in the Net, I told the Broker, I would no longer pay Rent for Lodgings, being able to keep House. So the siege was raised; and I began to set up Shop wholly for my self.

With this I entred into a very strict league of

Friendship.

He invited me often to his House, and would when I was gone home, send me several curious Dishes of Meat; giving secret order to his Servants, to leave the Dishes with me, though they were all of Silver.

It pleased me very well, to see my Wife at her return from some amorous Gallant, to come home

laden with Gold and Jewels.

And it grieved me, when I walked the Streets in my Bravery, with a Jewel in my Hat, and Hat-band garnish'd with Stones of good Value, to hear my Neighbours say, Sennor Guzman hath in his Hat one Cornix doth out shine all the rest. But perhaps some of these did envy my good fortune, and like Goats, did not see their own Horns, though they

were visible to all the World besides.

The Goods in my House did dayly encrease like Froth by the Sea-side. I had both Winter and Summer-Hangings, pieces of Arras wrought in Eruxells, others of branched Damask, interwoven with Tensel; Beds of Damask, Canopies and Quilts of the same; Turky Carpets to tread upon; Pillows and Cushions for my Wives Estrado, when she was pleased to sit in State. Silver Dishes did run upon Wheels about my House. My Trunks would not contain my Wardrobe and rich Imbroideries of Cloath of Gold and Silks. My Cabinets were filled with Jewels and precious Stones. I never wanted Money to game; but triumphed in plenty.

A severe Minister of State was informed of our wicked courses: and after my examination, many Witnesses appearing against me, I and my Wise were both banished from *Madrid*, as the corrupters of youth, and publick protessers of Vice.

And now was the tenth year expired, wherein I was to give satisfaction to my Creditors. Wherefore I hired a Coach for our own Persons, and two Carts to carry our Goods and People; intending to go to Seril, because I thought those that came from Peru, sush with their Gold and Silver, would be more beneficial to us, than the Courtiers in Madrid.

CHAP. XI.

Guzman arrives at Sevil; his Wife goes away with a Captain of a a Galley into Italy; and he profesutes his former Trade of Stealing.

Ox: For my Wife was fearful the jogging of the Coach should make her a little Dogsick. Indeed one of these is a great piece of Ladies essence, and the proper passion of a Gentlewoman: Nor can they be more without them, than a Barber without a Gittern, or a Spanish Don without a

Tooth-picker.

I remembred my first departure from Sevil, and the Church of Saint Lazaro. I saw the Stone where-on I slept in the Church-Porch; the steps by which I passed to the Holy Chappel, where I so devoutly Prayed: and t ough I was at a distance from it, I thus saluted the Patron thereof: O glorious Saint, when I took my leave of thee, I went away with Tears, on Foct without Company, and a Child. Now I return to see thee, rich, attended, and a married Man.

I expected to have found all things as I left them; but they were so far from beingin flatu quo prius, that there was not any shadow or memorial thereof remaining: nor was I yet certain that this was the

Jame Sevil.

The next day I hired a House in the Barrios of Saint Bartholomew; paying my Rent before-hand; thither I carried all my Goods.

My Wife importuned me to give her leave to fee this famous City: and to humour her, I went to the

Gra-

Gradas, and procured her a Squire to attend and shew her the most remarkable places in the City. And although they were not fo numerous a company of Princes, Dukes, Marquesses, Condes, and other Titulado's in it, as in Madrid; yet was she well pleased with the situation thereof, and very willing to refide and continue here. With great diligence and trouble I found my Mother: I was very importunate to have her abide with me; but she would not a long time confent to it; faying That two white Kerchiefs in one Kitchin, did never yet make a good fire; and, The Daughter-in-Law, did seldom correspond with the Mother-in-Law. But in the end I prevailed with her, alledging, that I defired nothing more, than that she might live at reft in her old Age.

I saw in her the ruines of time, and how years consume all things: when I parted from her, she was young and beautiful; now I found her lean, tawny, toothless, her sace like an old Apple John, shrivelled, and full of wrinkles. This made me say to my Wife, thy Youth and Beauties are now perpetual; and if thou dost escape that deformity which age layeth upon thee, yet must thou submit to the power of Death, which disfigureth the

greatest perfections.

My Mother having advantage of many years experience, advised my Wise not to admit into her company the young Men of that street wherein she dwelt; but (like the Fox) go surther off for her prev, because of the infamy and dishonour that she should certainly merit thereby. Concerning the Court-Pages, Students in Law, and University-Scholars, she read the like Lecture; telling her, that they resembled Rooks and Crows, that would smell out slesh at great distance; but were good for nothing but to peck at it and be gone.

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She wished to shut the Doors against all Married Men; for she could not have a more implacable

Enemy, than a jealous Woman.

Beardless young Gallants, and Sattin-cheek'd Boys, fhe counselled her by no means to entertain; for these conceited, that their strong persumes and curled locks might deserve any favour from her.

My Wife became fick and weary of the Mother-in-Law, being somewhat restrained of her liberty, and not so absolute Mistress of her own will as sormerly. Wherefore cruel storms and tempelts did often arise betwixt them: and because I would not be their stickler, when I saw the *Dolphins* play above water, I constantly went abroad, to preserve my sence of hearing, which I might have lost, if I staid to hear the noise and thunderings they made.

My loving Spouse, because I did not take her part against my Mother began to hate me perfectly: and meeting with a Friend of hers, who was Captain of one of the Neapolitan Galleys, that lay in the Road, she exchanged my love for his, carrying away with her all my Goods, Silver, and Jewels into Italy.

I have often heard that he is either a Mad-man or a Fool, that will feek after his Wife when she is once gone from him. And, That a man should make a Golden Bridge for a flying Enemy, and Rejoyce at his departure: besides I considered, That I should be better alone, than evil Accombanied.

She left me extream poor; and having fold and fpent all my Houshold stuff, I was forced to begin

my old Trade.

At night I went into those streets, in which were divers turnings and cross-ways; and sometimes returned home laden with three or four Cloaks; and quickly altering the property of these, that I might not be discovered, I sold them for ready Money.

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My Mother was much discontented, that I should follow these wicked courses. Such, as she often told me, would bring me to the Gallows. Wherefore she and a young wench (with whom she lived formerly) agreed to become partners, and equally

to share all their gains.

Upon the Feast of San Augustine, I perceived a Gentleman coming out of his House with good store of Money loose in his left Pocket, on that side where his Rapier hung. I followed him, till coming into a place where there was a great press of People, thrusting and crowding one another, I gently lifted up his Hanger, and nimbly dived to the bottom of his Pocket, letting not one Ryal escape my Fingers. But the unquiet motion of those that were about me, hindered my Hand, being full, to carry it away neatly; by means whereof, some part thereof fell upon the Stone-Pavement of the Cloyfter. making a great noise: Wherefore I threw all down, and taking out my Handkerchief, I cryed to the People to fland back and make room, because in drawing out my Handkerchief, I had scattered all my Money. All very kindly did as I defired them; and the honeft Gentleman whom I had thus robbid, charitably stooped down to affift me, till I had all to the last Ryal. I gave him thanks for his pains; and post ing out of the birong, went home well contented.

CHAP. XII.

Guzman being preferred to a Gentlewomans fervice, robs her; is apprehended and condemned to the Galleys during life.

When I purposed to do any notable Villany, I put on a large Jesuitical Cloak, a G 3 broadbroad-verged Hat, a little Band, and a little pair of Breeches, together with all the gestures of outward Sanctity, Submission, Mortification and good Example; having the true turning up the White of my Eye, a sober Aspect, and a grave Utterance.

By my Hypocrifie, I infinuated my felf into the good opinion of a most Religious Friar, who placed me with a Gentlewoman whose Husband was in the *Indies*; where I was upon his commendation of me received into her fervice, and trusted with all her Wealth and Family; the honest Friar being surety for my sidelity.

She provided me a fair Lodging, and a delicate fost Bed, and all other necessaries that were fitting for me; using me in all things not as a Servant, but

as a Kinfman.

Maria, for the health and good fuccess of her Husband, I answered all her Demands, as if I had been an Oracle; and with so much Mortification, that I often caused her to weep. By this means I came to

rob her, and dishonour her House.

She had in her House a fair white Slave, with whom in a short time I was too samiliar. To all the rest of the Servants she seemed a Saint; but to me she shewed her self most lewd and dissolute, as if she had been educated in the publick stews; yet did she deport her self with so much wisdom and discretion, that none in the House could perceive any intimacy betwixt us. This Slave I promised to redeem, and Marry; which made her like a Spanniel, wait upon me diligently. She furnished me with so many Sweet-meats, that my Chamber was like a Consectioner's Shop; my Chest was never without Collations, curious Linnen, and some store of Crowns.

My Mistrels knew nothing concerning her own Estate

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Estate and Wealth; nor had any other Money but what she received of me. All her Rents in the City were in my power. I had likewise the command of all her Flocks in the Country, and did take and gather all the Fruits and profits thereof.

My defign being when I had a confiderable fum

in my Hands to depart.

I defired much to go to the Indies, and did but

want opportunity to imbark my felf.

But my Mistress had timely notice of her certain ruin by her Farmers and Tenants, who informed her they had paid in their Rents to me: The Shepherds, that I had fold her Flocks: The Baylist of her Vineyards, that I had conveyed all her Wines out of the Vaults and Cellars where they used to be kept: And because that of all this, I had not brought in to her one penny, either in Money or Account, she communicated the business to a Kinsman of hers, who promised to use his best interest to make me produce a better account of that part of her Estate, which was in my Hands.

The next Morning, as I lay in my Bed, an Alquazil came in, commanding me to put on my Cloaths, and go with him to Prison. I asked him at whose Suit he arrested me; his answer was, I should

know hereafter.

I went with him, very fad and pensive, supposing, that I was committed by Virtue of some Requisitoria, or Commission out of Italy; or that my Creditors in Castile had found me out, and all my late Thests in this City, were now upon record.

My Mother living so privately and retired, at several times I carried thither all that I had foln

from my Mistress.

When the Officers broke open my Cheft they found nothing, but a Bill of the last year, and a few old rags.

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She fent a Friend of hers to visit me in Prison, and compound the business; promising, that if I would return into her hands what I had purloyned, she would immediately set me at Liberty: but I was deaf to all her entreaties, though it were for my own benefit.

The honest Friar hearing of my misfortune, came to advise me, that if I were guilty of the Thest, I should take some speedy course to make satisfaction, that my Reputation might not be utterly lost. I stoutly denied all; affirming, that I was innocent; and, that they had suborned salse witnesses against me.

He was much interested in the business, being

Surety to my Mistress for my faithful service.

From me, he went to the Escrivano's Office to Abonar and defend my Cause, desiring him for Charity's sake to have an especial care of it, because he was persuaded I was a most upright and religious Man. The Escrivano laugh'd heartily at the Friars commendation of me; shewing him several Processes against me, containing a particular relation of all the Thests and cheating Tricks I had used. The Holy Man was assumed to sollicite my Cause any more; and afterwards became my mortal Enemy, because I had abused his Favours. He made a full relation hereof to the Tenient or Deputy-Lieutenant, who was so incensed against me, that he commanded the Jaylor to load me with Irons, and put me into the Dungeon.

It is the Disposition of Prisoners to cry out, that their Imprisonment is but for a trifle not worth mentioning, when they are committed for two or three Murthers, a Robbery upon the High-way, or

the like Capital Offence.

A Prison is a forced tryal of a man's patience, a dear bought experience, a confused Common-wealth,

a Valley of Tears, a short Hell, and a long Death; and though all of them be guilty, yet none of them will confess that he hath offended.

As foon as he is delivered into the custody of the Master-keeper, they give him that entertainment his purse deserveth, without any respect whether he

be Noble, or Base; Gentleman or Clown.

I was at first well used (for my Cause was not Criminal) and handsomely lodged. When I was but entred the Prison-doors, there presently flock'd about me twenty feveral Proctors, Attorneys, and Sollicitors, who lived by the fins of the People. Thefe fet down my Name, and the cause of my imprisonment: all them making it a matter of nothing, and an easie suit to end. One of them told me the Judge was his very good Friend, and favoured all the Cau-Tes he brought before him. Another faid, that he had a great interest in the publick Notary. A third, that within two hours he would procure me Rail. The fourth, that my Charge was a thing of no consideration; and, that for six Ryals he would instantly ingage to free me. One of these I elected to be my Sollicitor, giving him in his hand ten Royals; which he no fooner received, but vanished from me, and never appeared more to do me the least fervice for my Money.

Upon my fecond examination I was found guilty; and the Jaylor at my return called me up to clap Irons at my Legs: but I redeemed these with five

Ryals.

The wench with whom I was formerly very familiar, fent me dayly Money, Linnen, and what-

foever I writ for.

My Mother hearing upon what terms my Suit depended in Court, refolved to part with nothing I had brought to her; fending me a Letter which fignified that the was robb'd of all her own wealth, and likewife

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likewise that which I had left in her possession.

At the Grand Sessions I was sentenced by the Judge, to ride upon an Ass with my Face towards his Tail, round the City; to be stripped to the waste, and receive one hundred and sifty stripes; the Cryer proclaimed my Osence before me: and this done,

to remain in the King's Galleys fix years.

Although I was much grieved at the Judges severe sentence; yet was it some comfort to me, that my Friend Soto was condemned to the like punishment; and, that we should like loving Curs, be fastened together in one Chain. And now despairing of Redemption, I seigned my self sick for sisteen days, without coming either out of the Dungeon.

or my Bed.

In the mean space, I provided my self of Womens Apparel; and shaving my Beard, I clothed my self with it; and casting a Mantle over me, I past with this disguise, through the two Doors that belonged to the Galleries, without being discovered by either of the Porters; and descending to the Door that opened to the street, a Porter which had but one Eye (would to God the other had been out;) looking in my Face, knew me, and turned me up Stairs. I was presently searched, and found to have about me a Sword, Dagger, and two Pistols; which aggravated my Offence, and made my Accusation Criminal.

Report of this Adventure was made to the Judge; who fulminating a new Process against me, they contemned me to the Galleys during my life.

CHAP. XIII.

Guzman is taken out of the Prison of Sevil, and carried to the Port to be put into the Galleys; he relateth the success of his Journey.

He next day we were assembled together, and chained with four strong Chains to each other; every one of us receiving a testimonial of his Sentence: and being thus prepared, we were delivered into the custody of the Commissary, to be

conveyed by easie Journeys to the Sea-side.

In this equipage we went out of Sevil, to the great grief of our Parents, and other Relations, who accompanied us out of the Gates, tearing their Hair, and expressing a thousand signs of Sorrow. I was lest alone without any Friend; for my Mother came not to take her leave of me, and give me her blessing; which added much to the load of my misfortune.

Cabecas, we saw coming towards Sevil a poor Fellow driving a great Herd of young Pigs; and passing the word from one to another, we presently put our selves in the form of a half Moon, and so incompassed the Drove, that by force every one made free purchase of a fat Pig. The Clown entreated the Commissary to command us to restore them again: but he expected a part of the Prize, suffered us quietly to enjoy them; leaving the poor man to seek some other remedy for his Goods. At noon, when we came to our Inn, the Commissary called to us for his share of the Thest: And there was a great tumult amoness us, who should part with his Pig to the Commissary. I thought that in the carriage of this tusiness he might

justly blame me more than the rest, because my understanding did exceed theirs. Wherefore I said to him, (Sir) if it pleased you, seeing there is a strong guard over us, to command me to be unchained, I will dress for you my own Pig; for I have still remaining some reliques of a good Cook. He thankfully accepted of my civil offer, and caused my chain to be knockt off; setting a Guard of two

Soldiers over me, to prevent my escape.

At the same time, three Travellers came in to refresh themselves: The Commissary kindly saluting them, entreated them to Dine with him. One of them taking off his Port-Mantua from his Mule, brought it in; and sitting down with the rest, he placed it betwixt his Legs under the Table: he laid by him likewise his Alforias, wherein he had a Cheese and a Bottle of Wine, a Gammon of Bacon; but he seemed to be most careful of his Port-Mantua. I called to my Hostess for a Knise, which I hid in the sleeve of my Doublet; and putting a Jar of Water under the Table, and in it a Bottle of Wine, that the Commissary might have it fresh, and cool; As often as I stooped to fill him a Glass of Wine, by degrees

I unbuttoned the Port-Mantua: and finding a fair opportunity, I cut a great flash in it, and took out two small (but weighty) bundles, which I conveyed into my Galley-slops; buttoning the cover thereof

over the cut, that it could not be discerned.

After Dinner, the Travellers departed, and we were commanded to prepare to march: and before they brought me to my Chain, I went to my Friend Soto, and gave him my prize to secure for me. He received it with much joy; and killing his Pig, he thrust both the parcels into the belly of it, placing the intrails before the mouth of the wound that they might not be perceived.

When I was going to be made fast, I entreated the Commissary to do me the savour, that I might be filed next to Soto. He willingly granted my request, causing the other to be chained in my place.

As we went, I asked Soto how he had disposed of those bundles I delivered him. He seemed to look strangely upon me, as if he had never received any such things of me: which made me suppose that he was Drunk, and so did not at present remember them. I urged him to return them to me, telling him the place where I gave them to him. But he protested he knew not of what I spoke: asking me if I were mad to request that of him, which I never delivered.

I cannot express my own trouble, to be thus unhandsomely dealt with, by one, to whom I had done so many good offices. I never est a piece of Meat without his Company, and equally divided with him my Money in my Purse; and my intent was to give him share of this also: But that he should thus break the bonds of Friendship, and deny so impudently that ever I gave him any such things, did per-

plex me exceedingly.

He persevered still with many Oaths, Blaspemies and Curses, to affirm that he was innocent in what I charged him with; insomuch that the Commissary hearing him, corrected him with his Whip. He desired to know the cause of our contention. I acquainted him with the whole business; whose covetous nature I knew desired nothing more, than to post is what we sought for. He commanded Soto to give him that he received of me. He stoutly denies the receit of any such thing. The Guards searcht him; but find not the least mark or sign of them.

When the Commissary saw, that neither persuasions nor threatnings would move him to confess the truth, he commanded he should be put upon the

Rack.

Rack. Sotols Flesh was too delicate and tender, to endure so great torture; which made him presently acknowledge whither he had conveyed them. They took his Pig from him; and looking in the Belly thereof, found the two bundles, in both which was a Rosanio, or sett of Beads, of the purest Coral that ever I saw, each Bead having its Cap of Gold, and set out with curious enamelling.

These the Commissary put into his pocket, promising to give me what in reason I could demand

for them.

Soto was so inraged, that they were forced to separate us: and afterwards to put Iron Handcusts upon his Hands, because he was continually throw-

ing of Stones at me.

We came to the Galleys at the very time when they were calking and rigging, and making all ready to go to Sea. The Commissary received from the Kings Alquazil, a discharge for the delivery of so many Slaves. And afterwards went away, without taking any notice of me, or giving me that satisfation for my Beads, he promised before so many Witnesses.

We were guarded to the Galley by certain Mootish Slaves with Half-Pikes, tying our Hands with Leather-thongs they had for that purpose: Being on Board, we were commanded to retire to the Poop, till the Captain and Pilot did call us by our names, and place us in our several Banks. I was alotted to the second Bank, opposite to the Cookroom, and near to the Tilot's Cabbin. And Soto (thanks to my fins that brought this punishment upon me) was placed in the Patrone or Master's Bank, I wish he had been at a greater distance from me.

They installed me in my Seat, and put on the King's Robe; upon ma; two Shirts, two pair of Linner

Linnen Breeches, a coloured Waste-Coat, and a

red Cap.

I was scarce warm in my Seat, when a base under-Barber with his Razor, made my Head and Beard as bare as my Hand. This did somewhat trouble me, because I esteemed both as a great Ornament; sew Men in Spain having a better Head of Hair than mine.

I comforted my self with this consideration, that those who had lived far better than I, were sallen into far greater miseries. And although it be most certain that there is not any life so miserable as that of a Galley-slave, yet was it not halt so bad as that which I endured with my first Wise; and it was some content to me, that I was not alone in my afflictions, but had many Companions that suffered the like Torments.

A young Man that ferved the Alquazil, came and put Fetters upon my Feet, and Manacles on my Hands; chaining the rest of our Bank so fast, that it was impossible they should stir: they gave me my allowance, which was twenty six ounces of Bisket. It was the Caldron-day, for the boyling of Flesh; and being unprovided of a Wooden-Dish, I was cheated of my share of Beef; nor had I experience enough to soak my Bisket in the Breath; but eat it dry as all tresh-Men do at first, till time teach them the use of their Arms.

Our labour at present was not much; for whilst they were rigging and calking of the Galleys, we only served to row towards the Shore when we were commanded, and to provide Boughs to defend the

Tallow from the heat of the Sun.

And because I already sound, that I wanted an Angel to guard and attend me, I elected the Pilot to be my Protector; and the rather because the Captain had given him authority over us, discaining to trouble himself with the Slaves. The

The Pilot's Cabin adjoyning to my Bank, by that means in a fhort time by degrees, I fcrewed my felf into his favour. I made his Bed, brush'd his Cloaths, wash'd his Linnen, and was in every respect so diligent about him, that he presently ordered, to have me removed from my Bank, to wait upon his Person.

There did I learn to knit Stockings, to make Buttons both of Silk and Hair, as likewife false Dice, and Tooth-pickers, of fundry inventions and colours neatly gilded; wherein my felf excelled above all other Slaves.

We were enforced to go with our Galley to Cadiz, to furnish our selves with Masts, Yards, Sails, Pitch, Tar, Tallow, and other necessaries.

This was the first time that I proved the hard labour of a Galley-Slave: for when we Anchored. I was fo weary and drowzie, that I went to fleep be-

fore the Pilot my mafter.

Opportunity makes the Thief. When my Comrades perceived me to be so fast, two of them combined together to rob me of my Money, which I had ftrongly fowed to my Shirt. They did it with much facility; and doubtless I had never recovered it, if the Alcade had not been my Friend.

The next Morning whilft my Mafter was dreffing

himself, I related my misfortune to him.

Upon this information, he caused the Alquazil's Servant to give to every one of the fix adjoyning Binks fifty blows with a Rope's end, examining them if they had feen or heard of this stoln Money. After this punishment, to make their pains compleat, they were wash'd with Salt and Vinegar.

There was a Moor, who when his turn came to be beaten, confessed that he had feen his Companion the night before, go from his own Bank to mine; but wherefore he knew not. The accused

party

party pretended that he was intangled in that Chain which belonged to my Bank; and that he came thither to free himself.

But the Pilot being not fazisfied with this excuse. he himself gave him above two Hundred stripes

which the Hoop of a Hogshead.

At last he confessed, that he had stoln it, though it were not now in his possession; having given it to a Slave of another Bank to keep for him.

He was afterwards lash'd for his offence: and my Money was returned to me, which I gladly received

from my Mafter's Hand.

CHAP. XIV.

Guzman prosecutes that which, happened to him in the Galley; and by what means be purchased his freedom.

Gentleman in our Galley, who was the Captain's Kinsman, had lost eighteen Links of a great Gold Chain he wore about his Neck, which were worth fifty Crowns: nor was it ever known who had them, although all his own and the Captain's Servants were put to the lash.

To prevent the like misfortune, the Captain advised his Cousen to commit his Apparel and Jewels to the charge of some trusty Galley-slave; affuring him that whatfoever he should deliver to their custodies, they durst as well be hang'd as not to give

him a good account of it.

The Gentleman took his Counfel: And upon inquiry who was the fittest Man for his purpose, I was recommended to him for the most sufficient.

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He desired the Pilot to consent that I might be his Servant: which he could not deny, although he was

unwilling to part with me.

I was no sooner come into the Poop, but he requested the Captain, that I might walk about with one only Fetter upon my Leg; because he professed it grieved him to see a Man of my parts and abilities, like a Monkey thus tied to a Chain. His suit was granted: by which means I was enabled to serve him with more nimbleness and dispatch. I had an Inventory delivered unto me, of all his Apparel and Jewels, whereof I always gave him a very good account.

We were both of us jealous of his own Servants, who, because I had the charge of his Recamera, his Wardrope, and whatsoever appertained to him, might easily excuse themselves of such things as they should steal from me.

I was by this fervice in a frate of obliging, and making others beholding to me, performing many kindnesses to such slaves as were my Friends and

Acquaintance.

Soto envying my good fortune, difgraced me as much as was in his power; telling fome things truly of me, and inventing others: omitting nothing that might manifest his malice and my shame.

And although I knew him to be the knife that fought to cut my throat, yet was I never heard to exclaim against him for his dayly abusing me; but was wholly devoted to do my new Master saithful service; hoping by him or some other, in recompence of my diligence and sidelity, to enjoy my liberty.

Soto my old Companion was very intimate with my Master's Page, and promised him a pair of fine Stockings of his own knitting, if, as he waited at Table, he could handsomely steal some pieces of

Plate,

Plate, and hide it in my Pantry or Dispence, where I kept my Padrons regalos, and other necessary Provision; alledging that by this means himself and fellow-servants should again be received into savour.

The Page liked well this motion; and having that day a fair opportunity, he took up a Silver Plate; and lifting up a little board, hid it in one of the

fides of the Galley.

When the Cloath was taken away; going to gather up my Plates in a Basket, as my custom was, I missed one of them: and when I had searched every corner, and could not find it, I presently published my loss, that it might be the sooner recovered. My Master and the Captain did at first believe that some of his own Servants had done it, to disrepute me: but my two Enemies Soto and the Page reported, that abusing my Master's savour, I had stoln and conveyed it away, that others might be blamed.

Now were the Doors fet open for fufpicion, which by degrees I faw enter into my Master's breast.

He often urged me to confess the Truth, before he forced it from me by tortures. But I knowing my own innocency, could give him no other satis-

faction but good words.

This Traytor the Page, advised my Master, because I had not as yet gone out of the Poop, to search my Pantry; which he ordered to be done; and finding it where themselves had hid it, they came with great joy, proclaiming that my villany was apparent, and that none but my self could possible hide it in that place.

My Master having taken me in the negative, this confirmed his suspicion: and the Alquazil's Servant was commanded by the Captain, to give me fifty stripes. These my Master freed me from, begging my pardon, because it was my first offence; advising me withal, that if ever I committed the like Crime, I should be severely punished.

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After this, I was much discontented; knowing, that he that had done me this wrong, would doubt-less find occasion to do me a far greater injury.

I entreated the Captain and my Master, to acquit me of this imployment, and that I should be obliged to them to return me laden with Irons to my Bank. But they were the more earnest (that though against my will) I should serve and attend there all the days of my life.

One Evening when my Master came from the shore, (as my custom was) I went to take off his Cloke, Sword and Hat; and give him his Sea-Gown and Cap, which was of Green Damask; for these

I had always in readiness.

The fame night, I know not how, unless by the Devil's means, the Hat being fallen down from the place where it hung, I found it without the Band, which was very rich, and fet with large Gold Buttons.

I searched for it, with the greatest diligence in the World; but to no purpose: for the Hat-band

would not appear.

When I acquainted my Master with it; Ab! (said he) with a frowning Countenance, Now I know thee to be a Thies: I know thy design, and that thou seekest new occasions to desert my service: thou shalt have dayly a thousand bastinado's about thy Shoulders; nor shalt thou serve any other Master in the Galley but my self.

I replied not one word, nor had I power to speak; so great was my grief to be charged with a Crime whereof I was innocent. And if to justifie my felf I had spoke Gospel to them, they would not have no more believed me, then Mahomet the

Prophet of the Turks.

When by no means the Hat-band could be found, the Captain commanded the Alguazil to beat it out Theft.

I suffered with admirable patience above three hundred stripes, which made the Blood gutter down from my Back and Shoulders; it seeming to my Marster, that my cruelty in permitting my self to be thus whipp'd, was greater than his, in commanding it to be done; yet at last moved with compassion, he caused me to be carried away. Then did they chase my Body with Salt and Wine-vinegar; which was greater torment than the other.

Some few days after, my Master asked, if I would restore the Hat-band: and because I could not produce it, his Servants haled me out of the Dispensilla, resolving to beat me to Death, rather than suffer me to enjoy what I had stoln. Then did I know what it was to be a Galley-slave; and that

not my felf, but my fervice was respected.

I apprehended my greatest misery was not the pain which I endured, nor the fasse evidence that was given against me; but because all Men did verily believe, that I justly deserved this punishment, and therefore did not commiserate my condition.

They fastned Corps to my Wrists, and drew me up with a Pulley, where I hung in the Air; which was a terrible torment to me. At last they let me down, not to release me, but to lay me on my Back cross, the Canon which was in the fore-castle; beating me so cruelly on the Belly, that I wanted but little of death.

But the Captain fearing he should be accountable for me to the King, if I should dye with his extraordinary punishment, commanded to have me car-

ried to my former Lodging, to be cured.

By this means I was efteemed such a notable Rogue, that I would rather suffer all the rigour of their whipping, than lose the interest of this my supposed Thest.

They

Part II.

They told the Boat-swain he should never pardon me when I did offend; but punish me in those sins that were venial, as if they had been mortal: And he (who durst not do otherwise) did chastise me with unaccustomed blows; sometimes because I did not go to sleep at due hours; or if to supply my wants, I sold my allowance of Meat or Bread to

others. I was fure to be lash'd for it.

My Bank was nearest the Poop, and therefore the most painful, as being subject to the inclemency of the weather in Summer and Winter. To my custody were committed all the Iron implements: I was to Spin the Hemp, whereof the smaller cordage were made for the Galley; to sweep and make clean the Decks, and to be common Swabber; and of old ends of Rags, Flax, Tow or Ockame, to make wads or wispes for all that came to the Longhouse: and this was the utmost of all miseries, as being the meanest and basest office in the Galley.

Soto my Comerade came to the Galleys to preach Repentance to the Moors. It was his fins that brought him thither; for he had been the greatest and most remarkable Thief of his time, either in all Italy or Spain. Being informed that our Galleys were to range along the Coast of Barbary, he intended with the affiftance of some Moors and other Slaves that were of his faction, to revolt and carry the Galley, either to Algier, Tunis or Tripoli; for which purpose he and they were already provided of some Weapons under their Banks, But because the Cordage, Cables and Sails, were wholly committed to my charge, he was forced to acquaint me with the defign; fupposing that his thusiness would be more welcome to me than any Man, because I was condemned to be a Galley-flave during my life. Soto defired to confer with me himfelf; but wanting an opportunity, he fent a trufty Messenger to me, defiring

firing my reconciliation and favour, and thar I would joyn with him to procure our freedom from this cruel flavery wherein we lived. I returned this answer to the Moor, that it being a very weighty business, and of great hazard and danger, I defired some time to consider of it.

The excution of this, was deferred till Saint John

Baptift's day in the Morning.

The day before the appointed time, I requested a Soldier of his acquaintance, to tell the Captain. that I had a business that concerned his Majesty's fervice, and my own life and honour. The Captain commanded me to be brought before him: where n his prefence, and the rest of the Officers, I reyealed the conspiracy. They were amazed at my elation, and bleft themselves; thinking that I had invented this, to procure some Mercede or favour fron the Captain, and that I might be freed from t of my great labour. But when I told them

here he should find their Weapons, and by what leans they were brought thither, he gave thanks o God, who had delivered him from fuch eminent

anger.

dered a Gentleman, who was Captain of a gron, to make diligent fearch about those Banks were fuspicious; where according to my infor-

on they were found.

refently there was a Process thundered forth aift all the Offenders: and because the day foling was a great Festival, and very solemnly obved amongst us, their punishment was put off ill the day following: and the Captain bidding one if the Sea-men make shew of the Flags and Streamrs; A neft of Rats was found in the Cheft, and agft other things my Mafter's Gold Hat-band.

Solo defired to make confession of his fins behis leath, to one of the Fryars we had on board. 168 The Life of Guzman, &c. Part II.

He begged my pardon and forgiveness, for the false. Witnesses he had suborned against me, about the Plate and the Hat-band, saying that his purpose was, when they had been masters of the Galley, to have stabbed me: so great was his malice against me, that nothing but my death could satisfie him.

He and two of his Companions, that were the head and chief of the conspiracy, were condemned to be drawn in pieces with four Galleys; and seven of the other were hanged: which sentence was executed: and all that were found guilty, were condemned to the Galleys for term of life, being first publickly whipp'd on board the several Galleys. The Moors had most of them their Noses and Ears cost, that by their mark they might be known to be Rogues upon Record.

This exemplary justice being past upon the Conspirators, the Captain sent for me, extolling my good nature, innocency and loyalty; desiring me forget his former ill usage, he commanded m Irons to be taken off, and gave me leave to walk a my pleasure about the Galley, till the King's Royal Schedula should be procured for my absolute discharge; which no sooner arrived, but I

at liberty.

FINIS.

o In Marior Magaza A was a say

Misolanda and made 1950

